CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

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#### REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors ("the Board" or "the Directors") hereby submits their report together with the consolidated interim financial statements of ACLEDA Bank Plc. ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") and the separate interim financial statements of the Bank as at and for the periods ended 30 June 2024 (hereafter collectively referred to as "the interim financial statements").

#### THE GROUP AND THE BANK

Prior to 1 December 2003, the Bank was a public limited company formed under the laws of the Kingdom of Cambodia to operate as a specialised bank with its Head Office located in Phnom Penh and 14 branches in the Kingdom of Cambodia. On 1 December 2003, the National Bank of Cambodia ("NBC") issued a license for the Bank to become a private commercial bank for a period of three years commencing 1 December 2003. The Bank's license was renewed for an indefinite period on 28 November 2006. The registered office of the Bank is located at No. 61, Preah Monivong Boulevard, Sangkat Srah Chork, Khan Daun Penh, Phnom Penh, Kingdom of Cambodia. The Bank may open additional offices in Cambodia and in other countries, and may change the location of its main registered office upon registering the change with the Ministry of Commerce ("MOC") and receiving approval from the NBC.

On 25 May 2020, the Bank was successfully listed in the Cambodia Securities Exchange ("CSX"). The number of new issued shares were 4,344,865 shares with a par value of KHR4,000 (US\$0.98) per share, at an offering price of KHR16,200 (US\$3.97) per share. The Bank received the proceeds from the initial public offering ("IPO") amounting to US\$17,082,105 and incurred IPO costs of US\$1,031,025, resulting in share premium of US\$11,706,215 (KHR48,235,459 thousand).

On 23 November 2020, the shareholders approved the amendment to the Memorandum and Articles of Association ("MAA") relating to the capital increase from the IPO. On 18 February 2021, the Bank submitted a letter to the NBC requesting for its approval on the capital increase, which was approved on 29 March 2021. Accordingly, the Bank's amended MAA was approved by the MOC on 12 May 2021.

The Bank and its subsidiaries, ACLEDA Bank Lao Ltd. ("ABL") and ACLEDA MFI Myanmar Co., Ltd. ("AMM"), are all in the financial industry sector and have operations across 264 offices covering all provinces and cities in the Kingdom of Cambodia, 37 offices in the Lao People's Democratic Republic ("PDR"), and 17 offices in the Republic of the Union of Myanmar. The Bank's other subsidiaries, ACLEDA Securities Plc. ("ACS") is in the securities sector and ACLEDA University of Business Co., Ltd. ("AUB") is in the education sector.

On 21 November 2022, the NBC approved the Bank's request for the issuance of green bonds to qualified investors in the amount of KHR400 Billion (equivalent to US\$100 Million) on the CSX.

On 7 December 2022, the Securities and Exchange Regulator of Cambodia ("SERC") approved the Bank's request for its nominated Cash Settlement Agent, Registrar Agent, and Transfer Agent, and ACS as the Bond Agent when the Bank issues the green bonds in the CSX.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Bank operates under the regulations of the NBC with special focus on providing lending and other financial services to the citizenry and small and medium-sized enterprises and to engage in all other activities, which the Directors believe support these objectives.

ABL is 99.90% owned by the Bank and its principal business is providing banking and related financial services in Lao PDR.

ACS is wholly-owned by the Bank and its principal business is providing securities brokerage and other services approved by Securities and Exchange Commission of Cambodia ("SECC") (currently, the SERC).

AUB is 76.609% owned by the Bank. AUB provides training and education for Associate's degree, Bachelor's degree, and Master's degree in Business Administration, Major in Banking and Finance.

AMM is wholly-owned by the Bank and is permitted to operate as a deposit-taking microfinance institution providing microfinance services to lower income segments of the Myanmar market and other activities allowed by the Microfinance Supervisory Authority in Myanmar.

#### INTERIM FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The audited interim financial performance of the Group and the Bank for the periods ended 30 June 2024 are set out in the consolidated interim statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and separate interim statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 12 – 13 and 18, respectively.

#### SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

Share capital and share premium are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new share capital are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax.

#### **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

There were no material movements to or from reserves and provisions during the periods other than those disclosed in the interim financial statements.

#### BAD AND DOUBTFUL LOANS

Before the interim financial statements of the Group and the Bank were drawn up, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that action had been taken in relation to the write-off of bad loans and advances or in making provisions for doubtful loans and advances, and satisfied themselves that all known bad loans and advances had been written off and that adequate provisions have been made for bad and doubtful loans and advances.

At the date of this report and based on the best of knowledge, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render the amount written off for bad loans and advances or the amount of the provisions for bad and doubtful loans and advances in the interim financial statements of the Group and the Bank inadequate to any material extent.

#### **ASSETS**

Before the interim financial statements of the Group and the Bank were drawn up, the Directors took reasonable steps to ensure that any assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business at their values as shown in the accounting records of the Group and the Bank have been written down to an amount which they might be expected to realise.

At the date of this report and based on the best of knowledge, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render the values attributed to the assets in the interim financial statements of the Group and the Bank misleading in any material respect.

# **CONTINGENT AND OTHER LIABILITIES**

At the date of this report, there is:

- (a) no charge on the assets of the Group and the Bank which has arisen since the end of the financial period which secures the liabilities of any other person, and
- (b) no contingent liability in respect of the Group and the Bank that has arisen since the end of the financial period other than in the ordinary course of banking business.

No contingent or other liability of the Group and the Bank has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial period which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may have a material effect on the ability of the Group or the Bank to meet its obligations as and when they become due.

#### CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances, not otherwise dealt with in this report or the interim financial statements of the Group and the Bank, which would render any amount stated in the interim financial statements misleading in any material respect.

#### ITEMS OF AN UNUSUAL NATURE

The results of the operations of the Group and the Bank for the financial period were not, in the opinion of the Directors, materially affected by any items, transactions or events of a material and unusual nature.

There has not arisen, in the interval between the end of the financial period and the date of this report, any items, transactions or events of a material and unusual nature that are likely, in the opinion of the Directors, to substantially affect the results of the operations of the Group and the Bank for the financial period in which this report is made.

#### THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The members of the Board of Directors during the period and as at the date of this report are:

Mr. Chhay Soeun
Dr. In Channy
Mr. Kyosuke Hattori
Dr. Albertus Bruggink
Mr. Stéphane Mangiavacca

Chairman (Non-executive Director)
Member (Executive Director)
Member (Non-executive Director)
Member (Non-executive Director)

Mr. Kay Lot Member (Independent Director) (Effective on 7 May 2024,

previously served as Non-executive Director)

Drs. Pieter Kooi
Dr. Heng Dyna
Member (Independent Director)
Member (Independent Director)
Member (Independent Director)
Member (Independent Director)

## THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE (continued)

The members of the Executive Committee during the period and at the date of this report are:

Dr. In Channy President & Group Managing Director

Mrs. Mar Amara Senior EVP & Group Chief Financial Officer and Group Chief

**Operations Officer** 

EVP & Group Chief Administrative Officer Mr. Lv Thav

Mrs. Buth Bunseyha Senior EVP & Group Chief Legal Officer and Corporate

Secretary

EVP & Group Chief Information Officer Mr. Mach Theary

Dr. Loeung Sopheap EVP & Group Chief Risk Officer

Mr. Yin Virak EVP & Group Chief Treasury Officer

# THE DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the interim financial statements are properly drawn up so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the interim financial position as at 30 June 2024, the interim financial performance for the three-month and the six-month periods then ended, and the interim cash flows for the six-month period then ended of the Group and the Bank in accordance with Cambodian International Financial Reporting Standards ("CIFRS").

In preparing these interim financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- adopt appropriate accounting policies which are supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates and then apply them consistently;
- comply with the disclosure requirements of CIFRS, or if there have been any departures in the interest of true and fair presentation, these have been appropriately disclosed, explained, and quantified in the interim financial statements;
- iii) maintain adequate accounting records and an effective system of internal controls;
- prepare the interim financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Group and the Bank will continue operations in the foreseeable future;
- effectively control and direct the Group and the Bank in all material decisions affecting the operations and performance and ascertain that such have been properly reflected in the interim financial statements; and.
- safeguard the assets of the Group and the Bank and hence take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors confirm that the Group and the Bank have complied with the above requirements in preparing the interim financial statements.

जिस्सार्थिय स्थाप Mar Amara

Executive Vice President & Group Chief Financial Officer and Group Chief Operations Officer

Dr. In Channy

Dr. In Channy

Breakler & Group Managing Director

9 August 2024

## APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the six-month period then ende approved by the Board of Directors. The accompanying interim financial statements, together with the notes thereto set out on pages 22 to 198, present fairly, in all material respects, the interim financial position as at 30 June 2024, the interim financial performance for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, and the interim cash flows for the six-month period then ended of the Group and the Bank in accordance with CIFRS, were

accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Menhay Soeun
Chairman

Phnom Penh, Kingdom of Cambodia 9 August 2024



# Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of ACLEDA Bank Plc.

Report on the audit of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements

# Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated interim financial statements and the separate interim financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated interim financial position of ACLEDA Bank Plc. (the Bank) and its subsidiaries (the Group) and the separate interim financial position of the Bank as at 30 June 2024, and its consolidated and separate interim financial performance and its consolidated and separate interim cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with Cambodian International Financial Reporting Standards (CIFRS).

What we have audited

ACLEDA Bank Plc.'s interim financial statements comprise:

- the consolidated interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024;
- the consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the threemonth and six-month periods ended 30 June 2024;
- the consolidated interim statement of changes in equity for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024;
- the consolidated interim statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024;
- the separate interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024;
- the separate interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month and six month periods ended 30 June 2024;
- the separate interim statement of changes in equity for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024;
- the separate interim statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024; and
- the notes to the consolidated and separate interim financial statements, which include material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Cambodian International Standards on Auditing (CISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



## Independence

We are independent of the Group and the Bank in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code) and the ethical requirements of the Kampuchea Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Auditors' Code of Ethics for Certified Public Accountants and Auditors (KICPAA Code) that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements in Cambodia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code and the ethical requirements of the KICPAA Code.

## Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements of the current period. We determine one key audit matter: Allowance for impairment losses on loans and advances. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

#### Key audit matter

# Allowance for impairment losses on loans and advances

Loans and advances constitute approximately 64.96% and 64.44% of the Group's and the Bank's total assets, respectively, as at 30 June 2024. The Group's and the Bank's loan portfolio mainly comprises loans and advances to customers (both corporates and individuals) in wholesales and retails, services and agriculture. Refer to Note 39.1(d)(ii) for details.

The Group's and the Bank's expected credit loss (ECL) models are significant to our audit as this requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviors. The ECL models require considerable judgement and interpretation in its implementation of the requirements of CIFRS 9, Financial Instruments, which brings about a high degree of estimation uncertainty.

The significant judgements in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL include the following:

- grouping financial assets sharing similar credit risk characteristics for the purposes of measuring ECL;
- choosing appropriate models and assumptions to measure ECL;

# How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included the following:

- We updated our understanding, evaluated the design and implementation, and tested the operating effectiveness of the key controls over the allowance for impairment losses. These controls, among others, included:
  - Loan applications and credit reviews;
  - Identification of significant increase in credit risk:
  - Review of the credit worthiness of the borrowers;
  - Review on frequent refreshment of collateral value; and,
  - Accuracy of data inputs.
  - We assessed whether the methodology and assumptions used in the ECL models are consistent with the requirements of CIFRS 9.
  - We examined samples of loans for the appropriateness of the loan credit risk grading and staging, assessed Management's evaluations and conclusions on the credit worthiness and classification of the selected loans.



## Key audit matter

# Allowance for impairment losses on loans and advances (continued)

- Determining criteria for identifying loans to customers that have experienced a significant increase in credit risk (SICR); and,
- applying assumptions and analysis on expected future cash flows and forwardlooking information;

The details of the accounting policies, critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty, and credit risk management used by the Group and the Bank have been disclosed in Notes 2(e)(vii), 4 and 39.1 to the interim financial statements, respectively.

# How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- We evaluated the processes used by Management to develop forward-looking information used in the ECL models and validated their reasonableness against publicly available information and our understanding of the Group's and the Bank's loan portfolios and industry where the Group operates. In addition, we assessed the level of significant of correlation of selected macro-economic factors to the default rates as well as the impact of these variables to the ECL.
- We tested the accuracy of key inputs into the ECL models by comparing them against source systems and documents.
- We recomputed on the sample basis the ECL to test the mathematical accuracy of the ECL models.
- We assessed the adequacy of disclosures to ensure compliance with CIFRS 9.

From the results of these procedures, we determined that the key assumptions of management's estimate were reasonable based on available evidence.

#### Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the report of the Board of Directors and the supplementary financial information required by the National Bank of Cambodia, but does not include the consolidated and separate interim financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated and separate interim financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate interim financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



# Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the interim financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements in accordance with CIFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate interim financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's and the Bank's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate interim financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with CISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate interim financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with CISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate interim financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate interim
  financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate interim
  financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves
  fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the interim financial information of the
  entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated interim
  financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the
  group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate interim financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For PricewaterhouseCoopers (Cambodia) Ltd.

By Kuy Lim Partner

Phnom Penh, Kingdom of Cambodia 9 August 2024

# CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024 $\,$

	Notes	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Notes 5)
ASSETS					
Cash on hand Deposits and placements with	7	512,184,239	495,793,568	2,105,077,222	2,025,316,725
other banks, net	8	1,676,371,989	1,509,543,178	6,889,888,875	6,166,483,882
Financial investments, net	9	535,891,563	357,544,384	2,202,514,324	1,460,568,809
Loans and advances, net	10	6,638,878,273	6,601,665,231	27,285,789,702	26,967,802,469
Other assets	11	81,377,771	32,839,518	334,462,639	134,149,431
Statutory deposits	12	578,910,765	548,627,109	2,379,323,244	2,241,141,740
Property and equipment, net	14	146,327,740	147,746,865	601,407,011	603,545,944
Intangible assets, net	15	10,527,393	10,771,018	43,267,585	43,999,609
Right-of-use assets, net	16	34,796,369	32,410,303	143,013,077	132,396,088
Deferred tax assets Derivative financial	17	988,806	1,352,626	4,063,993	5,525,477
instruments	23	4,134,655	5,746,686	16,993,432	23,475,212
TOTAL ASSETS		10,220,389,563	9,744,040,486	42,005,801,104	39,804,405,386
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY LIABILITIES Deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions	18	368,069,322	419,792,620	1,512,764,913	1,714,852,853
Deposits from customers	19	7,386,795,411	6,808,020,419	30,359,729,139	27,810,763,412
Other liabilities	20	159,343,688	85,845,344	654,902,558	350,678,230
Borrowings	21	690,257,355	859,813,550	2,836,957,729	3,512,338,352
Subordinated debts	22	117,227,977	117,053,882	481,806,985	478,165,108
Lease liabilities	24	34,913,057	32,527,687	143,492,664	132,875,601
Employee benefits	25	8,775,148	8,392,621	36,065,858	34,283,857
Current income tax liabilities	32(a)	5,774,279	3,791,516	23,732,287	15,488,343
Deferred tax liabilities	17	31,960,051	26,782,045	131,355,810	109,404,654
TOTAL LIABILITIES	• • •	8,803,116,288	8,362,019,684	36,180,807,943	34,158,850,410
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EQUITY					
Share capital	26	433,163,019	433,163,019	1,732,652,076	1,732,652,076
Share premium	26	11,706,215	11,706,215	48,235,459	48,235,459
Reserves	37	742,226,025	722,627,638	3,121,567,268	3,005,581,984
Retained earnings		224,165,433	208,502,399	897,826,642	834,487,503
Attributable to owners of the Bank		1,411,260,692	1,375,999,271	5,800,281,445	5,620,957,022
Non-controlling interests		6,012,583	6,021,531	24,711,716	24,597,954
TOTAL EQUITY		1,417,273,275	1,382,020,802	5,824,993,161	5,645,554,976
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		10,220,389,563	9,744,040,486	42,005,801,104	39,804,405,386
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# CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

			For the six-mon	th period ended		For the three-month period ended					
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023		
		US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000		
	Notes			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)		
Interest income	27	394,871,350	371,964,109	1,609,495,623	1,522,821,062	, ,	188,136,507	813,614,799	771,924,088		
Interest expense	28	(173,378,136)	(158,425,583)	(706,689,282)	(648,594,337)	(85,340,854)	(83,036,926)	(348,190,684)	(340,700,507)		
Net interest income		221,493,214	213,538,526	902,806,341	874,226,725	114,074,538	105,099,581	465,424,115	431,223,581		
Fee and commission income	29	20,193,253	23,074,245	82,307,699	94,465,959	9,336,980	11,483,959	38,094,878	47,118,684		
Fee and commission expense		(2,431,998)	(1,728,000)	(9,912,824)	(7,074,432)	(1,061,554)	(1,091,016)	(4,331,140)	(4,476,439)		
Net fee and commission income		17,761,255	21,346,245	72,394,875	87,391,527	8,275,426	10,392,943	33,763,738	42,642,245		
Allowance for impairment losses on loans and advances, deposits and placements with other banks, other receivables, and											
investment securities	10	(37,459,861)	(23,350,138)	(152,686,393)	(95.595.465)	(19,047,344)	(13.155.392)	(77,713,164)	(53,976,573)		
(Allowance for)/reversal of impairment losses on		(=:,:==,==:)	(==,===,===)	(:,,,	(,,	(10,011,011)	(10,100,000)	(**,****,****)	(,,,		
off-balance sheet commitments	10	(24,919)	(1,189)	(101,570)	(4,868)	15,806	467	64,488	1,916		
Net impairment losses		(37,484,780)	(23,351,327)	(152,787,963)	(95,600,333)	(19,031,538)	(13,154,925)	(77,648,676)	(53,974,657)		
•											
Income after impairment losses		201,769,689	211,533,444	822,413,253	866,017,919	103,318,426	102,337,599	421,539,177	419,891,169		
011	00	44 400 007	10 101 505	45 504 000	50,000,000	5 404 704	0.400.400	00.470.000	05.404.004		
Other income, net	30	11,163,967	13,161,525	45,504,329	53,883,283	5,434,794	6,138,182	22,173,960	25,184,961		
Other operating expenses	31	(143,534,385)	(135,555,119)	(585,046,153)	(554,962,657)	(72,490,748)	(66,188,245)	(295,762,252)	(271,570,369)		
Profit before income tax		69,399,271	89,139,850	282,871,429	364,938,545	36,262,472	42,287,536	147,950,885	173,505,761		
Income tax expense	32(b)	(14,347,943)	(17,550,526)	(58,482,216)	(71,851,853)	(7,768,697)	(9,244,824)	(31,696,284)	(37,931,513)		
Profit for the period (carried forward to next page)		55,051,328	71,589,324	224,389,213	293,086,692	28,493,775	33,042,712	116,254,601	135,574,248		

**ACLEDA BANK PLC.** 

# CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED) FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

			For the six-mo	onth period ended		For the three-month period ended					
	Notes	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
	140163			(11016-3)	(11016-3)			(11016-3)	(11016-3)		
Profit for the period (brought forward from previous page)		55,051,328	71,589,324	224,389,213	293,086,692	28,493,775	33,042,712	116,254,601	135,574,248		
Other comprehensive income:  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or  loss:											
Exchange differences  Items that are or may be reclassified  subsequently to profit or loss:  Currency translation differences - foreign		-	-	36,252,492	16,347,254	-	-	97,810,689	100,412,410		
subsidiaries		(3,177,439)	(4,839,673)	(12,951,241)	(19,813,622)	(1,471,848)	(4,285,456)	(6,005,140)	(17,583,226)		
Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge		(1,612,031)	(1,054,295)	(6,570,638)	(4,316,284)	(1,736,083)	(273,304)	(7,083,219)	(1,121,366)		
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period		(4,789,470)	(5,893,968)	16,730,613	(7,782,652)	(3,207,931)	(4,558,760)	84,722,330	81,707,818		
Total comprehensive income for the period		50,261,858	65,695,356	241,119,826	285,304,040	25,285,844	28,483,952	200,976,931	217,282,066		
Profit for the period attributable to:											
Owners of the Bank		55,059,008	71,575,051	224,420,517	293,028,258	28,514,580	33,070,938	116,339,485	135,690,059		
Non-controlling interests		(7,680)	14,273	(31,304)	58,434	(20,805)	(28,226)	(84,884)	(115,811)		
		55,051,328	71,589,324	224,389,213	293,086,692	28,493,775	33,042,712	116,254,601	135,574,248		
Total other comprehensive income attributable to:											
Owners of the Bank		50,270,281	65,682,216	241,154,158	285,250,245	25,306,993	28,513,181	201,063,219	217,401,992		
Non-controlling interests		(8,423)	13,140	(34,332)	53,795	(21,149)	(29,229)	(86,288)	(119,926)		
		50,261,858	65,695,356	241,119,826	285,304,040	25,285,844	28,483,952	200,976,931	217,282,066		
The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of the Bank during the period:											
Basic earnings per share	33	0.13	0.17	0.52	0.68	0.07	0.08	0.27	0.31		
Diluted earnings per share	33	0.13	0.17	0.52	0.68	0.07	0.08	0.27	0.31		

# CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Attributable to owners of the Bank													
	Share	capital	Share p	remium	Rese	erves	Retained	earnings	Tot	al	Non-controll	ing interest	Total	equity
	US\$	(Notes 5)	US\$	(Notes 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Notes 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)
As at 1 January 2024 Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of	433,163,019	1,732,652,076	11,706,215	48,235,459	722,627,638	3,005,581,984	208,502,399 55,059,008	834,487,503 224,420,517	1,375,999,271 55,059,008	5,620,957,022 224,420,517	6,021,531 (7,680)	24,597,954 (31,304)	1,382,020,802 55,051,328	5,645,554,976 224,389,213
derivatives arising from cash flow hedge Currency translation differences - foreign	-	-	-	-	(1,612,031)	(6,570,638)	-	-	(1,612,031)	(6,570,638)	-	-	(1,612,031)	(6,570,638)
subsidiaries					(3,176,696)	(12,948,213)		<u> </u>	(3,176,696)	(12,948,213)	(743)	(3,028)	(3,177,439)	(12,951,241)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period				<u>-</u>	(4,788,727)	(19,518,851)	55,059,008	224,420,517	50,270,281	204,901,666	(8,423)	(34,332)	50,261,858	204,867,334
Transactions with owners: Additional tax on capital conversion – ACLEDA														
Bank Lao Ltd.	-	-	-	-	-	-	(203,380)	(828,977)	(203,380)	(828,977)	(525)	(2,140)	(203,905)	(831,117)
Dividend paid Transfer from retained earnings to regulatory	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,805,480)	(60,850,524)	(14,805,480)	(60,850,524)	-	-	(14,805,480)	(60,850,524)
reserves	-	-	-	-	24,387,114	99,401,877	(24,387,114)	(99,401,877)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange differences						36,102,258				36,102,258		150,234		36,252,492
Total transactions with owners					24,387,114	135,504,135	(39,395,974)	(161,081,378)	(15,008,860)	(25,577,243)	(525)	148,094	(15,009,385)	(25,429,149)
As at 30 June 2024	433,163,019	1,732,652,076	11,706,215	48,235,459	742,226,025	3,121,567,268	224,165,433	897,826,642	1,411,260,692	5,800,281,445	6,012,583	24,711,716	1,417,273,275	5,824,993,161

	Attributable to owners of the Bank													
	Share	e capital	Share p	remium	Rese	erves	Retained	earnings	То	tal	Non-controll	ing interest	Total	equity
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	(Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	(Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)
As at 1 January 2023 Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of	433,163,019	1,732,652,076	11,706,215	48,235,459	638,862,248	2,706,552,320	226,856,479 71,575,051	908,250,779 293,028,258	1,310,587,961 71,575,051	5,395,690,634 293,028,258	6,059,859 14,273	24,948,440 58,434	1,316,647,820 71,589,324	5,420,639,074 293,086,692
derivatives arising from cash flow hedge Currency translation differences - foreign	-	-	-	-	(1,054,295)	(4,316,284)	-	-	(1,054,295)	(4,316,284)	-	-	(1,054,295)	(4,316,284)
subsidiaries					(4,838,540)	(19,808,983)	<u> </u>		(4,838,540)	(19,808,983)	(1,133)	(4,639)	(4,839,673)	(19,813,622)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period					(5,892,835)	(24,125,267)	71,575,051	293,028,258	65,682,216	268,902,991	13,140	53,795	65,695,356	268,956,786
Transactions with owners: Tax payment on ABL's capital increase Dividend paid Transfer from retained earnings to regulatory	:	-	:	-		:	(230,017) (72,695,343)	(941,690) (297,105,865)	(230,017) (72,695,343)	(941,690) (297,105,865)	(597) -	(2,444)	(230,614) (72,695,343)	(944,134) (297,105,865)
reserves	-	-	-	-	22,775,809	93,244,162	(22,775,809)	(93,244,162)	-	40.000.005	-	70.000	-	40.047.054
Exchange differences  Total transactions with owners					22,775,809	16,268,025 109,512,187	(95,701,169)	(391,291,717)	(72,925,360)	16,268,025 (281,779,530)	(597)	79,229 76,785	(72,925,957)	16,347,254 (281,702,745)
As at 30 June 2023	433,163,019	1,732,652,076	11,706,215	48,235,459	655,745,222	2,791,939,240	202,730,361	809,987,320	1,303,344,817	5,382,814,095	6,072,402	25,079,020	1,309,417,219	5,407,893,115

# CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit for the period before income tax  Adjustments for:		69,399,271	89,139,850	282,871,429	364,938,545
Net impairment losses Depreciation of property and	10	37,484,780	23,351,327	152,787,963	95,600,333
equipment	31	12,455,922	11,373,463	50,770,338	46,562,958
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	16	6,364,790	5,969,219	25,942,884	24,437,983
Seniority indemnity benefits	25(a)	5,236,788	5,327,731	21,345,148	21,811,731
Amortisation of intangible assets	15	1,371,227	1,351,698	5,589,121	5,533,852
Career development expense	25(b)	802,448	829,590	3,270,778	3,396,341
Pension fund		434,225	431,826	1,769,901	1,767,896
Unrealised foreign exchange gains		(1,409,482)	(49,605)	(5,745,049)	(203,083)
Adjustment in intangible assets		83,830	95,815	341,691	392,267
Adjustment in property and equipment		41,134	360,488	167,662	1,475,838
Reversal of retirement benefits	25	-	(121,300)	-	(496,602)
Dividend income	30	(465)	(205,462)	(1,895)	(841,161)
Gain on disposals of property and					
equipment and lease	30	(382,986)	(184,184)	(1,561,051)	(754,049)
Currency translation reserves		(3,177,439)	(4,839,673)	(12,951,241)	(19,813,621)
Net interest income		(221,493,214)	(213,538,526)	(902,806,341)	(874,226,725)
Operating loss before changes in		(00 700 171)	(00 707 742)	(270 200 662)	(220 447 407)
working capital		(92,789,171)	(80,707,743)	(378,208,662)	(330,417,497)
Changes in:					
Deposits from customers		578,774,992	507,692,740	2,359,086,867	2,078,494,078
Other liabilities		63,209,273	(44,085,432)	257,640,997	(180,485,759)
Deposits and placements with other banks		(202,839)	(6,277,245)	(826,772)	(25,699,041)
Deposits and placements from other					
banks and financial institutions		(51,723,298)	730,661	(210,824,163)	2,991,326
Reserve requirement		(30,283,656)	(168,619,197)	(123,436,182)	(690,326,993)
Other assets		(48,287,777)	14,910,014	(196,820,979)	61,041,597
Loans and advances		(74,676,547)	(136,369,444)	(304,381,606)	(558,296,504)
Cash flows from operations		344,020,977	87,274,354	1,402,229,500	357,301,207
		000 404 000	000 000 004		4 = 40 = = = 000
Interest received	0=( )	393,494,830	368,968,231	1,603,884,927	1,510,555,938
Seniority benefits paid	25(a)	(4,883,822)	(5,281,843)	(19,906,458)	(21,623,865)
Pension fund paid	05(1)	(434,413)	(432,087)	(1,770,667)	(1,768,964)
Career development benefits paid	25(b)	(758,329)	(3,872,526)	(3,090,949)	(15,854,121)
Retirement benefits paid	00(-)	(0.000.040)	(22,464,315)	(07.074.474)	(91,968,906)
Income tax paid	32(a)	(6,838,610)	(37,997,901)	(27,874,174)	(155,563,407)
Interest paid		(127,058,962)	(94,716,484)	(517,892,329)	(387,769,285)
Net cash generated from operating					
activities (carried forward to next page)		597,541,671	291,477,429	2,435,579,850	1,193,308,597

# CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)															
Net cash generated from operating activities (brought forward from previous page)		597,541,671	291,477,429		1,193,308,597															
Cash flows from investing activities																				
Interest received from investments Proceeds from disposals of property		1,376,520	2,995,878	5,610,696	12,265,125															
and equipment Dividends received		394,313 465	371,808 205,462	1,607,220 1,895	1,522,182 841,161															
Proceeds from matured investments Purchases of intangible assets Purchases of property and equipment	15 14	(1,108,100) (9,799,964)	64,575,136 (1,429,632) (22,148,468)	(4,516,616) (39,944,653)	264,370,607 (5,852,913) (90,675,828)															
Purchases of financial investments  Net cash (used in)/generated from		(33,250,345)		(135,528,406)																
investing activities		(42,387,111)	44,570,184	(172,769,864)	182,470,334															
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings		1,399,319	84,810,612	5,703,624	347,214,646															
Repayments of subordinated debts Proceeds from subordinated debts		(15,177,500) 14,997,539	(15,000,000) 14,972,500	(61,863,490) 61,129,969	(61,410,000) 61,297,415															
Payments of dividends Payment tax on ABL's capital		(14,805,480)	(72,695,343)	(60,850,524)	(297,105,865)															
increase Payments of lease liabilities	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	(203,905) (7,344,326)	(230,614) (6,757,985)	(831,117) (29,935,473)	(944,134) (27,667,191)
Interest paid Repayments of borrowings Net cash used in financing																		24	24	24
activities		(227,235,603)	(133,156,523)	(926,715,706)	(544,633,937)															
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the		327,918,957	202,891,090	1,336,094,280	831,144,994															
beginning of the period Exchange differences		2,279,718,573	1,748,443,669	9,312,650,371 68,645,597	7,198,342,585 29,524,976															
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	34	2,607,637,530	1,951,334,759	10,717,390,248	8,059,012,555															

## Non-cash investing activities

Non-cash investing activities disclosed in other note is the purchases of property and equipment (Note 14) and the purchases of intangible assets (Note 15).

# Non-cash financing activities

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2024, the Group entered into new lease agreements and recognised right-of-use assets amounting to US\$10,217,285 (30 June 2023: US\$7,080,781), and preterminated right-of-use assets and lease liabilities amounting to US\$1,617,757 (30 June 2023: US\$616,214) and US\$1,739,140 (30 June 2023: US\$673,550), respectively, and recognised a gain from pretermination amounting to US\$121,357 (30 June 2023: gain is US\$76,549), which is a non-cash transaction.

# SEPARATE INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Notes 5)
ASSETS					
Cash on hand Deposits and placements with	7	501,576,229	486,584,317	2,061,478,301	1,987,696,935
other banks, net	8	1,643,462,453	1,478,882,021	6,754,630,682	6,041,233,056
Financial investments, net	9	535,891,563	357,544,384	2,202,514,324	1,460,568,809
Loans and advances, net	10	6,495,191,297	6,457,043,288	26,695,236,231	26,377,021,831
Other assets	11	80,540,155	31,035,271	331,020,038	126,779,083
Statutory deposits	12	573,373,551	543,302,104	2,356,565,295	2,219,389,095
Investments in subsidiaries	13	91,117,716	91,117,716	374,493,813	372,215,870
Property and equipment, net	14	111,376,470	113,709,160	457,757,292	464,501,919
Intangible assets, net	15	9,409,183	9,829,455	38,671,742	40,153,324
Right-of-use assets, net Derivative financial	16	33,235,313	30,852,413	136,597,136	126,032,107
instruments	23	4,134,655	5,746,686	16,993,432	23,475,212
TOTAL ASSETS	•	10,079,308,585	9,605,646,815	41,425,958,286	39,239,067,241
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY LIABILITIES Deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions Deposits from customers Other liabilities Borrowings Subordinated debts Lease liabilities Employee benefits Current income tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	18 19 20 21 22 24 25 32(a)	329,978,777 7,293,125,025 155,896,345 678,082,701 117,227,977 32,913,757 8,649,504 4,520,773 31,960,051 8,652,354,910	386,405,927 6,715,289,025 82,983,974 843,418,591 117,053,882 30,547,348 8,200,636 2,319,080 26,782,045 8,213,000,508	1,356,212,773 29,974,743,853 640,733,978 2,786,919,901 481,806,985 135,275,541 35,549,461 18,580,377 131,355,810 35,561,178,679	1,578,468,212 27,431,955,667 338,989,534 3,445,364,944 478,165,108 124,785,917 33,499,598 9,473,442 109,404,654 33,550,107,076
EQUITY Share capital Share premium Reserves Retained earnings TOTAL EQUITY TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	26 26 37	433,163,019 11,706,215 787,687,945 194,396,496 1,426,953,675 10,079,308,585	433,163,019 11,706,215 765,115,248 182,661,825 1,392,646,307 9,605,646,815	1,732,652,076 48,235,459 3,307,444,874 776,447,198 5,864,779,607 41,425,958,286	1,732,652,076 48,235,459 3,178,952,563 729,120,067 5,688,960,165 39,239,067,241

**ACLEDA BANK PLC.** 

# SEPARATE INTERIM STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

			For the six-mont	h period ended			For the three-month period ended					
		30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000			
	Notes			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			
Interest income	27 28	378,617,553	357,224,286	1,543,245,146	1,462,476,227	190,740,239	180,997,695	778,220,175	742,633,543			
Interest expense Net interest income	20	(169,106,820) 209,510,733	(154,868,228) 202,356,058	(689,279,398) 853,965,748	(634,030,525) 828,445,702	(83,157,795) 107,582,444	(81,155,403) 99,842,292	(339,283,804) 438,936,371	(332,980,619) 409,652,924			
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense Net fee and commission income	29	17,629,123 (2,411,516) 15,217,607	20,705,891 (1,673,499) 19,032,392	71,856,305 (9,829,339) 62,026,966	84,769,918 (6,851,305) 77,918,613	8,122,741 (1,051,346) 7,071,395	10,329,715 (1,064,242) 9,265,473	33,140,783 (4,289,492) 28,851,291	42,382,821 (4,366,585) 38,016,236			
Allowance for impairment losses on loans and advances, deposits and placements with other banks, other receivables, and investment								, ,				
securities (Allowance for)/reversal of impairment losses on off-	10	(36,937,103)	(20,298,382)	(150,555,632)	(83,101,576)	(18,730,960)	(10,982,815)	(76,422,317)	(45,062,490)			
balance sheet commitments  Net impairment losses	10	(36,960,971)	9,311 (20,289,071)	(97,286) (150,652,918)	38,119 (83,063,457)	19,406 (18,711,554)	5,193 (10,977,622)	79,176 (76,343,141)	21,307 (45,041,183)			
Income after impairment losses		187,767,369	201,099,379	765,339,796	823,300,858	95,942,285	98,130,143	391,444,521	402,627,977			
Other income, net Other operating expenses	30 31	10,729,186 (134,673,942)	11,860,343 (129,177,256)	43,732,162 (548,930,988)	48,556,244 (528,851,686)	5,194,907 (67,829,401)	5,649,033 (62,520,697)	21,195,221 (276,743,956)	23,177,982 (256,522,420)			
Profit before income tax		63,822,613	83,782,466	260,140,970	343,005,416	33,307,791	41,258,479	135,895,786	169,283,539			
Income tax expense	32(b)	(13,097,734)	(16,382,313)	(53,386,364)	(67,069,189)	(7,124,279)	(8,753,834)	(29,067,058)	(35,916,981)			
Profit for the period		50,724,879	67,400,153	206,754,606	275,936,227	26,183,512	32,504,645	106,828,728	133,366,558			
Other comprehensive income:  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Exchange differences  Item that is or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		-	-	36,485,998	16,566,669	-	-	121,367,871	45,981,988			
Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge  Other comprehensive (loss)/income during the	3	(1,612,031)	(1,054,295)	(6,570,638)	(4,316,284)	(1,736,083)	(273,304)	(7,083,219)	(1,121,366)			
period		(1,612,031)	(1,054,295)	29,915,360	12,250,385	(1,736,083)	(273,304)	114,284,652	44,860,622			
Total comprehensive income for the period		49,112,848	66,345,858	236,669,966	288,186,612	24,447,429	32,231,341	221,113,380	178,227,180			

# SEPARATE INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Share capital		Share p	remium	Res	erves	Retained	earnings	Total equity		
	US\$	KHR'000 (Notes 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Notes 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Notes 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	
As at 1 January 2024 Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective	433,163,019	1,732,652,076	11,706,215	48,235,459	765,115,248	3,178,952,563	182,661,825 50,724,879	729,120,067 206,754,606	1,392,646,307 50,724,879	5,688,960,165 206,754,606	
portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge	<u> </u> .	<u> </u>			(1,612,031)	(6,570,638)	<u>-</u>	<u> </u> .	(1,612,031)	(6,570,638)	
Total comprehensive income for the period		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		(1,612,031)	(6,570,638)	50,724,879	206,754,606	49,112,848	200,183,968	
Transactions with owners: Dividend paid Transfer from retained earnings to	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,805,480)	(60,850,524)	(14,805,480)	(60,850,524)	
regulatory reserves Exchange differences	<u> </u>	- -	- -	- -	24,184,728 	98,576,951 36,485,998	(24,184,728)	(98,576,951)	- -	36,485,998	
Total transactions with owners		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		24,184,728	135,062,949	(38,990,208)	(159,427,475)	(14,805,480)	(24,364,526)	
As at 30 June 2024	433,163,019	1,732,652,076	11,706,215	48,235,459	787,687,945	3,307,444,874	194,396,496	776,447,198	1,426,953,675	5,864,779,607	
	Share	capital	Share p	remium	Res	serves	Retained	earnings	Total e	equity	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)		KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	
As at 1 January 2023 Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective	US\$ 433,163,019		11,706,215	(Note 5)		KHR'000	210,138,062 67,400,153	KHR'000 (Note 5)			
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		KHR'000 (Note 5)	210,138,062	KHR'000 (Note 5) 840,375,407	1,331,086,280	(Note 5) 5,480,082,219	
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from		(Note 5)		(Note 5)	676,078,984	KHR'000 (Note 5) 2,858,819,277	210,138,062	KHR'000 (Note 5) 840,375,407	1,331,086,280 67,400,153	(Note 5) 5,480,082,219 275,936,227	
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge Total comprehensive income for the		(Note 5)		(Note 5)	676,078,984	KHR'000 (Note 5) 2,858,819,277 - (4,316,284)	210,138,062 67,400,153	KHR'000 (Note 5) 840,375,407 275,936,227	1,331,086,280 67,400,153 (1,054,295)	(Note 5) 5,480,082,219 275,936,227 (4,316,284)	
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge Total comprehensive income for the period  Transactions with owners: Dividend paid		(Note 5)		(Note 5)	(1,054,295) (1,054,295) (1,054,295)	(4,316,284) (4,316,284) (4,316,684) (4,316,686)	210,138,062 67,400,153 - 67,400,153 (72,695,343) (22,775,809)	KHR'000 (Note 5) 840,375,407 275,936,227 - 275,936,227 (297,105,865) (93,244,162)	1,331,086,280 67,400,153 (1,054,295) 66,345,858	(Note 5) 5,480,082,219 275,936,227  (4,316,284) 271,619,943	
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge Total comprehensive income for the period  Transactions with owners: Dividend paid Transfer from retained earnings to regulatory reserves		(Note 5)		(Note 5)	(1,054,295) (1,054,295)	(4,316,284) (4,316,284) (93,244,162	210,138,062 67,400,153 - 67,400,153 (72,695,343)	KHR'000 (Note 5) 840,375,407 275,936,227 - 275,936,227 (297,105,865)	1,331,086,280 67,400,153 (1,054,295) 66,345,858	(Note 5) 5,480,082,219 275,936,227  (4,316,284) 271,619,943  (297,105,865)	

# SEPARATE INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit for the period before income tax  Adjustments for:		63,822,613	83,782,466	260,140,970	343,005,416
Net impairment losses Depreciation of property and	10	36,960,971	20,289,071	150,652,918	83,063,457
equipment	31	11,563,219	10,624,146	47,131,681	43,495,254
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	16	6,137,833	5,732,335	25,017,807	23,468,179
Seniority indemnity benefits	25(a)	5,147,346	5,245,064	20,980,582	21,473,292
Amortisation of intangible assets	15	1,281,667	1,242,216	5,224,075	5,085,632
Unrealised foreign exchange losses		(614,924)	(274,196)	(2,506,430)	(1,122,558)
Career development expense	25(b)	779,113	782,312	3,175,665	3,202,785
Pension fund		426,468	424,724	1,738,284	1,738,820
Adjustment in intangible assets		83,830	95,815	341,691	392,267
Adjustment in property and equipment	0.5	41,926	360,489	170,890	1,475,842
Reversal of for retirement benefits	25	(405)	(49,526)	(4.005)	(202,759)
Dividend income	30	(465)	(205,462)	(1,895)	(841,161)
Gain on disposals of property and	20	(270.055)	(402.047)	(4 540 200)	(7E0 E47)
equipment and lease Net interest income	30	(379,855)	(183,817)	(1,548,289)	(752,547)
Operating loss before changes in		(209,510,733)	(202,356,058)	(853,965,748)	(828,445,702)
working capital		(84,260,991)	(74,490,421)	(343,447,799)	(304,963,783)
working capital		(0.,200,00.)	(1.1,100,121)	(0.0,,)	(00 1,000,1 00)
Changes in:					
Deposits from customers		577,836,000	502,674,363	2,355,259,536	2,057,948,842
Other liabilities		65,506,538	(43,351,124)	267,004,649	(177,479,502)
Deposits and placements with other		22,222,222	(10,001,1=1)		( , , ,
banks		(351)	(5,348,885)	(1,431)	(21,898,335)
Reserve requirement		(30,071,447)	(167,944,689)	(122,571,218)	(687,565,557)
Deposits and placements of other					
banks and financial institutions		(56,427,150)	(2,990,734)	(229,997,063)	(12,244,065)
Other assets		(49,493,103)	14,978,794	(201,733,888)	61,323,183
Loans and advances		(75,269,205)	(133,696,454)	(306,797,280)	(547,353,283)
Cash flows from operations		347,820,291	89,830,850	1,417,715,506	367,767,500
		077 044 000	054.000.400	4 507 004 454	4 450 044 400
Interest received		377,241,033	354,228,408	1,537,634,451	1,450,211,102
Retirement benefits paid	25(-)	(4.004.400)	(21,920,036)	(40,500,077)	(89,740,627)
Seniority benefits paid	25(a)	(4,801,123)	(5,202,198)	(19,569,377)	(21,297,799)
Pension fund paid	05(k)	(426,697)	(425,068)	(1,739,217)	(1,740,228)
Career development benefits paid	25(b)	(672,607)	(3,872,526)	(2,741,546)	(15,854,121)
Income tax paid	32(a)	(5,718,035) (124,734,146)	(37,416,279)	(23,306,711)	(153,182,246)
Interest paid		(124,134,140)	(92,855,955)	(508,416,379)	(380,152,280)
Net cash generated from operating activities (carried forward to next					
page)		588,708,716	282,367,196	2,399,576,727	1,156,011,301
page)		300,700,710	202,301,130	2,000,010,121	1,100,011,001

# SEPARATE INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	N	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000
Net cash generated from operating	Notes			(Note 5)	(Note 5)
activities (brought forward from					
previous page)		588,708,716	282,367,196	2,399,576,727	1,156,011,301
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest received from investments Proceeds from disposals of property		1,376,520	2,995,878	5,610,696	12,265,125
and equipment		389,179	195,394	1,586,294	799,943
Dividend received		465	205,462	1,895	841,161
Proceeds from matured investments	45	(0.4.4.005)	64,575,136	(0.047.704)	264,370,607
Purchases of intangible assets Purchases of property and equipment	15 14	(944,005) (9,176,989)	(885,403) (20,606,124)	(3,847,764) (37,405,407)	(3,624,840) (84,361,472)
Purchases of financial investments	14	(33,250,345)	(20,000,124)	(135,528,406)	(04,301,472)
Net cash (used in)/generated from		(00,200,010)		(100,020,100)	
investing activities		(41,605,175)	46,480,343	(169,582,692)	190,290,524
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from borrowings		_	79,655,071	_	326,107,861
Proceeds from subordinated debts		14,997,539	14,972,500	61,129,969	61,297,415
Payments of lease liabilities	24	(6,985,216)	(6,565,714)	(28,471,740)	(26,880,033)
Repayments of subordinated debts		(15,177,500)	(15,000,000)	(61,863,490)	(61,410,000)
Interest paid		(35,293,587)	(34,076,339)	(143,856,661)	(139,508,532)
Payments of dividends		(14,805,480)	(72,695,343)	(60,850,524)	(297,105,865)
Repayments of borrowings		(165,403,963)	(99,437,936)	(674,186,553)	(407,098,910)
Net cash used in financing activities		(222,668,207)	(133,147,761)	(908,098,999)	(544,598,064)
Net increase in cash and cash					
equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the		324,435,334	195,699,778	1,321,895,036	801,703,761
beginning of the period  Exchange differences		2,240,749,214	1,719,370,446	9,153,460,539 67,552,917	7,078,648,126 28,888,138
<b>3</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	34	2,565,184,548	1,915,070,224	10,542,908,492	7,909,240,025

# Non-cash investing activities

Non-cash investing activities disclosed in other note is the purchases of property and equipment (Note 14) and the purchases of intangible assets (Note 15).

## Non-cash financing activities

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2024, the Bank entered into new lease agreements and recognised right-of-use assets amounting to US\$10,127,330 (30 June 2023: US\$6,961,517), and preterminated right-of-use assets and lease liabilities amounting to US\$1,619,189 (30 June 2023: US\$615,669) and US\$1,731,920 (30 June 2023: US\$681,490), respectively, and recognised gain from pretermination amounting to US\$112,732 (30 June 2023: US\$63,301), which is a non-cash transaction.

#### NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 1. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Prior to 1 December 2003, ACLEDA Bank Plc. ("ABC" or "the Bank") was a public limited company formed under the Laws of the Kingdom of Cambodia to operate as a specialised bank with a Head Office located in Phnom Penh and 14 branches in the Kingdom of Cambodia. On 1 December 2003, the National Bank of Cambodia ("NBC") issued a license for the Bank to become a private commercial bank for a period of three years commencing 1 December 2003. The Bank's license was renewed for an indefinite period on 28 November 2006. On 25 May 2020, the Bank was successfully listed on the Cambodia Securities Exchange ("CSX").

On 21 November 2022, the NBC approved the Bank's request for the issuance of green bonds to qualified investors in amount of KHR400 Billion (equivalent to US\$100 Million) on the CSX.

On 7 December 2022, the Securities and Exchange Regulator of Cambodia ("SERC") approved the Bank's request for its nominated Cash Settlement Agent, Registrar Agent, Transfer Agent, and ACLEDA Securities Plc. ("ACS"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Bank, as the Bond Agent when the Bank issues the green bonds in the CSX.

The registered office of the Bank is located at No. 61, Preah Monivong Boulevard, Sangkat Srah Chork, Khan Daun Penh, Phnom Penh, Kingdom of Cambodia.

The Bank operates under the supervision of the NBC with special focus on providing lending and other financial services to the citizenry and small and medium-sized enterprises and to engage in all other activities, which the Board of Directors believes support these objectives.

The Bank and its four subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") are operating in the Kingdom of Cambodia, Lao People's Democratic Republic ("PDR") and the Republic of the Union of Myanmar. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 13 to the interim financial statements. Currently, the Group has 264 offices covering all provinces and cities in the Kingdom of Cambodia, 37 offices in the Lao PDR, and 17 offices in the Republic of the Union of Myanmar.

As at 30 June 2024, the Group and the Bank have 13,530 and 12,070 employees, respectively (31 December 2023: 13,503 and 12,045 employees, respectively).

The consolidated and separate interim financial statements as at and for the periods ended 30 June 2024 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 6 August 2024.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

# (a) Basis of preparation and presentation

The interim financial statements of the Group and the Bank have been prepared in accordance with Cambodian International Financial Reporting Standards ("CIFRS"). The consolidated and separate interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for items which are not prepared under the historical cost basis such as:

• Financial instruments, including derivatives, which are valued at fair value.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (a) Basis of preparation and presentation (continued)

The preparation of interim financial statements in conformity with CIFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Board of Directors to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Group's and the Bank's accounting policies. Areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimations are significant to the interim financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

The Group and the Bank present the interim statement of financial position based on liquidity. Generally, assets and liabilities expected to be recovered or settled over 12 months after the reporting period are considered as non-current assets and non-current liabilities, respectively.

An English version of the interim financial statements have been prepared from the interim financial statements that are in the Khmer language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Khmer language financial statements shall prevail.

## (b) Adoption of amended accounting standards

## (i) Amended accounting standards effective during the period

The Group and the Bank adopted all accounting standards and interpretations as at 30 June 2024. The amended accounting standards assessed to be applicable and have no material impact to the Group's and the Bank's interim financial statements are as follow:

• Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to CIAS 1)

The amendments in Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to CIAS 1) affect only the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position — not the amount or timing of recognition of any asset, liability, income or expenses, or the information that entities disclose about those items.

The classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period and align the wording in all affected paragraphs to refer to the "right" to defer settlement by at least twelve months and make explicit that only rights in place "at the end of the reporting period" should affect the classification of a liability; clarify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability; and make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services.

• Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (Amendments to CIAS 1)

Modify the requirements introduced by Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current on how an entity classifies debt and other financial liabilities as current or non-current in particular circumstances: Only covenants with which an entity is required to comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. In addition, an entity has to disclose information in the notes that enables users of financial statements to understand the risk that non-current liabilities with covenants could become repayable within twelve months.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (b) Adoption of amended accounting standards (continued)

#### (ii) Amended accounting standards, which are not yet effective and not early adopted

At the date of authorisation of these interim financial statements, the following amended accounting standards have been issued but are not yet effective were assessed to be applicable to the Group and the Bank:

- Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to CIAS 21, The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates)
- CIFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements
- CIFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

The Group and the Bank do not expect that the adoption of the amendments to the accounting standards listed above will have a material impact on the interim financial statements of the Group and the Bank in future periods.

# (c) Consolidation

## (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Bank has control. The Bank controls an entity when the Bank is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct relevant activities of the entity.

The consolidated interim financial statements include the interim financial statements of the Bank and all its subsidiaries made up to the end of the financial period.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Bank and deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

All material transactions and balances between each of the Group's entities are eliminated and the consolidated interim financial statements reflect external transactions only. Where necessary, the accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

## (ii) Investments in subsidiaries

In the Bank's separate interim financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of investments are recognised in the interim separate statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The amounts due from subsidiaries of which the Bank does not expect repayment in foreseeable future are considered as part of the Bank's investments in subsidiaries.

# (iii) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Bank ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for retained interest as an associate, joint venture, or financial assets. In addition, any amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Bank had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (c) Consolidation (continued)

#### (iv) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests ("NCI") that do not result in loss in control are accounted for as equity transactions that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. For purchases from NCI, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share in the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary acquired is deducted from equity. For disposals to NCI, the difference between any proceeds received and the relevant share in NCI are also recognised in equity.

## (v) Non-controlling interests

NCI is measured initially at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition.

Changes in Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

An entity has a choice on a combination-by-combination basis to measure any NCI in the acquiree at either the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets or fair value. The Group has elected to maintain the former approach.

NCI in subsidiaries is identified separately from the Group's equity therein. Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of NCI is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the NCI's share of subsequent changes in equity.

# (d) Foreign currency translation

# (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the interim financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The interim financial statements are presented in United States Dollar ("US\$"), which is the Group's and the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions in currencies other than US\$ are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than US\$ are recognised in the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### (iii) Group's companies

The interim results and interim financial position of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the Bank's presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- a) assets and liabilities for each interim statement of financial position presented are translated using the closing rate at the end of the reporting period;
- b) income and expenses for each interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income presented are translated using the average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case, income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and,

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (d) Foreign currency translation (continued)

#### (iii) Group's companies (continued)

c) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences are reclassified to the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as gain or loss on sale.

#### (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities

#### (i) Recognition and initial measurement

The Group and the Bank initially recognise loans and advances, deposits and placements with other banks, borrowings and subordinated debts on the date on which they are originated. All other financial instruments (including regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets) are recognised on the trade date, which is the date the Group and the Bank become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

## (ii) Classification

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as: amortised cost, FVTPL or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and,
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' ("SPPI").

A debt instrument is measured at FVOCI only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and,
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are SPPI.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group and the Bank may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. However, the Group and the Bank have not made such election.

All other financial assets are classified as FVTPL. As at the reporting date, the Group and the Bank do not have financial assets classified as FVTPL.

In addition, on initial recognition, the Group and the Bank may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost, FVOCI, or FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)
- (ii) Classification (continued)

#### **Business model assessment**

The Group and the Bank make an assessment of the objective of a business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to the Management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In
  particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue,
  maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the
  duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the
  assets:
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's and the Bank's Management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and its strategy on how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated (e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected); and,
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its
  expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered
  in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Group's and the Bank's stated objective
  for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realised.

Financial assets that are held for trading or managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL because they are neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets.

#### Assessment of whether contractual cash flows are SPPI

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as the consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are SPPI, the Group and the Bank consider the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition.

In making the assessment, the Group and the Bank consider:

- · contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash flows;
- leverage features;
- prepayment and extension terms;
- terms that limit the Group's and the Bank's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse loans); and,
- features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of interest rates).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)
- (ii) Classification (continued)

## Assessment of whether contractual cash flows are SPPI (continued)

The Group and the Bank hold a portfolio of long-term fixed-rate loans for which the Group and the Bank have the option to propose to revise the interest rate at periodic reset dates. These reset rights are limited to the market rate at the time of revision in which the Group and the Bank have an option to either accept the revised rate or redeem the loan at par without penalty. The Group and the Bank have determined that the contractual cash flows of these loans are SPPI because the option varies with the interest rate in consideration for the time value of money, credit risk, and other basic lending risks and costs associated with the principal amount outstanding.

#### Non-recourse loans

In some cases, loans made by the Group and the Bank that are secured by collateral from the borrower limit the Group's and the Bank's claim to cash flows of the underlying collateral (non-recourse loans). The Group and the Bank apply judgment in assessing whether the non-recourse loans meet the SPPI criterion. The Group and the Bank typically consider the following information when making this judgement:

- whether the contractual arrangement specifically defines the amounts and dates of the cash payments of the loan;
- the fair value of the collateral relative to the amount of the secured financial asset;
- the ability and willingness of the borrower to make contractual payments, notwithstanding a decline in the value of collateral;
- whether the borrower is an individual or a substantive operating entity or is a special-purpose entity;
- the Group's and the Bank's risk of loss on the asset relative to a full-recourse loan;
- the extent to which the collateral represents all or a substantial portion of the borrower's assets; and,
- whether the Group and the Bank will benefit from any upside from the underlying assets.

#### Reclassifications

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except in the period after the Group and the Bank change its business model for managing financial assets.

### **Financial liabilities**

The Group and the Bank classify its financial liabilities, other than financial guarantees and loan commitments, either at amortised cost or FVTPL. As at the reporting date, the Group and the Bank do not have financial liabilities classified as FVTPL.

# (iii) Derecognition

#### **Financial assets**

The Group and the Bank derecognise a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire [see also Note 2 (e) (iv)], or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group and the Bank neither transfer nor retain substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and do not retain control of the financial asset.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)
- (iii) Derecognition (continued)

## Financial assets (continued)

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset derecognised) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Any cumulative gain/loss recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of equity investment securities designated as FVOCI is not recognised in profit or loss on derecognition of such securities. Any interests in transferred financial assets that qualify for derecognition that is created or retained by the Group and the Bank are recognised as a separate asset or liability.

#### Financial liabilities

The Group and the Bank derecognise a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expired.

(iv) Modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities

#### **Financial assets**

If the terms of a financial asset are modified, then the Group and the Bank evaluate whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. The Group and the Bank consider, among others:

- if the borrower is in financial difficulty, whether the modification merely reduces the contractual cash flows to amounts the borrower is expected to be able to pay;
- whether any substantial new terms are introduced that will affect the risk profile of the loan;
- significant extension of the loan term when the borrower is not in financial difficulty;
- significant change in the interest rate;
- change in the currency the loan is denominated in; and/or,
- insertion of collateral, other security or credit enhancements that will significantly affect the credit risk associated with the loan.

If the cash flows are substantially different, then the contractual rights to cash flows from the original financial asset are deemed to have expired. In this case, the original financial asset is derecognised [see Note 2 (e) (iii)] and a new financial asset is recognised at fair value plus any eligible transaction costs. Any fees received as part of the modification are accounted for as follows:

- fees that are considered in determining the fair value of the new asset and fees that represent reimbursement of eligible transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of the asset; and,
- other fees are included in profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on derecognition.

If cash flows are modified when the borrower is in financial difficulties, then the objective of the modification is usually to maximise recovery of the original contractual terms rather than to originate a new asset with substantially different terms. If the Group or the Bank plan to modify a financial asset in a way that would result in forgiveness of cash flows, then it first considers whether a portion of the asset should be written off before the modification takes place [see Note 2 (e) (vii) for write-off policy]. This approach impacts the result of the quantitative evaluation and means that the derecognition criteria are not usually met in such cases.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)
- (iv) Modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

## Financial assets (continued)

If the modification of a financial asset measured at amortised cost or FVOCI does not result in derecognition of the financial asset, then the Group and the Bank first recalculate the gross carrying amount of the financial asset using the original effective interest rate of the asset and recognise the resulting adjustment as a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. For floating-rate financial assets, the original effective interest rate used to calculate the modification gain or loss is adjusted to reflect current market terms at the time of the modification. Any costs or fees incurred and fees received as part of the modification adjust the gross carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial asset.

If such a modification is carried out because of financial difficulty of the borrower [see Note 2(e) (vii)] then the gain or loss is presented together with impairment losses. In other cases, it is presented as interest income calculated using the effective interest method [see Note 2(t)].

#### **Financial liabilities**

The Group and the Bank derecognise a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss. Consideration paid includes non-financial assets transferred, if any, and the assumption of liabilities, including the new modified financial liability.

If the modification of a financial liability is not accounted for as derecognition, then the amortised cost of the liability is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original effective interest rate and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For floating-rate financial liabilities, the original effective interest rate used to calculate the modification gain or loss is adjusted to reflect current market terms at the time of the modification. Any costs and fees incurred are recognised as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the liability and amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial liability.

#### (v) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the interim statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Bank currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted under CIFRS, or for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions such as in the Group's and the Bank's trading activity.

# (vi) Fair value measurement

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group and the Bank have access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

## (vi) Fair value measurement (continued)

The fair value of a financial liability with a demand feature (e.g. demand deposit) is not less than the amount payable on demand, discounted from the first date on which the amount could be required to be paid.

The Group and the Bank recognise transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

# (vii) Impairment

The Group and the Bank recognise loss allowances for the expected credit loss ("ECL") on the following financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL:

- financial assets that are debt instruments:
- loans and advances;
- financial guarantee contracts issued; and,
- loan commitments issued.

The Group and the Bank measure loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following, for which they are measured as 12-month ECL:

- debt investment securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and,
- other financial instruments (other than loans and advances) on which credit risk has not increased significantly since their initial recognition.

Loss allowances for loans and advances are 12-month ECL will be computed for stage 1, while lifetime ECL will be computed for stage 2 and stage 3.

The Group and the Bank consider a debt investment security to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of 'investment grade'. The Group and the Bank do not apply the low credit risk exemption to any other financial instruments.

12-month ECL is the portion of ECL that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. Financial instruments for which a 12-month ECL is recognised are referred to as 'Stage 1 financial instruments'.

Life-time ECL is the ECL that results from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument. Financial instruments for which a lifetime ECL is recognised but which are not credit-impaired are referred to as 'Stage 2 financial instruments'.

#### Measurement of ECL

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. It is measured as follows:

- financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date: at the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group and the Bank expect to receive);
- financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date: at the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows;
- undrawn loan commitments: at the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Group and the Bank if the commitment is drawn down and the cash flows that the Group and the Bank expect to receive; and,
- financial guarantee contracts: at the expected payments to reimburse the holder less any amounts that the Group and the Bank expect to recover.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

#### (vii) Impairment (continued)

## Measurement of ECL (continued)

The key inputs into the measurement of ECL are the term structure of the following variables:

- Probability of default ("PD");
- Loss given default ("LGD"); and,
- Exposure at default ("EAD").

ECL for exposures in Stage 1 is calculated by multiplying the 12-month PD by LGD and EAD. Lifetime ECL is calculated by multiplying the lifetime PD by LGD and EAD.

The assumptions underlying the ECL calculation are monitored and reviewed monthly and quarterly. There have been no significant changes in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the reporting period.

PD provides an estimate of the likelihood that a customer will be unable to meet its debt obligation or default over a particular time horizon. Financial assets under the general approach requires staging for both 12-month PD and lifetime PD estimation according to historical data using the migration approach or external credit rating approach.

LGD is the magnitude of the likely loss if there is a default. LGD is defined as the percentage of exposure the Group and the Bank might lose in case the customer defaults. These losses are usually shown as a percentage of EAD, and depend, amongst others, on the type and amount of collaterals as well as the type of customers and the expected recovery from the customers.

With updates of collateral value from time to time, the Group and the Bank take collateral value into LGD calculation for ECL computation. In the event of over-collateralised, a floor LGD shall be applied for ECL calculation.

EAD is simply the amount outstanding at the point of default. However, EAD is different following the natures of products:

- Amortised facilities: the current amount allowed under the contract and arising from amortisation
- · Revolving facilities: utilisation rate
- Off-balance sheet: credit conversion factors

As described above and subject to using a maximum of a 12-month PD for Stage 1 financial assets, the Group and the Bank measure ECL considering the risk of default over the maximum contractual period (including any borrower's extension options) over which it is exposed to credit risk, even if, for credit risk management purposes, the Group and the Bank consider a longer period. The maximum contractual period extends to the date at which the Group and the Bank have the right to require repayment or terminate a commitment or guarantee.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)
- (vii) Impairment (continued)

## Measurement of ECL (continued)

However, for credit card facilities that include both a loan and an undrawn commitment component, the Group and the Bank measure ECL over a period longer than the maximum contractual period if the Group's and the Bank's contractual ability to demand repayment and cancel the undrawn commitment does not limit the Group's and the Bank's exposure to credit losses to the contractual notice period. These facilities do not have a fixed term or repayment structure and are managed on a collective basis. The Group and the Bank can cancel them with immediate effect but this contractual right is not enforced in the normal day-to-day management, but only when the Group and the Bank become aware of an increase in credit risk at the facility level. This longer period is estimated taking into account the credit risk management actions that the Group and the Bank expect to take to mitigate ECL. These include a reduction in limits, cancellation of the facility and/or turning the outstanding balance into a loan with fixed repayment terms.

#### Restructured financial assets

If the terms of a financial asset are renegotiated or modified or an existing financial asset is replaced with a new one due to financial difficulties of the borrower, then an assessment is made of whether the financial asset should be derecognised [see Note 2 (e) (iv)] and ECL is measured as follows:

- If the expected restructuring will not result in derecognition of the existing asset, then the expected
  cash flows arising from the modified financial asset are included in calculating the cash shortfalls
  from the existing asset.
- If the expected restructuring will result in derecognition of the existing asset, then the expected fair
  value of the new asset is treated as the final cash flow from the existing financial asset at the time
  of its derecognition. This amount is included in calculating the cash shortfalls from the existing
  financial asset that are discounted from the expected date of derecognition to the reporting date
  using the original effective interest rate of the existing financial asset.

## **Credit-impaired financial assets**

At each reporting date, the Group and the Bank assess whether financial assets carried at amortised cost (and debt financial assets carried at FVOCI, if any) are credit-impaired (referred to as 'Stage 3 financial assets'). A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- material financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or past due event;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group and the Bank on terms that the Group and the Bank would not consider otherwise;
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or,
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

A loan that has been renegotiated due to a deterioration in the borrower's condition is usually considered to be credit-impaired unless there is evidence that the risk of not receiving contractual cash flows has reduced significantly and there are no other indicators of impairment.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)
- (vii) Impairment (continued)

## Presentation of allowance for ECL in the interim statement of financial position

The Group and the Bank present loss allowances for ECL in the interim statement of financial position as follows:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost: as a deduction from the gross carrying amount of the assets:
- loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts: generally, as a provision;
- where a financial instrument includes both a drawn and an undrawn component, and the Group and the Bank cannot identify the ECL on the loan commitment component separately from those on the drawn component: the Group and the Bank present a combined loss allowance for both components. The combined amount is presented as a deduction from the gross carrying amount of the drawn component. Any excess of the loss allowance over the gross amount of the drawn component is presented as a provision; and,
- debt instruments measured at FVOCI: no loss allowance is recognised in the interim statement of
  financial position because the carrying amount of these assets is their fair value. However, the loss
  allowance is disclosed and is recognised in the fair value reserve.

#### Write-off

Loans and debt securities are written off (either partially or in full) when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. This is generally the case when the Group and the Bank determine that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. This assessment is carried out at the individual asset level.

Recoveries of amounts previously written off are included in the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's and the Bank's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

# Non-integral financial guarantee contracts

The Group and the Bank assess whether a financial guarantee contract held is an integral element of a financial asset that is accounted for as a component of that instrument or is a contract that is accounted for separately. The factors that the Group and the Bank consider when making this assessment include whether:

- the guarantee is implicitly part of the contractual terms of the debt instrument;
- the guarantee is required by laws and regulations that govern the contract of the debt instrument;
- the guarantee is entered into at the same time as and in contemplation of the debt instrument; or,
- the guarantee is given by the parent of the borrower or another company within the borrower's group.

If the Group and the Bank determine that the guarantee is an integral element of the financial asset, then any premium payable in connection with the initial recognition of the financial asset is treated as a transaction cost of acquiring it. The Group and the Bank consider the effect of the protection when measuring the fair value of the debt instrument and when measuring ECL.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

#### (vii) Impairment (continued)

## Non-integral financial guarantee contracts (continued)

If the Group or the Bank determines that the guarantee is not an integral element of the debt instrument, then it recognises an asset representing any prepayment of guarantee premium and a right to compensation for credit losses. A prepaid premium asset is recognised only if the guaranteed exposure is neither credit-impaired nor has undergone a significant increase in credit risk ("SICR") when the guarantee is acquired. These assets are recognised in 'Other assets'. The Group and the Bank present gains or losses on the compensation outright in profit or loss as 'Impairment losses on financial instruments'.

#### (viii) Derivative financial instruments

The Group and the Bank enter into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate through interest rate swaps. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Group's and the Bank's policies approved by the Board of Directors, which provide written principles on the use of financial derivatives.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain/loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability. Derivatives are not offset in the interim financial statements unless the Group and the Bank have both the legal right and the intention to offset.

#### (ix) Hedge accounting

The Group and the Bank designate certain derivatives as hedging instruments in respect of foreign currency risk and interest rate risk in fair value hedges, cash flow hedges, or hedges of net investments in foreign operations, as appropriate. Hedges of interest rate risk on firm commitments are accounted for as cash flow hedges. The Group and the Bank do not apply fair value hedge accounting on portfolio hedges of interest rate risk.

At the inception of the hedge relationship, the Group and the Bank document the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, along with the risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Group and the Bank document whether the hedging instrument is effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk, which is when the hedging relationship meets all of the following hedge effectiveness requirements:

- there is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument;
- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship; and,
- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Group and the Bank actually hedge and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the Group and the Bank actually use to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

The Group and the Bank rebalance a hedging relationship in order to comply with the hedge ratio requirements, when necessary.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (e) Financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

#### (ix) Hedge accounting (continued)

If a hedging relationship ceases to meet the hedge effectiveness requirement relating to the hedge ratio but the risk management objective for that designated hedging relationship remains the same, the Group and the Bank adjust the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship (i.e. rebalances the hedge) so that it meets the qualifying criteria again.

As at the reporting date, the Group and the Bank only have cash flow hedges for its interest rate swap agreements.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives and other qualifying hedging instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in the Group's and the Bank's retained earnings, but limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from the inception of the hedge less any amounts recycled to profit or loss.

Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the period when the hedged item affects profit or loss and in the same line as the recognised hedged item. If the Group and the Bank no longer expect the transaction to occur, that amount is immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

The Group and the Bank discontinue hedge accounting only when the hedging relationship (or a part thereof) ceases to meet the qualifying criteria (after rebalancing, if applicable). This includes instances when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or where the occurrence of the designated hedged forecast transaction is no longer considered to be highly probable. The discontinuation is accounted for prospectively. Any gain/loss recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in profit or loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the gain/loss accumulated in equity is reclassified and recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## (f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and deposits and placements with other banks with original terms of three months or less when purchased, and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortised cost in the interim statement of financial position.

#### (g) Financial investments

The 'Financial investments' caption in the interim statement of financial position may include:

- debt investment securities measured at amortised cost; these are initially measured at fair value plus incremental direct transaction costs, and subsequently at their amortised cost using the effective interest method; and
- equity investment securities designated as FVOCI.

For debt securities measured at FVOCI, gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the following, which are recognised in profit or loss in the same manner as with the financial assets measured at amortised cost:

- interest revenue using the effective interest method;
- ECL and reversals; and,
- foreign exchange gains and losses.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (g) Financial investments (continued)

When debt security measured at FVOCI is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

The Group and the Bank elect to present in other comprehensive income the changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading. The election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

Gains and losses on such equity instruments are never reclassified to profit or loss and no impairment is recognised in profit or loss. Dividends are recognised in profit or loss unless they clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment, in which case they are recognised in other comprehensive income. Cumulative gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income are transferred to retained earnings on disposal of an investment.

## (h) Share capital and share premium

Share capital and share premium are classified as equity.

Share capital represents the nominal (par) value of shares that have been issued. Other shares, if any, are classified as equity and/or liability according to the economic substance of the particular instrument. Distributions to holders of a financial instrument classified as an equity instrument are charged directly to equity.

Share premium includes any premiums received on the issuance of share capital. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new share capital are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax.

## (i) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is determined by dividing the adjusted net profit for the period attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common stocks outstanding during the period, after giving retroactive effect to any stock dividends declared in the current period.

Diluted EPS is also computed by dividing net profit by the weighted average number of common stocks subscribed and issued during the period. However, net profit attributable to common stocks and the weighted average number of common stocks outstanding are adjusted to reflect the effects of all the dilutive potential common stocks into common stocks. Currently, there are no potentially dilutive common stocks.

## (j) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of items of property and equipment. The cost of an item of property and equipment comprises:

- its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates; and,
- any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Management.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (j) Property and equipment (continued)

The cost of any self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and borrowing costs on qualifying assets.

Land is not depreciated. The other items of property and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of these assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Classes	Years
Land improvements	3 to 20
Building and improvements	3 to 20
Leasehold improvements*	3 to 5
Office equipment	3 to 15
Computer equipment	3 to 7
Motor vehicles	3 to 8

<sup>\*</sup> Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of its economic useful life (3 to 5 years) or the term of the relevant lease.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Depreciation on assets under construction commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Items of property and equipment are reviewed for indication of impairment at each reporting date and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in profit or loss in the line item 'Other income, net'.

## (k) Intangible assets

Intangible assets include acquired computer software licenses and related costs. An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Group and the Bank.

Intangible assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The useful life of computer software is from three to seven years except for the license of core banking system which has useful life of ten years.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised. Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as expenses when incurred.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (I) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date. Impairment losses are recognised in the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income.

#### (m) Reserves

Reserves comprise of general reserves, regulatory reserves, hedging reserve and other reserves.

The general reserves are set up for any overall financial risk. The Board of Directors exercises its discretion for the use and maintenance of the general reserves. The transfer from retained earnings to general reserves is subject to the approval of Board of Directors of each entity within the Group.

Regulatory reserves are set up for the variance of provision between impairment in accordance with CIFRS (on loans and advances, deposits and placements with other banks, other receivables, investments in debt securities and off-balance sheet commitments) and regulatory provision (on loans and advances, deposits and placements with other banks, other receivables and off-balance sheet commitments based on the prescribed credit grading rates from the NBC). It is transferred between retained earnings and regulatory reserves.

The hedging reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of hedging instruments used in cash flow hedges pending subsequent recognition in profit or loss.

Other reserves are for currency translation differences of the net investment in foreign operations.

#### (n) Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax expense is determined according to the tax laws of each jurisdiction where each entity of the Group operates and generates taxable income and includes all taxes based upon the taxable profits.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (n) Current and deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax is recognised in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the interim financial statements. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences and unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset tax assets against tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same fiscal authority.

#### (o) Employee benefits

## (i) Short-term employee benefits

The Group and the Bank recognise a liability and an expense for short-term employee benefits. The Group and the Bank recognise a provision where it is contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

Wages, salaries, bonuses, and other short-term benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which the associated services are rendered by the employees of the Group and the Bank.

## (ii) Pension fund scheme

The Bank pays monthly contributions for the compulsory pension scheme to National Social Security Fund (NSSF), a publicly administered social security scheme for pension in Cambodia. The Bank has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due.

Pension fund is both the Bank's and employee's obligation. Contributions were made effective 1 October 2022 and these are paid every month to the National Social Security Fund. For the first five years, contribution to the fund is set at 4% (from KHR400,000 to KHR1,200,000 equivalent US\$97 to US\$291, respectively), which is paid both by the Bank and its employees at 2% each (see Note 25).

## (iii) Long term employment benefits

The Group and the Bank have various long term employment benefit schemes as summarised below:

## Seniority benefits

In accordance with Prakas No. 443 MoLVT dated 21 September 2018 and Notification Letter No. 042/19 K.B/S.N.N.Kh.L dated 22 March 2019 issued by the Ministry of Labour and Vocational Training ("MoLVT"), the Bank and its subsidiaries, except for ACLEDA Bank Lao Ltd. ("ABL") and ACLEDA MFI Myanmar Co., Ltd. ("AMM"), are required to pay seniority indemnity to its employees, as follows:

• Current Seniority Indemnity: effective January 2019, 15 days of their average monthly salary and benefits each year payable every six month on June and December (7.5 days each payment).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (o) Employee benefits (continued)
- (iii) Long term employment benefits (continued)

## Seniority benefits (continued)

 Back Pay Seniority Indemnity: employees are entitled to 15 days of their salary per year of service since the commencement of employment up to 31 December 2018 and still continue working with the Group and the Bank. The back pay seniority indemnity depends on each staff's past services and shall not exceed six months of average basic salaries. On 22 March 2019, the Ministry of Labour and Vocational Training issued guideline number 042/19 K.B/S.N.N.Kh.L, to delay the payment of the past years of seniority service which will be payable three days each in June and in December starting December 2021.

The current seniority indemnity is considered as short-term employee benefits. These are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by the employees of the Group and the Bank.

The back pay seniority indemnity is classified as long-term employee benefits, except for the amount payable within 12 months. The liability was recognised at the present value at the reporting period that employees have earned in return for their service from 2008 to 2018 that the Group and the Bank expect to pay in future reporting periods.

The present value of the back pay seniority indemnity is determined by discounting the estimated future payments by reference to the Bank's the longest term deposit interest rate.

#### Career development benefits

The Bank and its subsidiaries provide career development benefits to their employees ranging from US\$1,250 to US\$6,250 based on the management position level except for ABL which provides career development benefits to its employees ranging from LAK7,947,000 (equivalent to US\$417) to LAK23,372,500 (equivalent to US\$1,226) based on the management position level.

Management position level employees are eligible to receive right of membership when they have been working since their date of appointment in a management position for two years continuously and their performance evaluation has been high (i.e. evaluation score equal to or higher than 700 or very good performance and no warning letter). After completed the two years membership, they will automatically be entitled to the benefit for more three years. The management would receive the benefits at the early of the fourth year.

The liability is recognised in the interim statement of financial position at the present value of employee benefit obligation at the end of each reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The present value is determined by discounting the estimated future payments by reference to three-year fixed deposit interest rate, as the period of the benefit entitlement is three years.

## (p) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Bank have a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount of obligation can be reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (p) Provisions (continued)

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provisions due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

## (q) Interest

## Effective interest rate

Interest income and interest expense are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method. The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to:

- the gross carrying amount of the financial asset; or,
- the amortised cost of the financial liability.

When calculating the effective interest rate for financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired assets, the Group and the Bank estimate future cash flows considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not the ECL. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated using the estimated future cash flows, including the ECL.

The calculation of the effective interest rate includes transaction costs and fees paid or received that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Transaction costs include incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or financial liability.

## Amortised cost and gross carrying amount

The 'amortised cost' of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured on the initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount and, for financial assets, adjusted for any ECL.

The 'gross carrying amount' of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any ECL allowance.

## Interest income and interest expense

The effective interest rate of a financial asset or financial liability is calculated on initial recognition of a financial asset or a financial liability. In calculating interest income and interest expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired) or to the amortised cost of the financial liability. The effective interest rate is revised as a result of periodic re-estimation of cash flows of floating-rate instruments to reflect movements in market rates of interest. The effective interest rate is also revised for fair value hedge adjustments at the date the amortisation of the hedge adjustment begins.

However, for financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If the asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of interest income reverts to gross basis.

For financial assets that were credit-impaired on initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. The calculation of interest income does not revert to gross basis, even if the credit risk of the asset improves.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (q) Interest (continued)

#### **Presentation**

Interest income calculated using the effective interest method presented in the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income may include:

- interest on financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost;
- interest on debt instruments measured at FVOCI;
- the effective portion of fair value changes in qualifying hedging derivatives designated as cash flow hedges of variability in interest cash flows, in the same period as the hedged cash flows affect interest income/expense; and,
- the effective portion of fair value changes in qualifying hedging derivatives designated as fair value hedges of interest rate risk.

Interest expense presented in the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income may include:

- financial liabilities measured at amortised cost; and,
- the effective portion of fair value changes in qualifying hedging derivatives designated in cash flow hedges of variability in interest cash flows, in the same period as the hedged cash flows affect interest income/expense.

Interest income and interest expense on any financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are presented in the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

## (r) Fee and commission

Fee and commission income – including account servicing fees, investment management fees, sales commission, placement fees and syndication fees – are recognised as the related services are performed.

If a loan commitment is not expected to result in the drawdown of a loan, then the related loan commitment fee is recognised on a straight-line basis over the commitment period.

A contract with a customer that results in a recognised financial instrument in the Group's and the Bank's interim financial statements may be partially in the scope of CIFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, and partially in the scope of CIFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. If this is the case, then the Group and the Bank first apply CIFRS 9 to separate and measure the part of the contract that is in the scope of CIFRS 9 and then apply CIFRS 15 to the residual.

#### (s) Recognition of fee and other income

## (i) Dividends

Income from dividends is recognised when the right to receive payment is established. Usually, this is the ex-dividend date for quoted equity securities.

Any dividends on equity instruments designated as FVOCI that clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment are presented in other comprehensive income.

#### (ii) Training and consultancy services

The Group and the Bank recognise service revenue when it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group and the Bank and the amount of revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue from training and consultancy services are recognised when the services are delivered.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (t) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group and the Bank assess whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### As a lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group and the Bank allocate the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices.

The Group and the Bank recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred, and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group and the Bank by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group and the Bank will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group and the Bank use an incremental borrowing rate. Practically, the Group and the Bank used the incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate to measure its right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise of the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments, less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and,
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group and the Bank are reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group and the Bank are reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group and the Bank are reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate; if there is a change in the Group's and the Bank's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; if the Group and the Bank change its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment; or a lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (t) Leases (continued)

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

A short-term lease is a lease that, at the commencement date, has a lease term of 12 months or less. A lease that contains a purchase option is not a short-term lease.

A lease of an underlying asset does not qualify as a lease of a low-value asset if the nature of the asset is such that, when new, the asset is typically not of low value. For example, leases of cars would not qualify as leases of low-value assets because a new car would typically not be of low value.

The Group and the Bank have elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases. The Group and the Bank recognise the lease payments associated with these leases as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (u) Contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Contingent assets arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Group and the Bank. As this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised, contingent assets are not recognised in the Group's and the Bank's interim financial statements. Contingent assets should be disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Contingent liabilities, which include certain guarantees and letters of credit pledged as collateral security, are possible obligations that arise from past events whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence, or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group and the Bank; or are present obligations that have arisen from past events but are not recognised because it is not probable that settlement will require the outflow of economic benefits, or because the amount of the obligations cannot be reliably measured.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the interim financial statements but are disclosed unless the probability of settlement is remote.

#### (v) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components.

The Group reports separately information about an operating segment that meets any of the following quantitative thresholds:

- the absolute amount of its reported profit or loss is 10% or more of the greater, in absolute amount, of the combined reported profit of all operating segments that did not report a loss and the combined reported loss of all operating segments that reported a loss; or,
- its assets are 10% or more of the combined assets of all operating segments.

Operating segments that do not meet any of these quantitative thresholds may be considered reportable, and separately disclosed, if the Management believes that information about the segment would be useful to users of the consolidated interim financial statements.

For Management purposes, the Group is currently organised into two main business segments: Lending and Other financial services. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

Financial information on segment reporting is presented in Note 6.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (w) Rounding of amounts

All amounts in US\$ disclosed in the interim financial statements and notes are in whole US\$ currency unit. All Khmer Riel amounts disclosed in the interim financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units unless otherwise stated.

## 3. COMPOSITION OF THE GROUP

Details of the Bank's subsidiaries as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 are presented in Note 13.

The significant financial information on the interim financial statements of non-wholly owned subsidiary interests of the Bank that has material non-controlling interest are shown below and in the succeeding page. The summarised financial information represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

## ACLEDA University of Business Co., Ltd.

	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000
		334	(Note 5)	(Note 5)
Financial position:				_
Current assets	521,529	296,691	2,143,484	1,211,983
Non-current assets	31,061,552	31,433,019	127,662,979	128,403,883
Total assets	31,583,081	31,729,710	129,806,463	129,615,866
Current liabilities	3,930,387	2,793,262	16,153,891	11,410,475
Non-current liabilities	1,930,931	3,179,093	7,936,126	12,986,596
Total liabilities	5,861,318	5,972,355	24,090,017	24,397,071
Equity	25,721,763	25,757,355	105,716,446	105,218,795
Total liabilities and equity	31,583,081	31,729,710	129,806,463	129,615,866
Ownership and voting interest held by non-controlling interest	23.391%	23.391%	23.391%	23.391%
Equity attributable to:				
Owners of the Parent	19,705,185	19,732,452	80,988,310	80,607,067
Non-controlling interest	6,016,578	6,024,903	24,728,136	24,611,728

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 3. COMPOSITION OF THE GROUP (continued)

ACLEDA University of Business Co., Ltd. (continued)

	Fo	r the six-mon	th period end	led
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000
			(Note 5)	(Note 5)
Results of operations:				
Revenue	3,026,072	2,774,387	12,334,269	11,358,340
Costs and expenses	(3,061,664)	(2,717,399)	(12,479,342)	(11,125,032)
Profit for the period	(35,592)	56,988	(145,073)	233,308
Total comprehensive income for the period	(35,592)	56,988	(145,073)	233,309
Profit attributable to:				
Owners of the Parent	(27,267)	43,658	(111,140)	178,736
Non-controlling interest	(8,325)	13,330	(33,933)	54,573
Total	(35,592)	56,988	(145,073)	233,309
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to:				
Owners of the Parent	(27,267)	43,658	(111,140)	178,736
Non-controlling interest	(8,325)	13,330	(33,933)	54,573
Total	(35,592)	56,988	(145,073)	233,309
Cash flows:				
Net cash inflows from operating activities	1,169,416	563,784	4,766,540	2,308,132
Net cash outflows from investing activities	(124,903)	(56,211)	(509,105)	(230,128)
Net cash outflows from financing activities	(946,933)	(951,247)	(3,859,699)	(3,894,405)
Net cash inflows/(outflows)	97,580	(443,674)	397,736	(1,816,401)

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group and the Bank make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Group's and the Bank's interim results and interim financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial period are outlined below.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each reporting period:

## Measurement of the expected credit loss allowance

The expected credit loss allowance (ECL) for financial assets measured at amortised cost requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour (e.g. the likelihood of customers defaulting and the resulting losses).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Measurement of the expected credit loss allowance (continued)

A number of significant judgements are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- grouping financial assets sharing similar credit risk characteristics for the purposes of measuring ECI
- choosing appropriate models and assumptions to measure ECL
- determining criteria for identifying loans to customers that have experienced a significant increase in credit risk (SICR)
- applying assumptions and analysis on expected future cash flows and forward-looking information.

Please refer to Note 39.1(f) for guidance on assessment of impairment of financial instruments under ECL model. This includes the determination of inputs used in the ECL measurement and incorporation of forward-looking information.

## **Employee benefits**

The present value of back pay seniority indemnity and career development incentive fund obligation depends on a number of factors that are determined by the Management using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost for employee benefits include discount rate and turnover rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the value of employee benefits.

In the absence of a bond market and government bonds, the Management used the longest term deposit rate and three-year fixed deposit interest rate as the discount rate to determine the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the back pay seniority indemnity and career development benefit obligations, respectively.

## Estimating cost of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the lease liabilities, the Group and the Bank use its average incremental borrowing rate which is based on average borrowing interest rate at the time of the commencement of the lease term.

#### 5. TRANSLATION OF UNITED STATES DOLLAR INTO KHMER RIEL

In compliance with the Law on Accounting and Auditing, the financial statements shall be expressed in Khmer Riel ("KHR"). Assets and liabilities of each interim statement of financial position presented and reserves are translated using the closing rate as at the reporting date. Shareholders' capital and share premium are translated at the rate at the date of transaction. The interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the interim statement of cash flows are translated into KHR using the applicable average rates for the three-month and six-month periods. All exchange differences arising from the translation are recognised as "currency translation differences" in the other comprehensive income.

The Group and the Bank have used the official rates of exchange published by the NBC as following:

		Closing Rate	Average rate (six-month)	Average rate (three-month)
30 June 2024	US\$1 =	KHR4,110	KHR4,076	KHR4,080
30 June 2023	US\$1 =	KHR4,130	KHR4,094	KHR4,103
31 December 2023	US\$1 =	KHR4.085		

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operations are mainly in the financial industry sector from which the Group's reporting segments are identified.

#### (a) Business segments

The Group's operating businesses are managed separately according to the nature of services provided (primary segments) and the different geographical markets served (secondary segments) with a segment representing a strategic business unit. The Group's business segments are as follows:

- Lending provides loans to individual, group, and corporate as well as financial institutions. Products
  offered depend on the purpose, feature and size, such as group loan, small loan, medium loan,
  housing loan, car loan, motor loan, overdraft loan, revolving loan, financial lease, trade finance loan,
  etc.
- Other financial services provides other services such as foreign exchange transaction, debit & credit card issuing and acquiring service, fund transfer (local & overseas), and cash management services (such as payroll, cash collection, bills payment, top-up and standing order). These services are leaning toward modernising the digital banking services via mobile application, internet banking and e-commerce as well as other digital ways.

These segments are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information. Transactions between segments are conducted at estimated market rates on an arm's length basis.

Segment revenues and expenses that are directly attributable to primary business segment and the relevant portions of the Group's revenues and expenses that can be allocated to that business segment are accordingly reflected as revenues and expenses of that business segment.

For secondary segments, revenues and expenses are attributed to geographic areas based on the location of the resources producing the revenues, and on the location where the expenses are incurred.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

## (b) Analysis of primary segment information

Primary segment information by business segment on a consolidated basis follows:

		Fo	r the six-mor	nth period end	led		For the six-month period ended					
			30 Jui	ne 2024			30 June 2023					
	Lend	ling	Other finance	cial services	To	tal	Lending Other financial servi			cial services	ervices Total	
	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000
		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)
Revenues												
Interest income	394,871,350	1,609,495,623	-	-	394,871,350	1,609,495,623	371,964,109	1,522,821,062	-	-	371,964,109	1,522,821,062
Interest expense	(173,378,136)	(706,689,282)			(173,378,136)	(706,689,282)	(158,425,583)	(648,594,337)		<u> </u>	(158,425,583)	(648,594,337)
Net interest income Non-interest	221,493,214	902,806,341	-	-	221,493,214	902,806,341	213,538,526	874,226,725	-	-	213,538,526	874,226,725
income	-	-	31,357,220	127,812,028	31,357,220	127,812,028	-	-	36,235,770	148,349,242	36,235,770	148,349,242
Total net revenues	221,493,214	902,806,341	31,357,220	127,812,028	252,850,434	1,030,618,369	213,538,526	874,226,725	36,235,770	148,349,242	249,774,296	1,022,575,967
		For	the three-mo	onth period en	ded			For	the three-mo	nth period end	ed	
			30 Jui	ne 2024					30 Jur	ne 2023		

		For	the three-mo	nth period end	ded		For the three-month period ended						
			30 Jun	e 2024			30 June 2023						
	Lend	ling	Other finance	ial services	Tot	tal	Lenc	ding	Other financial services		Total		
	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	
		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)	
Revenues													
Interest income	199,415,392	813,614,799	-	-	199,415,392	813,614,799	188,136,507	765,151,174	-	-	188,136,507	765,151,174	
Interest expense	(85,340,854)	(348,190,684)		<u> </u>	(85,340,854)	(348,190,684)	(83,036,926)	(337,711,178)		<u> </u>	(83,036,926)	(337,711,178)	
Net interest income Non-interest	114,074,538	465,424,115	-	-	114,074,538	465,424,115	105,099,581	427,439,996	-	-	105,099,581	427,439,996	
income			14,771,774	60,268,838	14,771,774	60,268,838			17,622,141	71,669,247	17,622,141	71,669,247	
Total net revenues	114,074,538	465,424,115	14,771,774	60,268,838	128,846,312	525,692,953	105,099,581	427,439,996	17,622,141	71,669,247	122,721,722	499,109,243	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

## (c) Analysis of secondary segment information

Secondary information (by geographical locations) follows:

			F	or the six-mon	th period ended						F	or the six-mont	th period ende	d		
				30 Jun								30 Jun				
	Kingdom o		Lao F		Republic Union			tal	Kingdom of		Lao I		Republic Unio		Tota	·
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)
Profit or loss				, ,		, ,										· · · · ·
Total income	410,190,207	1,671,935,284	13,296,942	54,198,336	3,481,224	14,189,469	426,968,373	1,740,323,089	392,859,066	1,608,365,016	13,379,683	54,776,422	3,429,700	14,041,195	409,668,449	1,677,182,633
Total expense	(359,597,840)	(1,465,720,796)	(10,538,933)	(42,956,691)	(1,758,511)	(7,167,692)	(371,895,284)	(1,515,845,179)	(325,387,919)	(1,332,138,140)	(9,349,854)	(38,278,302)	(3,312,186)	(13,560,091)	(338,049,959) (	1,383,976,533)
Net profit	50,592,367	206,214,488	2,758,009	11,241,645	1,722,713	7,021,777	55,073,089	224,477,910	67,471,147	276,226,876	4,029,829	16,498,120	117,514	481,104	71,618,490	293,206,100
Other segment information Depreciation and	40 424 225	70 202 004	669.064	2 726 607	06 110	391.781	20 406 409	92 220 550	40.024.007	72 022 545	EGG 744	2 220 250	104 884	420.205	10 702 515	76 572 100
amortisation	19,431,325	79,202,081	668,964	2,726,697	96,119	391,781	20,196,408	82,320,559	18,031,887	73,822,545	566,744	2,320,250	104,884	429,395	18,703,515	76,572,190
			Fo		nth period ended	d					Fo	r the three-mor		ed		
	Vinadom o	of Cambodia	Lan	30 June	Republic Unio	n of Myanmar	Te	otal	Kinadom of	Cambodia	Lao	30 Jun		on of Myanmar	Tot	al
	US\$		US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000		KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000
		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)
Profit or loss																
Total income	205,567,137	838,713,919	6,753,289	27,553,419	2,122,157	8,658,401	214,442,583	874,925,739	198,441,388	807,061,125	6,483,659	26,369,041	1,489,659	6,058,443	206,414,706	839,488,609
Total expense	(179,522,786)	(732,452,967)	(5,586,275)	(22,792,002)	(811,320)	(3,310,186)	(185,920,381)	(758,555,155)	(166,071,875)	(675,414,316)	(5,448,458)	(22,158,879)	(1,813,084)	(7,373,813)	(173,333,417)	(704,947,008)
Net profit	26,044,351	106,260,952	1,167,014	4,761,417	1,310,837	5,348,215	28,522,202	116,370,584	32,369,513	131,646,809	1,035,201	4,210,162	(323,425)	(1,315,370)	33,081,289	134,541,601
Other segment information Depreciation and amortisation	9,804,099	40,000,724	334,717	1,365,645	47,898	195,424	10,186,714	41,561,793	9,140,969	37,176,321	286,778	1,166,326	51,905	211,098	9,479,652	38,553,745
																_
				30 Jur	ne 2024							31 Dec	ember 2023			
	Kingdom o	f Cambodia		PDR	Republic Unio	on of Myanmar		otal		of Cambodia	L	ao PDR	Republic	Union of Myann		Total
		KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000	US	\$ KHR'000	USS			S\$ KHR'	000 L	IS\$ KHR'0	00 US	
	US\$	(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)	•	(Note	5)	(Not	e 5)	(Note	5)	(Note
Financial position		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		(Note 5)			-							
Financial position Total assets Total liabilities	10,113,506,074		182,052,050 146,373,341		22,240,162 4,799,342	(Note 5)		6 42,406,150,955		4 39,379,773,75	3 181,744,9	65 742,428,	182 19,972,	177 81,586,3	9,841,808,6	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

## (d) Reconciliation

Presented below is a reconciliation of the Group's segment information to the key financial information presented in its consolidated interim financial statements.

		For the six-month	period ended	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Revenues				
Total segment revenues	426,968,373	409,668,449	1,740,323,089	1,677,182,633
Elimination of intersegment revenues	(739,803)	(1,468,570)	(3,015,438)	(6,012,329)
Group net revenues as reported in profit or loss	426,228,570	408,199,879	1,737,307,651	1,671,170,304
Profit or loss				
Total segment profit	55,073,089	71,618,490	224,477,910	293,206,100
Elimination of intersegment profit	(21,761)	(29,166)	(88,697)	(119,408)
Group net profit as reported in profit or loss	55,051,328	71,589,324	224,389,213	293,086,692
		For the three-month	n period ended	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Revenues		·	(Note 3)	(14016-3)
Total segment revenues	214,442,583	206,414,706	874,925,739	846,919,539
Elimination of intersegment revenues	(255,417)	(656,058)	(1,042,102)	(2,691,806)
Group net revenues as reported in profit or loss	214,187,166	205,758,648	873,883,637	844,227,733
Profit or loss				
Total segment profit	20 522 202	33,081,289	116,370,584	135,732,529
·	20,322,202	00,001,200		
Elimination of intersegment profit	28,522,202 (28,427)	(38,577)	(115,983)	(158,281)

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

## (d) Reconciliation (continued)

Presented below is a reconciliation of the Group's segment information to the key financial information presented in its consolidated interim financial statements.

	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Assets Total segment assets	10,317,798,286	9,841,808,636	42,406,150,955	40,203,788,278
Elimination of intersegment assets	(97,408,723)	(97,768,150)	(400,349,851)	(399,382,892)
Total assets	10,220,389,563	9,744,040,486	42,005,801,104	39,804,405,386
Liabilities Total segment liabilities	8,809,524,589	8,368,809,353	36,207,146,062	34,186,586,208
Elimination of intersegment liabilities	(6,408,301)	(6,789,669)	(26,338,119)	(27,735,798)
Total liabilities	8,803,116,288	8,362,019,684	36,180,807,943	34,158,850,410
		For the six-mon	th period ended	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Other segment information				
Total segment depreciation and amortisation	20,196,408	18,703,515	82,320,559	76,572,190
Elimination of intersegment depreciation and amortisation	(4,469)	(9,135)	(18,216)	(37,397)
Total depreciation and amortisation	20,191,939	18,694,380	82,302,343	76,534,793

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **6. SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

## (d) Reconciliation (continued)

Presented below is a reconciliation of the Group's segment information to the key financial information presented in its consolidated interim financial statements.

		For the three-mor	nth period ended	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Other segment information				
Total segment depreciation and amortisation	10,186,714	9,479,652	41,561,793	38,553,745
Elimination of intersegment depreciation and amortisation	(3,808)	(4,592)	(15,537)	(18,676)
Total depreciation and amortisation	10,182,906	9,475,060	41,546,256	38,535,069

## 7. CASH ON HAND

		The G	roup		The Bank					
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Current										
By currency:										
In US\$	316,817,358	303,036,520	1,302,119,341	1,237,904,184	314,961,185	301,587,525	1,294,490,470	1,231,985,040		
In KHR	132,264,982	151,910,894	543,609,076	620,556,002	132,253,375	151,904,672	543,561,371	620,530,585		
In THB	52,696,277	32,204,150	216,581,698	131,553,953	50,841,416	30,583,206	208,958,220	124,932,397		
In Euro	1,468,799	576,681	6,036,764	2,355,742	1,467,500	572,521	6,031,425	2,338,748		
In other currencies	8,936,823	8,065,323	36,730,343	32,946,844	2,052,753	1,936,393	8,436,815	7,910,165		
	512,184,239	495,793,568	2,105,077,222	2,025,316,725	501,576,229	486,584,317	2,061,478,301	1,987,696,935		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 8. DEPOSITS AND PLACEMENTS WITH OTHER BANKS, NET

2024   2023   2024   2023			The G	iroup			The B	ank	
National Bank of Cambodia         1,364,859,445         1,389,931,664         5,609,572,319         5,677,870,847         1,364,859,445         1,389,931,664         5,609,572,319         5,677,870,847           Other banks         19,759,011         248,726         81,209,536         1,016,046         19,759,011         248,726         81,209,536         1,016,046           1,384,618,456         1,390,180,390         5,690,781,855         5,678,886,893         1,384,618,456         1,390,180,390         5,690,781,855         5,678,886,893           Balances with overseas banks:         81,209,536         120,589,907         111,517,865         -         -         -         -         -         -           Other banks         262,601,313         92,179,627         1,079,291,397         376,553,777         258,895,246         88,714,056         1,064,059,461         362,396,919		2024	2023	2024 KHR'000	2023 KHR'000	2024	2023	2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Other banks         19,759,011   248,726   81,209,536   1,016,046   19,759,011   248,726   81,209,536   1,016,046   13,84,618,456   1,390,180,390   5,690,781,855   5,678,886,893   1,384,618,456   1,390,180,390   5,690,781,855   5,678,886,893   1,384,618,456   1,390,180,390   5,690,781,855   5,678,886,893   1,384,618,456   1,390,180,390   5,690,781,855   5,678,886,893   1,384,618,456   1,390,180,390   1,390,180,	Balances with local banks:	_	_						
Balances with overseas banks:       29,340,610       27,299,355       120,589,907       111,517,865       58,895,246       88,714,056       1,064,059,461       362,396,919	National Bank of Cambodia	1,364,859,445	1,389,931,664	5,609,572,319	5,677,870,847	1,364,859,445	1,389,931,664	5,609,572,319	5,677,870,847
Balances with overseas banks:         Bank of Lao PDR       29,340,610       27,299,355       120,589,907       111,517,865       -	Other banks	19,759,011	248,726	81,209,536	1,016,046	19,759,011	248,726	81,209,536	1,016,046
Bank of Lao PDR       29,340,610       27,299,355       120,589,907       111,517,865       -		1,384,618,456	1,390,180,390	5,690,781,855	5,678,886,893	1,384,618,456	1,390,180,390	5,690,781,855	5,678,886,893
Other banks <u>262,601,313</u> <u>92,179,627</u> <u>1,079,291,397</u> <u>376,553,777</u> <u>258,895,246</u> <u>88,714,056</u> <u>1,064,059,461</u> <u>362,396,919</u>		00.040.040	07.000.055	400 500 007	444 547 005				
						-	-	-	-
291,941,923 119,478,982 1,199,881,304 488,071,642 258,895,246 88,714,056 1,064,059,461 362,396,919	Other banks							<del></del>	
		291,941,923	119,478,982	1,199,881,304	488,071,642	258,895,246	88,714,056	1,064,059,461	362,396,919
Total balances with local and overseas banks 1,676,560,379 1,509,659,372 6,890,663,159 6,166,958,535 1,643,513,702 1,478,894,446 6,754,841,316 6,041,283,812		1,676,560,379	1,509,659,372	6,890,663,159	6,166,958,535	1,643,513,702	1,478,894,446	6,754,841,316	6,041,283,812
Allowance for impairment losses (188,390) (116,194) (774,284) (474,653) (51,249) (12,425) (210,634) (50,756)	Allowance for impairment losses	(188,390)	(116,194)	(774,284)	(474,653)	(51,249)	(12,425)	(210,634)	(50,756)
1,676,371,989 1,509,543,178 6,889,888,875 6,166,483,882 1,643,462,453 1,478,882,021 6,754,630,682 6,041,233,056	•	1,676,371,989	1,509,543,178	6,889,888,875	6,166,483,882	1,643,462,453	1,478,882,021	6,754,630,682	6,041,233,056
Current 1,676,371,989 1,509,543,178 6,889,888,875 6,166,483,882 1,643,462,453 1,478,882,021 6,754,630,682 6,041,233,056 Non-current		1,676,371,989	1,509,543,178	6,889,888,875	6,166,483,882	1,643,462,453	1,478,882,021	6,754,630,682	6,041,233,056
<u>1,676,371,989</u> <u>1,509,543,178</u> <u>6,889,888,875</u> <u>6,166,483,882</u> <u>1,643,462,453</u> <u>1,478,882,021</u> <u>6,754,630,682</u> <u>6,041,233,056</u>	,	1,676,371,989	1,509,543,178	6,889,888,875	6,166,483,882	1,643,462,453	1,478,882,021	6,754,630,682	6,041,233,056

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 8. **DEPOSITS AND PLACEMENTS WITH OTHER BANKS, NET** (continued)

## a) By account types

		The G	iroup		The Bank					
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Balances with local banks:				(4.5.5.5)			(1000)	(13333)		
Current accounts Fixed deposits	1,365,062,078 19,556,378	1,390,180,390	5,610,405,141 80,376,714	5,678,886,893	1,365,062,078 19,556,378	1,390,180,390	5,610,405,141 80,376,714	5,678,886,893		
	1,384,618,456	1,390,180,390	5,690,781,855	5,678,886,893	1,384,618,456	1,390,180,390	5,690,781,855	5,678,886,893		
Balances with overseas banks: Current accounts Fixed deposits	290,735,870 1,206,053	118,474,163 1,004,819	1,194,924,426 4,956,878	483,966,956 4,104,686	258,895,246	88,714,056 -	1,064,059,461	362,396,919		
·	291,941,923	119,478,982	1,199,881,304	488,071,642	258,895,246	88,714,056	1,064,059,461	362,396,919		
Total balances with local and overseas banks	1,676,560,379	1,509,659,372	6,890,663,159	6,166,958,535	1,643,513,702	1,478,894,446	6,754,841,316	6,041,283,812		
Allowance for impairment losses	(188,390)	(116,194)	(774,284)	(474,653)	(51,249)	(12,425)	(210,634)	(50,756)		
	1,676,371,989	1,509,543,178	6,889,888,875	6,166,483,882	1,643,462,453	1,478,882,021	6,754,630,682	6,041,233,056		

## b) By interest rate (per annum)

	The C	Froup	The Bank			
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023		
Current accounts Fixed deposits	Nil 0.74% - 5.50%	Nil 0.74% - 7.50%	Nil 3.48% - 5.50%	Nil 4.34% - 6.95%		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 8. **DEPOSITS AND PLACEMENTS WITH OTHER BANKS, NET** (continued)

## c) By maturity

•		The G	roup		The Bank							
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)				
On demand	1,655,797,949	1,508,602,147	6,805,329,572	6,162,639,772	1,623,957,324	1,478,894,446	6,674,464,602	6,041,283,812				
Within 1 month	-	52,405	-	214,074	-	-	-	-				
Between 2 to 3 months	20,260,382	502,910	83,270,170	2,054,387	19,556,378	-	80,376,714	-				
Between 4 to 6 months	502,048	501,910	2,063,417	2,050,302	-	-	-	-				
	1,676,560,379	1,509,659,372	6,890,663,159	6,166,958,535	1,643,513,702	1,478,894,446	6,754,841,316	6,041,283,812				

## 9. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS, NET

			The	Group		The Bank				
		30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	
	Note	US\$	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	US\$	(Note 5)	KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Unlisted equity securities at FVOCI										
Credit Bureau Holding (Cambodia) Ltd.		153,529	153,529	631,004	627,166	153,529	153,529	631,004	627,166	
SWIFT		36,141	36,141	148,540	147,636	36,141	36,141	148,540	147,636	
Total financial investments at FVOCI	(a)	189,670	189,670	779,544	774,802	189,670	189,670	779,544	774,802	
Unquoted financial investments at amortised cost										
Negotiable certificate of deposits with										
the NBC	(b)	430,148,020	284,890,089	1,767,908,362	1,163,776,014	430,148,020	284,890,089	1,767,908,362	1,163,776,014	
Debt securities	(c)	105,910,465	73,093,885	435,292,011	298,588,520	105,910,465	73,093,885	435,292,011	298,588,520	
		536,058,485	357,983,974	2,203,200,373	1,462,364,534	536,058,485	357,983,974	2,203,200,373	1,462,364,534	
ECL allowance		(356,592)	(629,260)	(1,465,593)	(2,570,527)	(356,592)	(629,260)	(1,465,593)	(2,570,527)	
Total financial investments at										
amortised cost		535,701,893	357,354,714	2,201,734,780	1,459,794,007	535,701,893	357,354,714	2,201,734,780	1,459,794,007	
Total financial investments	į	535,891,563	357,544,384	2,202,514,324	1,460,568,809	535,891,563	357,544,384	2,202,514,324	1,460,568,809	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 9. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS, NET (continued)

		The G	roup		The Bank					
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Current Non-current	491,099,236 44,959,249	301,690,138 56.293.836	2,018,417,859 184,782,514	1,232,404,214 229,960,320	491,099,236 44,959,249	301,690,138 56,293,836	2,018,417,859 184.782.514	1,232,404,214 229,960,320		
Non-canem	536,058,485	357,983,974	2,203,200,373	1,462,364,534	536,058,485	357,983,974	2,203,200,373	1,462,364,534		

#### Analysis of maturity of financial investments at amortised cost

		The G	roup		The Bank					
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Within 1 month	434,913,894	288,443,092	1,787,496,104	1,178,290,030	434,913,894	288,443,092	1,787,496,104	1,178,290,030		
Between 2 to 3 months	1,082,838	3,414,265	4,450,464	13,947,273	1,082,838	3,414,265	4,450,464	13,947,273		
Between 4 to 6 months	4,906,918	71,316	20,167,433	291,326	4,906,918	71,316	20,167,433	291,326		
Between 7 to 12 months	50,195,586	9,761,465	206,303,858	39,875,585	50,195,586	9,761,465	206,303,858	39,875,585		
More than 12 months	44,959,249	56,293,836	184,782,514	229,960,320	44,959,249	56,293,836	184,782,514	229,960,320		
	536,058,485	357,983,974	2,203,200,373	1,462,364,534	536,058,485	357,983,974	2,203,200,373	1,462,364,534		

- (a) This represents the Bank's equity investment in Credit Bureau Holding (Cambodia) Ltd. ("CBC"), directly owned at 5% and indirectly owned at 1% through the Association of Banks in Cambodia. As at 30 June 2024, the Bank's investment in CBC is valued at cost amounting to US\$153,529 (31 December 2023: US\$153,529) and the Bank's investment in Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunications ("SWIFT") is valued at cost amounting to US\$36,141 (31 December 2023: US\$36,141) as the Management believes the cost of these investments approximates its fair value. Dividend income received from CBC during the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 was nil as CBC has not declared dividend (30 June 2023: KHR831,267,360 (equivalent to US\$205,462)).
- (b) As at 30 June 2024, the Bank had pledged negotiable certificate of deposits ("NCD") amounting to US\$1,508,176 (31 December 2023: US\$3,038,699) with the NBC as collateral for settlement clearing facility. As at 30 June 2024, the other NCD amounting to US\$428,639,844 (31 December 2023: US\$281,851,390) with the NBC is made for the purpose of earning interest. The terms of the NCD are for a period of less than or equal to twelve months. As at 30 June 2024, the Bank is yet to utilise the overdraft on the settlement clearing facility.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 9. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS, NET (continued)

(c) On 12 January 2022, the Bank invested in a corporate debt security with a face value of US\$30,000,000 guaranteed by Overseas Cambodian Investment Corporation Ltd, a third party. The debt security earns an interest at the rate of 5.5% per annum and will mature on 11 January 2025. As at 30 June 2024, the carrying amount of this investment is US\$30,777,534 (31 December 2023: US\$31,604,794).

As at 30 June 2024, the amortised cost of the investments in government bonds is KHR308,796,343,200 (equivalent to US\$75,132,930) (31 December 2023: KHR169,482,933,554 (equivalent to US\$41,489,090)) and its face value is KHR308,000,000,000 (equivalent to US\$74,939,172) (31 December 2023: KHR168,000,000,000 (equivalent to US\$41,126,068)). As at 30 June 2024, the Bank has pledged the government bonds amounting KHR115,200,000,000 (equivalent to US\$28,029,197) (31 December 2023: KHR70,348,000,000 (equivalent to US\$17,221,053)) with the NBC as collaterals for settlement clearing facility.

The Bank bought the government bonds from the Ministry of Economy and Finance with information below:

No.	Value date	Quantity	Interest per	Yield to	Tenure	Maturity	Face value (KHR)	Issuanc	e size
NO.	value uate	(sheets)	annum	maturity	(years)	date	per sheet	KHR'000	US\$
1	24/02/2023	60,000	4.00%	4.10%	2	24/02/2025	1,000,000	60,000,000	14,598,540
2	21/07/2023	10,000	3.48%	3.80%	1	21/07/2024	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
3	21/07/2023	10,000	3.48%	3.70%	1	21/07/2024	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
4	18/08/2023	20,000	4.00%	4.30%	2	18/08/2025	1,000,000	20,000,000	4,866,180
5	22/09/2023	8,000	4.50%	5.20%	3	22/09/2026	1,000,000	8,000,000	1,946,472
6	20/10/2023	10,000	3.48%	3.90%	1	20/10/2024	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
7	20/10/2023	10,000	3.48%	3.80%	1	20/10/2024	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
8	24/11/2023	10,000	4.00%	4.50%	2	24/11/2025	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
9	24/11/2023	10,000	4.00%	4.60%	2	24/11/2025	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
10	26/01/2024	10,000	3.50%	3.95%	1	26/01/2025	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
11	26/01/2024	10,000	3.50%	3.85%	1	26/01/2025	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
12	23/02/2024	10,000	4.00%	4.75%	2	23/02/2026	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
13	23/02/2024	10,000	4.00%	4.70%	2	23/02/2026	1,000,000	10,000,000	2,433,090
14	22/03/2024	120,000	4.50%	5.25%	3	22/03/2027	1,000,000	120,000,000	29,197,080
	Total	308,000					14,000,000	308,000,000	74,939,172

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 10. LOANS AND ADVANCES, NET

						The	Group					
		30 June 2024		31	December 202	3		30 June 2024		31 December 2023		
	Gross carrying	ECL	Carrying	Gross carrying	ECL	Carrying	Gross carrying	ECL	Carrying	Gross carrying	ECL	Carrying
	amount	allowance	amount	amount	allowance	amount	amount	allowance	amount	amount	allowance	amount
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)					
							(14010-0)	(11010 0)	(11010 0)	(11010 0)	(14010 0)	(11010 0)
Small Loan	2,964,348,609	36,690,923	2,927,657,686	3,010,956,957	27,770,215	2,983,186,742	12,183,472,783	150,799,694	12,032,673,089	12,299,759,169	113,441,328	12,186,317,841
Medium Loan	2,407,094,218	31,541,087	2,375,553,131	2,363,039,566	18,938,304	2,344,101,262	9,893,157,236	129,633,868	9,763,523,368	9,653,016,627	77,362,972	9,575,653,655
Personal & Others Loan	530,985,498	5,196,529	525,788,969	483,524,761	3,643,801	479,880,960	2,182,350,397	21,357,734	2,160,992,663	1,975,198,650	14,884,929	1,960,313,721
Staff Loan	298,007,117	353,947	297,653,170	297,515,093	59,271	297,455,822	1,224,809,251	1,454,722	1,223,354,529	1,215,349,155	242,122	1,215,107,033
Overdraft Loan	198,713,510	1,579,200	197,134,310	159,816,406	689,036	159,127,370	816,712,526	6,490,512	810,222,014	652,850,019	2,814,712	650,035,307
Public Housing Loan	143,930,717	1,287,556	142,643,161	154,400,982	990,876	153,410,106	591,555,247	5,291,855	586,263,392	630,728,011	4,047,728	626,680,283
Credit Card Loan	97,222,772	3,427,711	93,795,061	88,962,172	2,502,209	86,459,963	399,585,593	14,087,892	385,497,701	363,410,473	10,221,524	353,188,949
Staff Housing Loan	31,240,093	93,989	31,146,104	31,007,135	26,261	30,980,874	128,396,782	386,295	128,010,487	126,664,146	107,276	126,556,870
Revolving Loan	15,827,501	117,411	15,710,090	29,992,751	97,276	29,895,475	65,051,029	482,559	64,568,470	122,520,388	397,372	122,123,016
Home Improvement	40.057.000	440 540	40 500 000	04 40 4 00 5	040 404	00 000 044	00 007 000	4 0 47 000	07.040.470	00 000 440	0.700.007	00 000 040
Loan	16,957,929	449,540	16,508,389	21,134,005	913,194	20,220,811	69,697,088	1,847,609	67,849,479	86,332,410	3,730,397	82,602,013
Trade Loan	15,346,416	58,214	15,288,202	16,962,181	16,335	16,945,846	63,073,770	239,260	62,834,510	69,290,509	66,728	69,223,781
	0.740.074.000	00 700 407	0.000.070.070	0.057.040.000	FF 040 770	0.004.005.004	07 047 004 700	000 070 000	07 005 700 700	07.405.440.557	007.047.000	00 007 000 400
	6,719,674,380	80,796,107	6,638,878,273	6,657,312,009	55,646,778	6,601,665,231	27,617,861,702	332,072,000	27,285,789,702	27,195,119,557	227,317,088	26,967,802,469

						Th	e Bank					
		30 June 2024		31	December 202	23		30 June 2024		31	December 202	23
	Gross carrying amount US\$	ECL allowance US\$	Carrying amount US\$	Gross carrying amount US\$	ECL allowance US\$	Carrying amount US\$	Gross carrying amount KHR'000 (Note 5)	ECL allowance KHR'000 (Note 5)	Carrying amount KHR'000 (Note 5)	Gross carrying amount KHR'000 (Note 5)	ECL allowance KHR'000 (Note 5)	Carrying amount KHR'000 (Note 5)
Small Loan	2,839,913,639	21,041,211	2,818,872,428	2,884,157,048	12,673,382	2,871,483,666	11.672.045.056	86,479,377	11.585.565.679	11.781.781.541	51,770,765	11,730,010,776
	2,390,932,169	31.424.575	2.359.507.594	2.349.484.724	18,865,068	2.330.619.656	9.826.731.215	129.155.003	9,697,576,212	9.597.645.098	77.063.803	9,520,581,295
Medium Loan		- , ,	, , ,	,, - ,	, ,	, , ,	-,, - , -	-,,	, , ,	-, ,,	, ,	, , ,
Personal & Others Loan	527,935,552	5,152,671	522,782,881	480,498,163	3,612,266	476,885,897	2,169,815,118	21,177,477	2,148,637,641	1,962,834,995	14,756,107	1,948,078,888
Staff Loan	293,775,608	342,506	293,433,102	293,163,708	44,899	293,118,809	1,207,417,749	1,407,700	1,206,010,049	1,197,573,747	183,412	1,197,390,335
Overdraft Loan	197,149,651	1,568,214	195,581,437	158,920,550	684,232	158,236,318	810,285,066	6,445,360	803,839,706	649,190,447	2,795,088	646,395,359
Public Housing Loan	141,812,201	1,274,718	140,537,483	151,945,600	982,034	150,963,566	582,848,146	5,239,091	577,609,055	620,697,776	4,011,609	616,686,167
Credit Card Loan	97,222,772	3,427,711	93,795,061	88,962,172	2,502,209	86,459,963	399,585,593	14,087,892	385,497,701	363,410,473	10,221,524	353,188,949
Staff Housing Loan	31,169,683	93,867	31,075,816	30,933,591	26,254	30,907,337	128,107,397	385,793	127,721,604	126,363,719	107,248	126,256,471
Revolving Loan	15,827,501	117,411	15,710,090	29,992,751	97,276	29,895,475	65,051,029	482,559	64,568,470	122,520,388	397,372	122,123,016
Trade Loan	15,346,416	58,214	15,288,202	16,962,181	16,335	16,945,846	63,073,770	239,260	62,834,510	69,290,509	66,728	69,223,781
Home Improvement Loan	_'	91,579	8,607,203	11,622,338	95,583	11,526,755	35,751,994	376,390	35,375,604	47,477,251	390,457	47,086,794
,	6,559,783,974	64,592,677	6,495,191,297	6,496,642,826	39,599,538	6,457,043,288	26,960,712,133	265,475,902	26,695,236,231	26,538,785,944	161,764,113	26,377,021,831

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 10. LOANS AND ADVANCES, NET (continued)

## (a) Loans and advances in gross amount by maturity

		The 0	Group		The Bank				
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Within 1 year	1,547,497,989	1,600,707,057	6,360,216,735	6,538,888,329	1,487,187,201	1,543,246,088	6,112,339,395	6,304,160,270	
Later than 1 year but not later than 3 years	2,151,183,869	2,224,498,064	8,841,365,702	9,087,074,591	2,098,683,254	2,170,793,786	8,625,588,174	8,867,692,616	
Later than 3 years but not later than 5 years	1,475,412,674	1,505,478,580	6,063,946,090	6,149,879,999	1,448,613,905	1,476,912,594	5,953,803,150	6,033,187,946	
Later than 5 years	1,545,579,848	1,326,628,308	6,352,333,175	5,419,276,638	1,525,299,614	1,305,690,358	6,268,981,414	5,333,745,112	
	6,719,674,380	6,657,312,009	27,617,861,702	27,195,119,557	6,559,783,974	6,496,642,826	26,960,712,133	26,538,785,944	

During the period, the Group and the Bank recognised the allowance for impairment losses as follows:

		The G	roup		The Bank				
		or the six-mont	h period ended		For the six-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Allowance for/(reversal of) impairment losses on:						_			
Loans and advances	42,573,627	23,081,648	173,530,104	94,496,267	41,457,515	20,064,386	168,980,831	82,143,596	
Deposits and placements with other banks	78,147	291,391	318,526	1,192,955	39,175	246,968	159,678	1,011,087	
Other receivables	(10,986)	(35,955)	(44,779)	(147,200)	(11,781)	(26,026)	(48,019)	(106,550)	
Investments in debt securities	(272,668)	13,054	(1,111,395)	53,443	(272,668)	13,054	(1,111,395)	53,443	
Recovery on loans write off	(4,908,259)	-	(20,006,063)	-	(4,275,138)	-	(17,425,463)	-	
•	37,459,861	23,350,138	152,686,393	95,595,465	36,937,103	20,298,382	150,555,632	83,101,576	
Off-balance sheet commitments	24,919	1,189	101,570	4,868	23,868	(9,311)	97,286	(38,119)	
	37,484,780	23,351,327	152,787,963	95,600,333	36,960,971	20,289,071	150,652,918	83,063,457	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 10. LOANS AND ADVANCES, NET (continued)

## (a) Loans and advances in gross amount by maturity (continued)

During the period, the Group and the Bank recognised the allowance for impairment losses as follows:

		The G	roup		The Bank				
	F	or the three-mor	nth period ended		For the three-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Allowance for/(reversal of) impairment losses on:		· ·						_	
Loans and advances	22,357,138	13,399,473	91,217,123	54,978,038	21,776,763	11,231,174	88,849,193	46,081,507	
Deposits and placements with other banks	12,965	(263,770)	52,897	(1,082,248)	(34,723)	(266,442)	(141,671)	(1,093,212)	
Other receivables	(9,015)	(5,374)	(36,781)	(22,050)	(11,821)	(6,980)	(48,230)	(28,639)	
Investments in debt securities	(147,474)	25,063	(601,694)	102,833	(147,474)	25,063	(601,694)	102,834	
Recovery on loans write off	(3,166,270)	=	(12,918,381)	=	(2,851,785)	=	(11,635,281)	-	
	19,047,344	13,155,392	77,713,164	53,976,573	18,730,960	10,982,815	76,422,317	45,062,490	
Off-balance sheet commitments	(15,806)	(467)	(64,488)	(1,916)	(19,406)	(5,193)	(79,176)	(21,307)	
	19,031,538	13,154,925	77,648,676	53,974,657	18,711,554	10,977,622	76,343,141	45,041,183	

Exchange differences

At the end of the period

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 10. LOANS AND ADVANCES, NET (continued)

## (a) Loans and advances in gross amount by maturity (continued)

During the period, the Group and the Bank recognised the allowance for impairment losses as follows:

80,796,107

54,712,204

		FOI THE SIX-IIIOHU	i periou enueu					
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
At the beginning of the period Allowance for impairment losses during the	55,646,778	42,242,662	227,317,088	173,913,039	39,599,538	28,156,968	161,764,113	115,922,237
period Written off during the period Currency translation differences Exchange differences	42,573,627 (17,222,436) (201,862)	23,081,648 (10,387,107) (224,999)	173,530,104 (70,198,648) (822,790) 2,246,246	94,496,267 (42,524,816) (921,146) 998,058	41,457,515 (16,403,195) (61,181)	20,064,386 (9,977,194) (41,877)	168,980,831 (66,859,423) (249,374) 1,839,755	82,143,596 (40,846,632) (171,444) 727,672
At the end of the period	80,796,107	54,712,204	332,072,000	225,961,402	64,592,677	38,202,283	265,475,902	157,775,429
		The Gr			_	The B		
		For the three-mon	•	00 1		or the three-mon		00 1
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
At the beginning of the period Allowance for impairment losses during the	67,070,720	47,882,850	271,032,780	194,117,074	50,603,199	33,022,156	204,487,527	133,871,821
period	22,357,138	13,399,473	91,217,123	54,978,038	21,776,763	11,231,174	88,849,193	46,081,507
Written off during the period Currency translation differences	(8,463,499) (168,252)	(6,350,224) (219,895)	(34,531,076) (686,468)	(26,054,969) (902,229)	(7,682,374) (104,911)	(6,050,575) (472)	(31,344,086) (428,037)	(24,825,509) (1,937)

The Bank

For the six-month period ended

3,911,305

265,475,902

2,649,547

157,775,429

The Group

For the six-month period ended

5,039,641

332,072,000

3,823,488

225,961,402

64,592,677

38,202,283

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 11. OTHER ASSETS

		The	Group		The Bank					
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Receivable bakong KHQR Prepayments and advances Withholding tax receivable Stationery supplies Receivable from Western Union and VISA Others	51,574,872 13,379,023 5,591,516 5,056,843 2,025,223 3,755,974 81,383,451	277,194 13,351,052 4,638,694 5,335,702 4,226,939 5,026,633 32,856,214	211,972,724 54,987,785 22,981,131 20,783,625 8,323,667 15,437,052 334,485,984	1,132,337 54,539,048 18,949,065 21,796,343 17,267,046 20,533,796 134,217,635	51,574,872 12,260,094 5,530,579 4,818,389 1,999,146 4,359,050 80,542,130	277,194 12,223,566 4,582,366 5,097,968 4,196,511 4,671,452 31,049,057	211,972,724 50,388,986 22,730,680 19,803,579 8,216,490 17,915,697 331,028,156	1,132,337 49,933,267 18,718,965 20,825,199 17,142,747 19,082,884 126,835,399		
ECL allowance Total	(5,680) 81,377,771	(16,696) 32,839,518	(23,345) 334,462,639	(68,204) 134,149,431	(1,975) 80,540,155	(13,786) 31,035,271	(8,118) 331,020,038	(56,316) 126,779,083		
Current Non-current	67,024,987 14,352,784 81,377,771	17,351,501 15,488,017 32,839,518	275,472,697 58,989,942 334,462,639	70,880,882 63,268,549 134,149,431	66,615,213 13,924,942 80,540,155	15,966,836 15,068,435 31,035,271	273,788,526 57,231,512 331,020,038	65,224,526 61,554,557 126,779,083		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 12. STATUTORY DEPOSITS

			The	Group		The Bank					
	Note	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
With the central bank With other central bank Others	(a) (b) (c)	573,373,551 5,257,409 279,805 578,910,765	543,302,104 5,043,487 281,518 548,627,109	2,356,565,295 21,607,949 1,150,000 2,379,323,244	2,219,389,095 20,602,645 1,150,000 2,241,141,740	573,373,551 - - 573,373,551	543,302,104 - - 543,302,104	2,356,565,295 - - 2,356,565,295	2,219,389,095 - - 2,219,389,095		
Current Non-current		578,910,765 578,910,765	548,627,109 548,627,109	2,379,323,244 2,379,323,244	2,241,141,740 2,241,141,740	573,373,551 573,373,551	543,302,104 543,302,104	2,356,565,295 2,356,565,295	2,219,389,095 2,219,389,095		

## (a) With the central bank

## (i) Reserve requirement

Pursuant to the NBC's Prakas No. B7-023-005 on the maintenance of reserve requirement against banking and financial institutions' deposits and borrowings dated 9 January 2023, the institution shall maintain reserve requirement against deposits and borrowings in accordance with dates and rates as follows:

- From 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023, reserve requirement in foreign currencies shall be at the rate of 9%. From 1 January 2024 onwards, reserve requirement in foreign currencies shall be at the rate of 12.5%.
- The institution shall maintain the reserve requirement in local currency (KHR) at the rate of 7%.

However, in the NBC Letter No. B7-023-2621 Chhor.Tor dated 23 November 2023, the reserve requirement against deposits and borrowings in foreign currencies was changed at the rate of 7% until 31 December 2024.

Pursuant to the NBC's Prakas No. B7-018-282 on the maintenance of reserve requirement against commercial banks' deposits and borrowings, reserve requirements for both KHR and other currencies bear no interest since 29 August 2018.

The reserve requirement with NBC amounted to US\$530,055,718 as at 30 June 2024 (31 December 2023: US\$499,985,802).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 12. STATUTORY DEPOSITS (continued)

#### (a) With the central bank (continued)

## (ii) Capital guarantee

Pursuant to the NBC's Prakas No. B7-01-136 on Bank's Capital Guarantee dated 15 October 2001, the banks are required to maintain 10% of its registered capital as a statutory deposit with the NBC. The deposit, which is not available for use in the bank's day-to-day operations, is refundable should the bank voluntarily ceases its operations in Cambodia. As at 30 June 2024, capital guarantee deposit with NBC amounted to US\$43,316,302 with accrued interest amounted US\$1,531 (31 December 2023: US\$43,316,302 with nil accrued interest). The capital guarantee deposit is earning at an interest and receives interest on a 6-month basis.

#### (b) With other central bank

ABL maintained its compulsory deposits in compliance with the requirements of the Bank of Lao PDR ("BOL"). Statutory deposits with other central bank include compulsory reserve and registered capital reserve. These balances earn no interest. Under regulations of the BOL, banks are required to maintain certain cash reserves with the BOL in the form of compulsory deposits, which are computed at 5.5% for the Lao Kip ("LAK") and 8% for foreign currency (previously, 5% and 5%, respectively), on a bi-monthly basis, of customers' deposits having original maturities of less than 12 months.

#### (c) Others

In compliance with Article 23 of SERC's Prakas No. 001/18 SECC/PR.K dated 20 March 2018 on licensing and supervision of securities business, ACS is required to reserve the guarantee capital of KHR1,000,000,000 (which is equivalent to US\$279,805 and US\$281,518 as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023, respectively) in the SERC's bank account at the NBC to operate as a securities broker in the Kingdom of Cambodia. On 24 November 2023, ACS added KHR150,000,000 (which is equivalent to US\$36,720) in the SERC's bank account at the NBC to fulfil the requirements as stated in Prakas No. 003/18 SECC/PR.K dated 29 May 2018 on the licensing and supervision of collective investment scheme business. This statutory deposit does not bear interest.

On 06 February 2024, the ACS obtained official approval from SERC as distribution company.

#### 13. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

			The E	Bank	
		30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000
	Notes	·	·	(Note 5)	(Note 5)
Unquoted ordinary shares, at cost					
ACLEDA Bank Lao Ltd.	(a)	49,389,566	49,389,566	202,991,116	201,756,377
ACLEDA Securities Plc.	(b)	2,010,000	2,010,000	8,261,100	8,210,850
ACLEDA University of Business Co., Ltd.	(c)	19,805,000	19,805,000	81,398,550	80,903,425
ACLEDA MFI Myanmar Co., Ltd.	(d)	19,913,150	19,913,150	81,843,047	81,345,218
		91,117,716	91,117,716	374,493,813	372,215,870

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 13. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Details of the Bank's subsidiaries are as follows:

		Ownership and Voting Inter				
	Notes	30 June 2024	31 December 2023			
Name of Subsidiaries	·					
ACLEDA Bank Lao Ltd.	(a)	99.90%	99.90%			
ACLEDA Securities Plc.	(b)	100%	100%			
ACLEDA University of Business Co., Ltd.	(c)	76.609%	76.609%			
ACLEDA MFI Myanmar Co., Ltd.	(d)	100%	100%			

## (a) ACLEDA Bank Lao Ltd.

ABL was established in Lao PDR on 13 December 2007 under a preliminary license from the BOL. ABL's principal business is providing banking and related financial services in Lao PDR. The Bank owned 99.90% of ABL's shares. The Bank's initial investment in 2008 in ABL is US\$5,477,399. In 2009, the Bank sold shares to International Finance Corporation ("IFC") amounting to US\$876,384 which decreased the Bank's investments in ABL to US\$4,601,015. In 2010, the Bank injected capital to ABL amounting to US\$5,966,969, thereby increasing its investments to US\$10,567,984.

In 2014, the Bank bought shares from FMO, StichtingTriodosDoen, Tridos Fair Share Fund and IFC amounting to US\$28,875,098 and injected capital to ABL amounting to US\$9,946,484, increasing its investments in ABL to US\$49,389,566. As at 30 June 2024, the Bank's investments in ABL remain the same.

## (b) ACLEDA Securities Plc.

On 1 March 2010, ACS was established in the Kingdom of Cambodia and registered with the Ministry of Commerce ("MOC") under the Registration No. Co.0448KH/2010. On 20 October 2010, the SERC (previously known as SECC) granted a brokerage license to ACS. The registered share capital of ACS is US\$2,010,000 (equivalent to KHR8,240,000,000), divided into 2,060,000 shares with par value of KHR4,000 each. ACS' principal business is providing securities brokerage and other services approved by the SERC. ACS is wholly-owned by the Bank.

## (c) ACLEDA University of Business Co., Ltd.

AUB (previously known as ACLEDA Training Center Ltd. and ACLEDA Institute of Business Co., Ltd) was established in the Kingdom of Cambodia under a primary license from the MOC under the Registration No. Co.1332KH/2011 dated 8 June 2011. The registered share capital of AUB is US\$17,805,000, divided into 17,805,000 shares with par value of US\$1 each. In 2018, AUB increased its share capital by US\$2,000,000 to US\$19,805,000. The revised Memorandum and Articles of Association ("MAA") was endorsed by the MOC on 14 December 2018.

AUB is recognised as an establishment of a private higher education institution under the Sub-Decree No. 13 ANKr. BK dated 25 January 2016 from the Royal Government of Cambodia. AUB provides training and education for Associate's degree, Bachelor's degree, and Master's degree in Business Administration, Major in Banking and Finance. AUB can open branches, new colleges, new departments, new specialties, new levels or classes, new types of education and training, change to a new name and location by submitting relevant documents and by requesting approval from the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sport ("MoEYS").

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 13. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

## (c) ACLEDA University of Business Co., Ltd. (continued)

On 10 February 2021, the NBC approved, on request of the Bank, an increase in the capital of AUB as invested by ACLEDA Financial Trust ("AFT"), amounting to US\$10,000,000, which represents 23.3910% of the total shares registered, equal to 6,047,046 shares at the price of US\$1.6537 per share through a Share Investment Agreement made on 26 February 2021 between the Bank, AUB, and AFT. Consequently, AUB share capital increased to US\$25,852,046 and reduced the Bank's ownership to 76.6090%, which is equal to US\$19,805,000.

On 29 March 2021, AUB submitted a letter to the MOC requesting for its approval on the amendment of its MAA relating to the capital increase and on 2 December 2022, AUB obtained the approval from the MOC.

On 12 February 2024, AUB is recognised as transformation ACLEDA Institute of Business to be ACLEDA University of Business under the Sub-Decree No. 27 RNK. BK from the Royal Government of Cambodia. The Ministry of Education, Youth and Sport ("MoEYS") approved recognised transformation of ACLEDA Institute of Business to be ACLEDA University of Business.

## (d) ACLEDA MFI Myanmar Co., Ltd.

AMM was incorporated in the Republic of the Union of Myanmar under the Republic of the Union of Myanmar Companies Law on 6 September 2012 to provide services per Registration No. 143715094 and started its operations on 18 February 2013. The financial year of the statutory financial statements of AMM is from 1 October to 30 September until year 2021 and from 1 April to 31 March from year 2022 onwards in accordance with the Letter Nº: NgaKaSa/AhMaKha (105/2021) issued on 13 September 2021 on changing the fiscal year of Myanmar.

AMM is permitted to operate as a deposit-taking microfinance institution providing microfinance services to lower income segments of the Myanmar market and other activities allowed by the Microfinance Supervisory Authority at 45 townships in Yangon Region, 28 townships in Bago Region, 3 townships in Mon State and 25 townships in Magway Region.

The Bank's initial investment in 2013 in AMM is US\$9,411,765. In 2014, the Bank sold shares to IFC, COFIBRED S.A and Kredittanstalt Fur Wiederaufbau ("KfW") amounting to US\$3,659,371, which decreased its investments in AMM to US\$5,752,394.

The Bank acquired 3,600,000 ordinary shares (45% of the total shareholdings) of AMM from KfW, COFIBRED S.A, and IFC for a consideration of US\$6,193,321 as approved by the Board of Directors of AMM on 25 April 2018. The share transfers, appointment of representative of shareholders, and changing the Board members were approved on 27 September 2018 by the Secretary of Microfinance Business Supervisory Committee, The Republic of the Union of Myanmar Government.

On 23 September 2019, the Bank injected capital amounting to US\$3,969,923 (equivalent to Myanmar Kyat ("MMK") of 6,099,390,000) and additional capital of US\$3,995,367 (equivalent to MMK6,039,396,000), on 3 December 2019, increasing its ownership to 99.99%, with the remaining interest owned by AUB.

On 12 May 2021, the Bank settled US\$2,145 to AUB to hold 100% of common stock of AMM shares amounting to MMK20,140,000,000 (2019: 99.99% of MMK8,000,000,000). On 5 April 2021, AMM submitted a request to the regulator for the approval of its amended MAA resulting from the change in ownership. Microfinance Business Supervisory Committee has approved AMM's request with Letter No. KaKa-1/6 (467/2021) dated 23 December 2021.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 14. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

	The Group								
	Land US\$	Land improvement US\$	Building and improvement US\$	Leasehold improvement US\$	Office equipment US\$	Computer equipment US\$	Motor vehicles US\$	Construction in progress US\$	Total US\$
Cost									
As at 1 January 2024 Additions Disposals/write-offs Transfers Currency translation differences Adjustments As at 30 June 2024	14,542,280 - - - - - - 14,542,280	1,759,381 17,957 - - - - 1,777,338	99,132,875 - - - - - - - - 99,132,875	11,400,491 695,136 (54,316) 433,583 (28,638) ————————————————————————————————————	96,992,721 1,106,026 (818,022) 64,729 (75,582) 4,409 97,274,281	98,783,454 6,501,334 (2,044,861) 1,449,218 (413,752) 1,413 104,276,806	24,687,205 1,779,180 (309,834) 70,334 (61,502) (6,598) 26,158,785	2,219,363 1,195,802 (2,017,864) (76,769) (41,150) 1,279,382	349,517,770 11,295,435 (3,227,033) - (656,243) (41,926) 356,888,003
AS at 50 valle 2024	14,042,200	1,777,000	00,102,010	12,440,200	01,214,201	104,270,000	20,100,700	1,270,002	
Less: Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2024 Charge for the period Disposals/write-offs Currency translation differences Adjustments As at 30 June 2024	- - - - -	962,313 35,113 (5) 997,421	35,943,579 2,309,140 - (1,831) - 38,250,888	6,514,768 909,043 (52,155) (24,649) 7,347,007	68,126,579 4,849,145 (810,402) (64,799) - 72,100,523	74,455,536 3,383,610 (2,043,316) (317,556) - 75,478,274	15,768,130 969,871 (309,834) (42,017) - 16,386,150	- - - - - -	201,770,905 12,455,922 (3,215,707) (450,857) - 210,560,263
Carrying value	14,542,280	779,917	60,881,987	5,099,249	25,173,758	28,798,532	9,772,635	1,279,382	146,327,740
			<u> </u>					, ,	
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	59,768,771	3,205,459	250,224,967	20,957,913	103,464,145	118,361,967	40,165,530	5,258,259	601,407,011

As at 30 June 2024, fully depreciated property and equipment with total historical cost of US\$128,610,286 (31 December 2023: US\$130,332,368) are still in active use.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 14. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET (continued)

	The Group									
_	Land	Land improvement	Building and improvement	Leasehold improvement	Office equipment	Computer equipment		Construction in progress	Total	
<del>-</del>	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	
Cost										
As at 1 January 2023	14,542,280	1,759,381	99,042,570	9,653,057	83,813,313	90,372,687	21,880,815	2,647,259	323,711,362	
Additions	-	-	36,963	624,186	8,185,446	7,343,153	3,152,508	2,806,212	22,148,468	
Disposals/write-offs	-	-	-	(57,922)	(226, 259)	(205,674)	(485,163)	(93,092)	(1,068,110)	
Transfers	-	-	50,000	591,271	70,516	772,902	-	(1,484,689)	=	
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	(37,803)	(88,342)	(490,434)	(63,196)	(15,090)	(694,865)	
Adjustments _	-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,970	5		(377,262)	(374,287)	
As at 30 June 2023	14,542,280	1,759,381	99,129,533	10,772,789	91,757,644	97,792,639	24,484,964	3,483,338	343,722,568	
Less: Accumulated depreciation										
As at 1 January 2023	-	896,603	31,315,844	5,206,404	61,047,802	69,885,318	15,138,682	-	183,490,653	
Charge for the period	-	32,591	2,295,854	750,440	4,038,668	3,339,349	916,561	-	11,373,463	
Disposals/write-offs	-	· -	· · · · -	(56,653)	(215,496)	(204,582)	(482,302)	-	(959,033)	
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	(31,736)	(78,466)	(370,603)	(58,619)	-	(539,424)	
Adjustments	-	(6)	(2,757)	(881)	(5,616)	(3,458)	(1,081)	-	(13,799)	
As at 30 June 2023		929,188	33,608,941	5,867,574	64,786,892	72,646,024	15,513,241		193,351,860	
Carrying value	14,542,280	830,193	65,520,592	4,905,215	26,970,752	25,146,615	8,971,723	3,483,338	150,370,708	
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	60,059,616	3,428,697	270,600,045	20,258,538	111,389,206	103,855,520	37,053,216	14,386,186	621,031,024	

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 14. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET (continued)

					The Bank				
		Land	Building and	Leasehold	Office	Computer	Motor	Construction	
	Land	improvement	improvement	improvement	equipment	equipment	vehicles	in progress	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Cost									
As at 1 January 2024	2,328,344	282,726	77,196,411	10,932,179	94,915,864	93,025,844	23,741,433	1,316,041	303,738,842
Additions	2,020,044	202,720	77,130,411	662,798	1,045,670	5,179,086	1,603,521	781,515	9,272,590
Disposals/write-offs	_	_	_	(43,637)	(792,476)	(2,036,770)	(309,834)	701,010	(3,182,717)
Transfers	_	_	_	433,583	64,729	622,665	70,334	(1,191,311)	(0,102,717)
Adjustments	_	_	_	-	4,409	1,413	(6,598)	(41,150)	(41,926)
As at 30 June 2024	2,328,344	282,726	77,196,411	11,984,923	95,238,196	96,792,238	25,098,856	865,095	309,786,789
			,,	, 00 . , 020		00,102,200	20,000,000		
Less: Accumulated depreciation									
As at 1 January 2024	_	175,072	32,148,838	6,104,026	66,361,651	70,153,324	15,086,771	-	190,029,682
Charge for the period	_	4,595	1,942,352	899,903	4,802,444	2,986,900	927,025	-	11,563,219
Disposals/write-offs	-	-	-	(41,476)	(786,718)	(2,035,365)	(309,834)	-	(3,173,393)
Currency translation differences	_	(5)	(1,831)	(598)	(3,442)	(2,651)	(662)	-	(9,189)
As at 30 June 2024		179,662	34,089,359	6,961,855	70,373,935	71,102,208	15,703,300		198,410,319
			, ,	-,,		, - ,	-,,		
Carrying value	2,328,344	103,064	43,107,052	5,023,068	24,864,261	25,690,030	9,395,556	865,095	111,376,470
, ,			· · ·			· · · · · ·			
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	9,569,494	<i>4</i> 23,593	177,169,984	20,644,809	102,192,113	105,586,023	38,615,735	3,555,541	457,757,292
	-,,		,,,	-,- ,	, - ,	, ,	,,	-,,	, - ,

As at 30 June 2024, fully depreciated property and equipment with total historical cost of US\$122,317,076 (31 December 2023: US\$124,117,271) are still in active use.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 14. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET (continued)

					The Bank				
	Land US\$	Land improvement US\$	Building and improvement US\$	Leasehold improvement US\$	Office equipment US\$	Computer equipment US\$	Motor vehicles US\$	Construction in progress US\$	Total US\$
Cost								·	
As at 1 January 2023	2,328,344	282,726	77,116,208	9,134,971	81,747,217	84,601,903	21,010,084	2,492,887	278,714,340
Additions	-	-	30,276	618,361	8,074,377	7,178,053	2,910,771	1,794,286	20,606,124
Disposals/write-offs	-	-	-	(52,999)	(214,997)	(198,463)	(404,294)	-	(870,753)
Transfers	-	-	50,000	591,271	70,516	772,902	-	(1,484,689)	-
Adjustments				<u> </u>	2,970	5	<u>-</u>	(377,262)	(374,287)
As at 30 June 2023	2,328,344	282,726	77,196,484	10,291,604	89,680,083	92,354,400	23,516,561	2,425,222	298,075,424
Less: Accumulated depreciation									
As at 1 January 2023	-	165,865	28,256,258	4,761,986	59,270,750	65,604,513	14,368,937	-	172,428,309
Charge for the period	-	4,572	1,931,622	739,150	3,981,833	3,080,746	886,223	-	10,624,146
Disposals/write-offs	-	-	-	(52,296)	(207,016)	(197,569)	(402,295)	-	(859,176)
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments	-	(6)	(2,757)	(881)	(5,616)	(3,458)	(1,080)	-	(13,798)
As at 30 June 2023		170,431	30,185,123	5,447,959	63,039,951	68,484,232	14,851,785		182,179,481
Carrying value	2,328,344	112,295	47,011,361	4,843,645	26,640,132	23,870,168	8,664,776	2,425,222	115,895,943
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	9,616,061	463,778	194,156,921	20,004,254	110,023,745	98,583,794	35,785,525	10,016,167	478,650,245

## Movement for cash used for purchase of property and equipment

		The G	roup		The Bank					
	F	or the six-mont	th period ended		For the six-month period ended					
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Additions Decrease/(increase) in accounts	11,295,435	22,148,468	46,040,193	90,675,828	9,272,590	20,606,124	37,795,077	84,361,472		
payables for capital expenditure Cash used for purchase of property	(1,495,471)	(318,165)	(6,095,540)	(1,302,568)	(95,601)	163,760	(389,670)	670,433		
and equipment	9,799,964	21,830,303	39,944,653	89,373,260	9,176,989	20,769,884	37,405,407	85,031,905		

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

	7	The Group			The Bank	
	Computer software US\$	Work in progress US\$	Total US\$	Computer software US\$	Work in progress US\$	Total US\$
Cost						
As at 1 January 2024	40,498,585	2,730,718	43,229,303	38,153,750	2,288,017	40,441,767
Additions	454,074	832,750	1,286,824	275,350	668,655	944,005
Disposals/write-offs	(1,236)	· -	(1,236)	(1,236)	-	(1,236)
Transfers	238,640	(238,640)	-	238,640	(238,640)	-
Currency translation differences	(194,671)	(37,623)	(232,294)	-	-	-
Adjustments	-	(83,830)	(83,830)	-	(83,830)	(83,830)
As at 30 June 2024	40,995,392	3,203,375	44,198,767	38,666,504	2,634,202	41,300,706
Less: Accumulated amortisation						
As at 1 January 2024	32,458,285	-	32,458,285	30,612,312	-	30,612,312
Charge for the period	1,371,227	-	1,371,227	1,281,667	-	1,281,667
Disposals/write-offs	(1,236)	-	(1,236)	(1,236)	-	(1,236)
Currency translation differences	(156,902)	-	(156,902)	(1,220)	-	(1,220)
As at 30 June 2024	33,671,374	-	33,671,374	31,891,523	-	31,891,523
Carrying value	7,324,018	3,203,375	10,527,393	6,774,981	2,634,202	9,409,183
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	30,101,714	13,165,871	43,267,585	27,845,172	10,826,570	38,671,742

As at 30 June 2024, the Group's and the Bank's fully amortised intangible assets with historical cost of US\$25,485,385 and US\$24,047,236, respectively (31 December 2023: US\$25,101,546 and US\$23,639,872, respectively), are still used actively.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET (continued)

	Т	he Group		•	The Bank	
	Computer software US\$	Work in progress US\$	Total US\$	Computer software US\$	Work in progress US\$	Total US\$
Cost						
As at 1 January 2023	39,382,953	2,484,354	41,867,307	37,140,474	2,261,329	39,401,803
Additions	500,605	929,027	1,429,632	177,221	708,182	885,403
Disposals	-	(144,296)	(144,296)	-	-	-
Transfers	33,400	(33,400)	-	33,400	(33,400)	-
Currency translation differences	(213,904)	(21,800)	(235,704)	-	-	-
Adjustments	<u></u>	(97,600)	(97,600)	<u>-</u>	(97,600)	(97,600)
As at 30 June 2023	39,703,054	3,116,285	42,819,339	37,351,095	2,838,511	40,189,606
Less: Accumulated amortisation						
As at 1 January 2023	30,970,766	-	30,970,766	29,083,379	-	29,083,379
Charge for the period	1,351,698	-	1,351,698	1,242,216	-	1,242,216
Currency translation differences	(189,792)	-	(189,792)	-	-	-
Adjustments	(1,785)	-	(1,785)	(1,785)	-	(1,785)
As at 30 June 2023	32,130,887		32,130,887	30,323,810		30,323,810
Carrying value	7,572,167	3,116,285	10,688,452	7,027,285	2,838,511	9,865,796
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	31,273,050	12,870,257	44,143,307	29,022,687	11,723,050	40,745,737

## Movement for cash used for purchase of intangible assets

		The C	Froup		The Bank				
•	Fo	r the six-mon	th period ended		For the six-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Additions Decrease/(increase) in accounts payables	1,286,824	1,429,632	5,245,095	5,852,913	944,005	885,403	3,847,764	3,624,840	
for intangible assets  Cash used for purchase of intangible assets	(178,724) 1,108,100	(323,384) 1,106,248	(728,479) 4,516,616	(1,323,934) 4,528,979	944,005	885,403	3,847,764	3,624,840	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, NET

		The G	iroup		The Bank			
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Right-of-use assets	34,796,369	32,410,303	143,013,077	132,396,088	33,235,313	30,852,413	136,597,136	126,032,107

The Group and the Bank lease office buildings and cars for its operations. Information about leases for which the Group or the Bank is a lessee is presented below:

		The Gr	oup		The Bank					
•	F	or the six-month	n period ended		For the six-month period ended					
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
At the beginning of the period	32,410,303	28,785,805	132,396,088	118,511,159	30,852,413	26,525,687	126,032,107	109,206,253		
Additions during the period	10,217,285	7,080,781	41,645,654	28,988,717	10,127,330	6,961,517	41,278,997	28,500,451		
Depreciation for the period	(6,364,790)	(5,969,219)	(25,942,884)	(24,437,983)	(6,137,833)	(5,732,335)	(25,017,807)	(23,468,179)		
Lease termination during the period	(1,617,757)	(616,214)	(6,593,978)	(2,522,780)	(1,619,189)	(615,669)	(6,599,814)	(2,520,549)		
Currency translation differences	151,328	(757,935)	616,813	(3,102,986)	12,592	(9,356)	51,325	(38,303)		
Exchange differences	-	-	891,384	364,763	-	-	852,328	366,583		
At the end of the period	34,796,369	28,523,218	143,013,077	117,800,890	33,235,313	27,129,844	136,597,136	112,046,256		

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, NET (continued)

The Group and the Bank lease office buildings and cars for its operations. Information about leases for which the Group or the Bank is a lessee is presented below:

		The G	roup		The Bank				
	Fo	r the three-mon	th period ended		Fo	or the three-mon	th period ended	_	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
At the beginning of the period	33,375,400	28,021,488	134,869,991	113,599,112	31,928,678	26,412,331	129,023,788	107,075,590	
Additions during the period	5,766,203	4,006,476	23,526,108	16,438,571	5,680,001	3,935,303	23,174,404	16,146,548	
Depreciation for the period	(3,190,293)	(2,980,263)	(13,016,395)	(12,228,019)	(3,079,148)	(2,863,643)	(12,562,924)	(11,749,527)	
Lease termination during the period	(1,304,022)	(334,928)	(5,320,410)	(1,374,210)	(1,289,707)	(334,445)	(5,262,005)	(1,372,228)	
Currency translation differences	149,081	(189,555)	608,250	(777,744)	(4,511)	(19,702)	(18,405)	(80,837)	
Exchange differences	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,345,533	2,143,180	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,242,278	2,026,710	
At the end of the period	34,796,369	28,523,218	143,013,077	117,800,890	33,235,313	27,129,844	136,597,136	112,046,256	

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024, the Group and the Bank have recognised the expense relating to short-term lease payments amounting to US\$1,229 and nil, respectively (30 June 2023: the Group and the Bank have recognised expense relating to variable lease payments amounting to US\$16,792 and US\$8,854 respectively).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, NET (continued)

Amounts recognised in the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

		The G	oup			The B	ank	
	Foi	the six-montl	n period ended		Fo	r the six-month	n period ended	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Depreciation expense Interest on lease liabilities Gain on pre-termination of leases	6,364,790 1,027,471 (121,357)	5,969,219 911,457 (76,549)	25,942,884 4,187,972 (494,651)	24,437,983 3,731,505 (313,392)	6,137,833 957,230 (112,732)	5,732,335 841,602 (63,301)	35 25,017,807 02 3,901,669 1) (459,496)	23,468,179 3,445,519 (259,154)
	7,270,904	6,804,127	29,636,205	27,856,096	6,982,331	6,510,636	28,459,980	26,654,544
		The G	oup			The B	ank	
	For	the three-mon	th period ende	<u>d</u>	For	the three-mont	th period ended	k
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000

		1110 01	oup		THE Bank					
	For	the three-mon	th period ende	d	For the three-month period ended					
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Depreciation expense	3,190,293	2,980,263	13,016,395	12,228,019	3,079,148	2,863,643	12,562,924	11,749,527		
Interest on lease liabilities	516,359	456,662	2,106,745	1,873,684	482,063	421,539	1,966,817	1,729,575		
Gain on pre-termination of leases	(110,897)	(21,174)	(452,460)	(86,877)	(87,965)	(15,226)	(358,897)	(62,472)		
	3,595,755	3,415,751	14,670,680	14.014.826	3,473,246	3,269,956	14,170,844	13,416,630		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 17. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

		The C	Froup			The E	Bank	
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	4,093,827 (3,105,021)	4,069,380 (2,716,754)	16,825,629 (12,761,636)	16,623,417 (11,097,940)	-	-	-	-
Net deferred tax assets	988,806	1,352,626	4,063,993	5,525,477				
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities Net deferred tax liabilities	38,099,331 (70,059,382) (31,960,051)	34,793,939 (61,575,984) (26,782,045)	156,588,250 (287,944,060) (131,355,810)	142,133,241 (251,537,895) (109,404,654)	38,099,331 (70,059,382) (31,960,051)	34,793,939 (61,575,984) (26,782,045)	156,588,250 (287,944,060) (131,355,810)	142,133,241 (251,537,895) (109,404,654)
Total deferred tax assets Total deferred tax liabilities Total net deferred tax liabilities	42,193,158 (73,164,403) (30,971,245)	38,863,319 (64,292,738) (25,429,419)	173,413,879 (300,705,696) (127,291,817)	158,756,658 (262,635,835) (103,879,177)	38,099,331 (70,059,382) (31,960,051)	34,793,939 (61,575,984) (26,782,045)	156,588,250 (287,944,060) (131,355,810)	142,133,241 (251,537,895) (109,404,654)

The movements in net deferred tax assets/(deferred tax liabilities) during the period are presented as follows:

		The G	roup			The E	Bank			
	ı	For the six-mont	h period ended		F	For the six-month period ended           30 June         30 June         30 June           2023         2024         2023           US\$         KHR'000         KHR'000				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	2023	2024	2023		
At the beginning of the period	(25,429,419)	(1,137,857)	(103,879,177)	(4,684,557)	(26,782,045)	(2,258,353)	(109,404,654)	(9,297,639)		
Charged to profit or loss	(5,526,570)	(9,035,844)	(22,526,300)	(36,992,745)	(5,178,006)	(9,061,991)	(21,105,553)	(37,099,791)		
Currency translation differences	(15,256)	(87,711)	(62,183)	(359,089)	-	-	-	-		
Exchange differences	-	-	(824,157)	(343,241)	-	-	(845,603)	(355,591)		
At the end of the period	(30,971,245)	(10,261,412)	(127,291,817)	(42,379,632)	(31,960,051)	(11,320,344)	(131,355,810)	(46,753,021)		

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 17. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (continued)

The movements in net deferred tax assets/(deferred tax liabilities) during the period are presented as follows:

		The G	roup			The B	ank			
	Fo	r the three-mon	th period ended		F	or the three-mon	The Bank e three-month period ended 30 June 30 June 2023 2024 2023 US\$ KHR'000 KHR'000 (Note 5) (Note 5)  (6,351,665) (116,550,441) (25,749,650) (4,968,679) (12,721,730) (20,386,490)			
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	2023	2024 KHR'000	2023 KHR'000		
At the beginning of the period	(27,613,266)	(5,240,828)	(111,585,208)	(21,246,316)	(28,841,980)	(6,351,665)	(116,550,441)	(25,749,650)		
Charged to profit or loss	(3,376,831)	(4,927,646)	(13,777,470)	(20,218,132)	(3,118,071)	• • • • • •	(12,721,730)	• • • • • •		
Currency translation differences	18,852	(92,938)	76,916	(381,325)	-	-	-	-		
Exchange differences	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(2,006,055)	(533,859)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(2,083,639)	(616,881)		
At the end of the period	(30,971,245)	(10,261,412)	(127,291,817)	(42,379,632)	(31,960,051)	(11,320,344)	(131,355,810)	(46,753,021)		

The components of and movements in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities during the period presented are as follows:

## Deferred tax assets of the Group:

	Unamortised Ioan fees US\$	Unearned revenue US\$	Provision for loan loss US\$	Other provision US\$	Staff bonus US\$	Unrealised foreign exchange loss US\$	Accelerated depreciation US\$	Lease US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 1 January 2024 (Charged)/credited to profit or loss	8,205,544 (2,453,129)	54,593 (9,597)	13,103,675 687,852	5,564,566 246,908	1,635,771 89,318	2,731,546 449,756	4,768 (4,768)	358,070 6,229,228	7,204,786 (1,905,729)	38,863,319 3,329,839
As at 30 June 2024 In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	5,752,415 23,642,426	44,996 184,934	13,791,527 56,683,176	5,811,474 23,885,158	1,725,089 7,090,116	3,181,302 13,075,151		6,587,298 27,073,795	5,299,057 21,779,123	42,193,158 173,413,879
As at 1 January 2023 Credited/(charged) to profit or loss As at 30 June 2023	10,011,636 498,515 10,510,151	44,281 30,341 74,622	13,597,553 (29,265) 13,568,288	9,554,050 (4,250,710) 5,303,340	2,117,163 (610,384) 1,506,779	1,683,243 341,500 2,024,743	473 381 854	362,157 176,109 538,266	5,873,706 1,435,573 7,309,279	43,244,262 (2,407,940) 40,836,322
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	43,406,924	308,189	56,037,029	21,902,794	6,222,997	8,362,189	3,527	2,223,039	30,187,322	168,654,010

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 17. **DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES** (continued)

## **Deferred tax assets of the Bank:**

	Unamortised loan fees US\$	Provision for loan loss US\$	Other provision US\$	Staff bonus US\$	Unrealised foreign exchange loss US\$	Lease US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 1 January 2024	8,205,544	13,103,675	5,505,303	1,625,989	2,730,883	350,912	3,271,633	34,793,939
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss	(2,453,129)	687,852	244,811	89,819	371,084	6,231,839	(1,866,884)	3,305,392
As at 30 June 2024	5,752,415	13,791,527	5,750,114	1,715,808	3,101,967	6,582,751	1,404,749	38,099,331
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	23,642,426	56,683,176	23,632,969	7,051,971	12,749,084	27,055,107	5,773,517	156,588,250
As at 1 January 2023	10,011,636	13,597,553	9,392,387	2,117,163	1,682,562	359,397	2,481,977	39,642,675
Credited/(charged) to profit or loss	498,515	(29,265)	(4,176,013)	(610,384)	341,358	168,321	884,605	(2,922,863)
As at 30 June 2023	10,510,151	13,568,288	5,216,374	1,506,779	2,023,920	527,718	3,366,582	36,719,812
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	43,406,924	56,037,029	21,543,625	6,222,997	8,358,790	2,179,475	13,903,984	151,652,824

## Deferred tax liabilities of the Group and the Bank:

			The Group				The E	Bank	
	Accelerated depreciation	Unrealised exchange	Others	Lease	Total	Accelerated depreciation	Others	Lease	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
As at 1 January 2024	2,383,244	1,899	61,888,535	19,060	64,292,738	2,375,418	59,187,454	13,112	61,575,984
Charged to profit or loss	204,658	1,190	2,419,698	6,246,119	8,871,665	198,356	2,036,050	6,248,992	8,483,398
As at 30 June 2024	2,587,902	3,089	64,308,233	6,265,179	73,164,403	2,573,774	61,223,504	6,262,104	70,059,382
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	10,636,277	12,696	264,306,837	25,749,886	300,705,696	10,578,211	251,628,602	25,737,247	287,944,060
As at 1 January 2023	1,728,360	3,243	42,650,516	-	44,382,119	1,263,461	40,637,567	-	41,901,028
Charged to profit or loss	527,742	776	5,984,732	202,365	6,715,615	476,145	5,468,973	194,010	6,139,128
As at 30 June 2023	2,256,102	4,019	48,635,248	202,365	51,097,734	1,739,606	46,106,540	194,010	48,040,156
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	9,317,701	16,598	200,863,576	835,767	211,033,642	7,184,573	190,420,011	801,261	198,405,845

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 18. DEPOSITS AND PLACEMENTS OF OTHER BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

		The C	<b>Group</b>			The	Bank	
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Current accounts Savings deposits Fixed deposits	98,737,678 41,167,080 228,164,564 368,069,322	83,966,188 34,860,003 300,966,429 419,792,620	405,811,856 169,196,699 937,756,358 1,512,764,913	343,001,878 142,403,112 1,229,447,863 1,714,852,853	101,512,707 40,520,032 187,946,038 329,978,777	87,716,198 34,103,292 264,586,437 386,405,927	417,217,225 166,537,332 772,458,216 1,356,212,773	358,320,669 139,311,948 1,080,835,595 1,578,468,212
Current Non-current	240,953,892 127,115,430 368,069,322	295,437,098 124,355,522 419,792,620	990,320,496 522,444,417 1,512,764,913	1,206,860,546 507,992,307 1,714,852,853	203,857,541 126,121,236 329,978,777	263,321,140 123,084,787 386,405,927	837,854,493 518,358,280 1,356,212,773	1,075,666,857 502,801,355 1,578,468,212

The deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions are analysed as follows:

## a) By maturity

		The G	Froup			The	Bank	
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Within 6 months Later than 6 months but not later than 1	198,689,922	262,331,052	816,615,579	1,071,622,348	170,791,093	245,963,272	701,951,392	1,004,759,966
year Later than 1 year but not later than 3	42,263,970	33,106,046	173,704,917	135,238,198	33,066,448	17,357,868	135,903,101	70,906,891
years	38,985,430	38,325,522	160,230,117	156,559,757	37,991,236	37,054,787	156,143,980	151,368,805
Later than 3 years	88,130,000	86,030,000	362,214,300	351,432,550	88,130,000	86,030,000	362,214,300	351,432,550
	368,069,322	419,792,620	1,512,764,913	1,714,852,853	329,978,777	386,405,927	1,356,212,773	1,578,468,212

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 18. DEPOSITS AND PLACEMENTS OF OTHER BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (continued)

## b) By relationship

		The	Group			The	Bank	
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Related parties Non-related parties	92,148 367,977,174	51,611 419,741,009	378,728 1,512,386,185	210,831 1,714,642,022	2,908,991 327,069,786	3,840,265 382,565,662	11,955,953 1,344,256,820	15,687,483 1,562,780,729
·	368,069,322	419,792,620	1,512,764,913	1,714,852,853	329,978,777	386,405,927	1,356,212,773	1,578,468,212

## c) By interest (per annum)

	The Gr	oup	The B	The Bank			
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023			
Current accounts	0.00% - 1.50%	0.00% - 1.50%	0.00% - 0.75%	0.00% - 0.75%			
Savings deposits	0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 1.00%	0.05% - 1.00%			
Fixed deposits	0.03% - 8.00%	0.25% - 8.45%	0.02% - 6.66%	0.25% - 8.45%			

## 19. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS

		The C	Froup			The	Bank	
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Current accounts Savings deposits	1,129,599,547	950,009,201	4,642,654,138	3,880,787,587	1,119,607,687	937,729,648	4,601,587,594	3,830,625,612
	2,492,289,221	2,297,291,732	10,243,308,698	9,384,436,725	2,466,135,345	2,272,724,032	10,135,816,268	9,284,077,671
Margin deposits Fixed deposits	18,121,182	17,263,637	74,478,058	70,521,957	18,086,210	17,163,400	74,334,323	70,112,489
	3,746,785,461	3,543,455,849	15,399,288,245	14,475,017,143	3,689,295,783	3,487,671,945	15,163,005,668	14,247,139,895
	7,386,795,411	6,808,020,419	30,359,729,139	27,810,763,412	7,293,125,025	6,715,289,025	29,974,743,853	27,431,955,667

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 19. **DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS** (continued)

		The C	Group			The	Bank	30 June 2024 2023 KHR'000 KHR'000 (Note 5) (Note 5) 6,212,097,088 23,379,795,178	
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	3 2024		
	US\$	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	US\$			
Current Non-current	6,451,195,049 935,600,362	5,793,320,150 1,014,700,269	26,514,411,651 3,845,317,488	23,665,712,814 4,145,050,598	6,377,639,194 915,485,831	5,723,328,073 991,960,952	26,212,097,088 3,762,646,765		
	7,386,795,411	6,808,020,419	30,359,729,139	27,810,763,412	7,293,125,025	6,715,289,025	29,974,743,853	27,431,955,667	

The deposits from customers are analysed as follows:

## a) By maturity

		The	Group			The	Bank	
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Within 6 months Later than 6 months but not later	5,169,612,175	4,696,431,675	21,247,106,039	19,184,923,394	5,118,122,108	4,641,685,771	21,035,481,865	18,961,286,374
than 1 year Later than 1 year but not later than	1,281,582,874	1,096,888,475	5,267,305,612	4,480,789,420	1,259,517,086	1,081,642,302	5,176,615,223	4,418,508,804
3 years	622,351,269	688,857,452	2,557,863,716	2,813,982,691	611,859,163	675,049,102	2,514,741,160	2,757,575,582
Later than 3 years	313,249,093	325,842,817	1,287,453,772	1,331,067,907	303,626,668	316,911,850	1,247,905,605	1,294,584,907
	7,386,795,411	6,808,020,419	30,359,729,139	27,810,763,412	7,293,125,025	6,715,289,025	29,974,743,853	27,431,955,667

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 19. **DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS** (continued)

The deposits from customers are analysed as follows: (continued)

## b) By relationship

		The C	Group			The	Bank	
	30 June	31 December	31 December 30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000
			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)
Related parties	16,202,868	13,291,477	66,593,787	54,295,684	17,123,738	14,597,942	70,378,563	59,632,595
Non-related parties	7,370,592,543	6,794,728,942	30,293,135,352	27,756,467,728	7,276,001,287	6,700,691,083	29,904,365,290	27,372,323,072
	7,386,795,411	6,808,020,419	30,359,729,139	27,810,763,412	7,293,125,025	6,715,289,025	29,974,743,853	27,431,955,667

## c) By interest rate

	The G	roup	The Bank		
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	
Current accounts Margin deposits	0.00% - 1.50%	0.00% - 1.50%	0.00% - 0.75%	0.00% - 0.75%	
	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Savings deposits Fixed deposits	0.00% - 15.00%	0.00% - 15.00%	0.00% - 1.00%	0.05% - 1.00%	
	0.02% - 6.66%	0.25% - 9.50%	0.02% - 6.66%	0.25% - 8.45%	

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 20. OTHER LIABILITIES

		The Gro	oup		The Bank					
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Accounts payable Bakong Fund transfers Accrued annual leave Accrued bonuses Tax payables Others	54,079,501 34,330,961 29,224,553 6,768,798 2,366,602 32,573,273 159,343,688	2,110,321 22,829,011 27,977,024 5,271,250 2,628,107 25,029,631 85,845,344	222,266,749 141,100,250 120,112,913 27,819,760 9,726,734 133,876,152 654,902,558	8,620,661 93,256,510 114,286,143 21,533,056 10,735,817 102,246,043 350,678,230	53,498,771 33,856,788 28,750,571 5,541,320 2,330,334 31,918,561 155,896,345	1,450,509 22,578,216 27,526,513 4,700,000 2,600,510 24,128,226 82,983,974	219,879,949 139,151,399 118,164,847 22,774,825 9,577,673 131,185,285 640,733,978	5,925,329 92,232,012 112,445,806 19,199,500 10,623,083 98,563,804 338,989,534		
Current Non-current	116,771,695 42,571,993 159,343,688	47,206,915 38,638,429 85,845,344	479,931,666 174,970,892 654,902,558	192,840,248 157,837,982 350,678,230	113,769,607 42,126,738 155,896,345	44,788,709 38,195,265 82,983,974	467,593,085 173,140,893 640,733,978	182,961,876 156,027,658 338,989,534		

#### 21. BORROWINGS

The Group and the Bank have entered into borrowing agreements with various lenders. The repayments of principal and interest are made either on quarterly, semi-annual, or annual basis based on the repayment schedule of each of the borrowing agreements. The Group and the Bank did not pledge any collaterals for these borrowings.

		The G	roup		The Bank					
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Current Non-current	473,515,040 216,742,315	160,899,380 698,914,170	1,946,146,814 890,810,915	657,273,968 2,855,064,384	465,589,032 212,493,669	150,401,659 693,016,932	1,913,570,921 873,348,980	614,390,777 2,830,974,167		
	690,257,355	859,813,550	2,836,957,729	3,512,338,352	678,082,701	843,418,591	2,786,919,901	3,445,364,944		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **21. BORROWINGS** (continued)

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities – borrowings

_		The G	oup			The Bank					
		For the six-montl	h period ended		For the six-month period ended						
_	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)			
At the beginning of the period	859,813,550	957,335,869	3,512,338,352	3,941,351,772	843,418,591	944,275,857	3,445,364,944	3,887,583,704			
Additions	1,371,840	84,991,292	5,591,620	347,104,437	-	79,766,582	-	325,766,721			
Charge during the period	32,522,047	36,677,760	132,559,864	149,791,972	31,949,381	36,206,312	130,225,677	147,866,578			
Repayments	(202,061,105)	(134,280,152)	(823,601,064)	(548,400,141)	(196,684,884)	(129,538,733)	(801,687,587)	(529,036,186)			
Withholding tax accrued	(244,672)	(2,298,011)	(997,283)	(9,385,077)	(244,672)	(2,298,011)	(997,283)	(9,385,077)			
Currency translation difference	(1,144,305)	(856,576)	(4,664,187)	(3,498,257)	(355,715)	(170,707)	(1,449,895)	(697,168)			
Exchange differences	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	15,730,427	11,720,146	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	15,464,045	11,537,997			
At the end of the period	690,257,355	941,570,182	2,836,957,729	3,888,684,852	678,082,701	928,241,300	2,786,919,901	3,833,636,569			

_		The G	roup		The Bank					
		For the three-mon	th period ended			For the three-month period ended				
_	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
At the beginning of the period	698,242,180	984,594,924	2,821,596,649	3,991,547,822	685,681,985	969,907,077	2,770,840,901	3,932,003,290		
Additions	1,371,840	4,319,707	5,597,107	17,568,248	-	3,604,410	-	14,659,135		
Charge during the period	15,004,694	19,212,498	61,219,152	78,137,229	14,741,823	18,962,771	60,146,638	77,121,590		
Repayments	(23,746,543)	(63,535,417)	(96,885,895)	(258,398,541)	(21,964,985)	(62,071,216)	(89,617,139)	(252,443,635)		
Withholding tax accrued	570,499	(1,205,766)	2,327,636	(4,903,850)	570,499	(1,205,766)	2,327,636	(4,903,850)		
Currency translation difference	(1,185,315)	(1,815,764)	(4,836,085)	(7,384,712)	(946,621)	(955,976)	(3,862,214)	(3,887,954)		
Exchange differences	-	-	47,939,165	72,118,656	-	-	47,084,079	71,087,993		
At the end of the period	690,257,355	941,570,182	2,836,957,729	3,888,684,852	678,082,701	928,241,300	2,786,919,901	3,833,636,569		

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **21. BORROWINGS** (continued)

The borrowings are analysed as follows:

## a) By relationship

		The	Group		The Bank			
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 Dec ember 2023 KHR'000	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000
			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)
Related parties	49,894,301	49,491,659	205,065,577	202,173,427	49,894,301	49,491,659	205,065,577	202,173,427
Non-related parties	640,363,054	810,321,891	2,631,892,152	3,310,164,925	628,188,400	793,926,932	2,581,854,324	3,243,191,517
	690,257,355	859,813,550	2,836,957,729	3,512,338,352	678,082,701	843,418,591	2,786,919,901	3,445,364,944

#### b) By interest rate

	The Gro	oup	The Bank		
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	
Annual interest rates	2.00% - 13.00%	2.00% - 13.00%	2.00% - 9.80%	2.00% - 9.80%	

As of 30 June 2024, the Bank's financial covenant ratios were not in line with a few debt covenants on borrowings with two lenders amounting to US\$380,791,939. As a result, the non-current portion of the borrowings amounting to US\$283,422,875 has been reclassified from non-current liabilities to current liabilities as of 30 June 2024.

As of the reporting date, the lenders are in the process of approving the waivers of the covenant. On the other hand, management is working to enhance the ratio to be in line with the Bank's strategies and objectives.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 22. SUBORDINATED DEBTS

These are subordinated debts approved by the NBC to be treated as part of complementary capital and represent the outstanding principal and accrued interest payable amount. The Group and the Bank did not pledge any collaterals for these subordinated debts.

		The G		The I	Bank			
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Current Non-current	55,338,960 61,889,017 117,227,977	26,160,421 90,893,461 117,053,882	227,443,125 254,363,860 481,806,985	106,865,320 371,299,788 478,165,108	55,338,960 61,889,017 117,227,977	26,160,421 90,893,461 117,053,882	227,443,125 254,363,860 481,806,985	106,865,320 371,299,788 478,165,108

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities – subordinated debts

		The G	roup		The Bank					
	F	or the six-mont	h period ended			For the six-mont	h period ended			
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
At the beginning of the period	117,053,882	127,762,328	478,165,108	525,997,504	117,053,882	127,762,328	478,165,108	525,997,504		
Additions	14,820,039	15,000,000	60,406,479	61,410,000	14,820,039	15,000,000	60,406,479	61,410,000		
Charge during the period	4,407,746	4,474,876	17,965,973	18,320,142	4,407,746	4,474,876	17,965,973	18,320,142		
Repayments	(19,012,666)	(19,087,053)	(77,495,627)	(78,142,395)	(19,012,666)	(19,087,053)	(77,495,627)	(78,142,395)		
Withholding tax accrued	16,625	(189,623)	67,764	(776,317)	16,625	(189,623)	67,764	(776,317)		
Currency translation difference	(57,649)	(27,836)	(234,977)	(113,961)	(57,649)	(27,836)	(234,977)	(113,961)		
Exchange differences	-	-	2,932,265	1,667,045	-	-	2,932,265	1,667,045		
As the ending of the period	117,227,977	127,932,692	481,806,985	528,362,018	117,227,977	127,932,692	481,806,985	528,362,018		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 22. SUBORDINATED DEBTS (continued)

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities – subordinated debts (continued)

		The G	roup		The Bank					
	Fo	or the three-mon	th period ended		For the three-month period ended					
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
At the beginning of the period	118,993,574	129,878,728	480,853,033	526,528,363	118,993,574	129,878,728	480,853,033	526,528,363		
Additions	14,820,039	15,000,000	60,465,759	61,005,000	14,820,039	15,000,000	60,465,759	61,005,000		
Charge during the period	2,335,978	2,260,245	9,530,790	9,192,416	2,335,978	2,260,245	9,530,790	9,192,416		
Repayments	(19,012,666)	(19,087,053)	(77,571,677)	(77,627,045)	(19,012,666)	(19,087,053)	(77,571,677)	(77,627,045)		
Withholding tax accrued	143,374	(102,686)	584,966	(417,624)	143,374	(102,686)	584,966	(417,624)		
Currency translation difference	(52,322)	(16,542)	(213,474)	(67,276)	(52,322)	(16,542)	(213,474)	(67,276)		
Exchange differences	-	-	8,157,588	9,748,184	-	-	8,157,588	9,748,184		
At the end of the period	117,227,977	127,932,692	481,806,985	528,362,018	117,227,977	127,932,692	481,806,985	528,362,018		

The subordinated debts are analysed as follows:

## a) By relationship

		The Gr	roup		The Bank			
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Related parties Non-related parties	15,110,833 102,117,144 117,227,977	15,094,208 101,959,674 117,053,882	62,105,524 419,701,461 481,806,985	61,659,840 416,505,268 478,165,108	15,110,833 102,117,144 117,227,977	15,094,208 101,959,674 117,053,882	62,105,524 419,701,461 481,806,985	61,659,840 416,505,268 478,165,108

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 22. SUBORDINATED DEBTS (continued)

The subordinated debts are analysed as follows:

#### b) By interest rate

	The G	roup	The B	ank
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
Annual interest rates	6.19% - 11.50%	5.76% - 7.75%	6.19% - 11.50%	5.76% - 7.75%

As of 30 June 2024, the Bank's financial covenant ratio was not in line with a subordinated debt covenant amounting to US\$50,877,531. As a result, the non-current portion of the subordinated debt amounting to US\$28,899,529 has been reclassified from non-current liabilities to current liabilities as of 30 June 2024.

As of the reporting date, the lender is in the process of approving the waivers of the covenant. On the other hand, management is working to enhance the ratio to be in line with the Bank's strategies and objectives.

#### 23. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Under existing interest rate swap contracts, the Group and the Bank agree with other financial institutions and commercial banks to exchange the differences between fixed and floating rate interest amounts calculated on agreed notional principal amounts. Such contracts enable the Group and the Bank to mitigate the risk of changing interest rates on the fair value of issued fixed-rate debt and the cash flow exposures on the issued variable-rate debt. The fair value of interest rate swaps at the end of the reporting period is determined by discounting the future cash flows using the curves at the end of the reporting period and the credit risk inherent in the contract, and is disclosed below. The average interest rate is based on the outstanding balances at the end of the reporting period.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 23. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The following tables detail the notional principal amounts and the remaining terms of interest rate swap contracts outstanding at the end of the reporting period:

#### Cash flow hedges

	_
The	~ ~ ~
ine	Group

	Average Co	ontracted Rate										
Outstanding Contracts	Fixed	Interest		Notional Prin	cipal Amount	I Amount F:				r Value		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
			US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000		
					(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)		
Less than 1 year	1.897%	1.709%	20,000,000	3,750,000	82,200,000	15,318,750	801,000	52,811	3,292,110	215,733		
1 to 2 years	0.560%	2.273%	30,000,000	99,000,000	123,300,000	404,415,000	1,983,240	1,463,462	8,151,116	5,978,242		
More than 2 to 5 years	0.570%	0.565%	21,000,000	66,000,000	86,310,000	269,610,000	1,350,415	4,230,413	5,550,206	17,281,237		
			71,000,000	168,750,000	291,810,000	689,343,750	4,134,655	5,746,686	16,993,432	23,475,212		

#### The Bank

	Average Co	ntracted Rate									
Outstanding Contracts	Fixed I	nterest		Notional Prin	cipal Amount		Fair Value				
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
			US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	
					(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)	
Less than 1 year	1.897%	1.709%	20,000,000	3,750,000	82,200,000	15,318,750	801,000	52,811	3,292,110	215,733	
1 to 2 years	0.560%	2.273%	30,000,000	99,000,000	123,300,000	404,415,000	1,983,240	1,463,462	8,151,116	5,978,242	
More than 2 to 5 years	0.570%	0.565%	21,000,000	66,000,000	86,310,000	269,610,000	1,350,415	4,230,413	5,550,206	17,281,237	
			71,000,000	168,750,000	291,810,000	689,343,750	4,134,655	5,746,686	16,993,432	23,475,212	

The interest rate swaps are settled concurrent with the due date of the hedged item. The Group and the Bank will settle the differences between the fixed and floating interest rate on a net basis.

All interest rate swap contracts that exchange floating rate interest amounts for fixed rate interest amounts are designated as cash flow hedges in order to reduce the Group's and the Bank's cash flow exposure resulting from variable interest rates on borrowings. The interest rate swaps and the interest payments on the loan occur simultaneously and the amount accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss over the period that the floating rate interest payments on the debt affect profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 24. LEASE LIABILITIES

Analysis of the Group's and the Bank's lease liabilities follows:

2024   2023   2024   2023			The G	roup			The E	Bank	
US\$         US\$         KHR'000 (Note 5)         KHR'000 (Note 5)         US\$         US\$         KHR'000 (Note 5)         KHR'000 (Note 5)           Undiscounted lease liabilities         12,615,895         12,490,697         51,851,328         51,024,497         12,389,179         12,070,202         50,919,526         49,306,775           1 to 5 years         23,525,219         22,340,588         96,688,650         91,261,302         22,463,726         21,400,227         92,325,914         87,419,927           More than 5 years         4,867,273         3,055,579         20,004,492         12,482,040         1,926,060         228,533         7,916,107         933,557		30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
Undiscounted lease liabilities(Note 5)(Note 5)(Note 5)(Note 5)Less than 1 year12,615,89512,490,69751,851,32851,024,49712,389,17912,070,20250,919,52649,306,7751 to 5 years23,525,21922,340,58896,688,65091,261,30222,463,72621,400,22792,325,91487,419,927More than 5 years4,867,2733,055,57920,004,49212,482,0401,926,060228,5337,916,107933,557		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Undiscounted lease liabilities         Less than 1 year         12,615,895         12,490,697         51,851,328         51,024,497         12,389,179         12,070,202         50,919,526         49,306,775           1 to 5 years         23,525,219         22,340,588         96,688,650         91,261,302         22,463,726         21,400,227         92,325,914         87,419,927           More than 5 years         4,867,273         3,055,579         20,004,492         12,482,040         1,926,060         228,533         7,916,107         933,557		US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000
Less than 1 year       12,615,895       12,490,697       51,851,328       51,024,497       12,389,179       12,070,202       50,919,526       49,306,775         1 to 5 years       23,525,219       22,340,588       96,688,650       91,261,302       22,463,726       21,400,227       92,325,914       87,419,927         More than 5 years       4,867,273       3,055,579       20,004,492       12,482,040       1,926,060       228,533       7,916,107       933,557				(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)
1 to 5 years       23,525,219       22,340,588       96,688,650       91,261,302       22,463,726       21,400,227       92,325,914       87,419,927         More than 5 years       4,867,273       3,055,579       20,004,492       12,482,040       1,926,060       228,533       7,916,107       933,557	Undiscounted lease liabilities								
More than 5 years 4,867,273 3,055,579 20,004,492 12,482,040 1,926,060 228,533 7,916,107 933,557	Less than 1 year	12,615,895	12,490,697	51,851,328	51,024,497	12,389,179	12,070,202	50,919,526	49,306,775
	1 to 5 years	23,525,219	22,340,588	96,688,650	91,261,302	22,463,726	21,400,227	92,325,914	87,419,927
Total undiscounted lease liabilities         41,008,387         37,886,864         168,544,470         154,767,839         36,778,965         33,698,962         151,161,547         137,660,259	More than 5 years	4,867,273	3,055,579	20,004,492	12,482,040	1,926,060	228,533	7,916,107	933,557
	Total undiscounted lease liabilities	41,008,387	37,886,864	168,544,470	154,767,839	36,778,965	33,698,962	151,161,547	137,660,259
Present value of lease liabilities	Present value of lease liabilities								
Current 12,219,340 12,094,930 50,221,487 49,407,789 11,998,285 11,688,565 49,312,951 47,747,788	Current	12,219,340	12,094,930	50,221,487	49,407,789	11,998,285	11,688,565	49,312,951	47,747,788
	Non-current	22,693,717	20,432,757	93,271,177	83,467,812	20,915,472	18,858,783	85,962,590	77,038,129
Total present value of lease liabilities         34,913,057         32,527,687         143,492,664         132,875,601         32,913,757         30,547,348         135,275,541         124,785,917	Total present value of lease liabilities	34,913,057	32,527,687	143,492,664	132,875,601	32,913,757	30,547,348	135,275,541	124,785,917

The Group and the Bank lease office building and cars for its operations. Information about leases for which the Group and the Bank are a lessee is presented below:

		The Gr	oup			The Ba	ank	
	F	or the six-month	n period ended		Fo	or the six-month	period ended	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
At the beginning of the period	32,527,687	28,448,770	132,875,601	117,123,586	30,547,348	26,457,635	124,785,917	108,926,083
Additions during the period	10,456,775	7,008,604	42,621,815	28,693,225	10,127,330	6,907,053	41,278,997	28,277,475
Payments for the period	(7,344,326)	(6,757,985)	(29,935,473)	(27,667,191)	(6,985,216)	(6,565,714)	(28,471,740)	(26,880,033)
Lease terminations during the period	(1,739,140)	(673,550)	(7,088,735)	(2,757,514)	(1,731,920)	(681,490)	(7,059,306)	(2,790,020)
Interest charged during the period	1,027,471	911,457	4,187,972	3,731,505	957,230	841,602	3,901,669	3,445,519
Adjustment	(792)	-	(3,228)	-	-	-	-	-
Currency translation differences	(14,618)	(14,003)	(59,583)	(57,328)	(1,015)	-	(4,137)	-
Exchange differences	- -	-	894,295	386,917	-	-	844,141	362,001
At the end of the period	34,913,057	28,923,293	143,492,664	119,453,200	32,913,757	26,959,086	135,275,541	111,341,025

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 24. LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

The Group and the Bank lease office building and cars for its operations. Information about leases for which the Group and the Bank are a lessee is presented below:

		The G	roup			The B	ank	
	Fo	or the three-mon	th period ended		For	the three-mon	th period ended	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
At the beginning of the period	33.648.090	28,252,938	135.971.932	114,537,411	31,667,888	26.271.174	127,969,935	106,503,339
Additions during the period	5,945,066	3,934,298	24,255,869	16,142,425	5,680,001	3,880,839	23,174,404	15,923,082
Payments for the period	(3,792,686)	(3,357,278)	(15,474,159)	(13,774,912)	(3,536,740)	(3,264,795)	(14,429,899)	(13,395,454)
Lease terminations during the period	(1,383,470)	(345,174)	(5,644,558)	(1,416,249)	(1,377,671)	(349,671)	(5,620,898)	(1,434,700)
Interest charged during the period	516,359	456,662	2,106,745	1,873,684	482,063	421,539	1,966,817	1,729,575
Adjustment	(12,553)	-	(51,216)	-	385	-	1,571	-
Currency translation differences	(7,749)	(18,153)	(31,616)	(74,482)	(2,169)	-	(8,850)	-
Exchange differences		<u> </u>	2,359,667	2,165,323	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	2,222,461	2,015,183
At the end of the period	34,913,057	28,923,293	143,492,664	119,453,200	32,913,757	26,959,086	135,275,541	111,341,025

Amounts recognised in the interim statement of cash flows is as follow:

		The G	roup			The Ba	nk	
		For the six-mon	th period ended		Fo	r the six-month	period ended	_
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Expenses relating to short-term leases	1,229	-	5,009	-	-	-	-	-
Expense relating to variable leases	-	22,268	-	91,165	-	16,792	-	68,746
	1,229	22,268	5,009	91,165		16,792		68,746

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 24. LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

Amounts recognised in the interim statement of cash flows is as follow:

	For t	The Grou			Fo	The Barthe three-mont		
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Expenses relating to short-term leases Expense relating to variable leases  —————————————————————————————————	789 - 789	8,853 8,853	3,219 - 3,219	36,005 36,005	- - - -	8,853 8,853	- - -	36,005 36,005
	Fo	The Gr			F	The Ba		
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Total cash outflows for lease payments	7,344,326	6,757,985	29,935,473	27,667,191	6,985,216	6,565,714	28,471,740	26,880,033
	For	The Gr	oup th period ended		Fo	The Barrier	ank th period ended	
<del>-</del>	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Total cash outflows for lease payments	3,792,246	3,357,278	15,472,364	13,774,912	3,536,740	3,264,795	14,429,899	13,395,454

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 25. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

			The Gr	oup			The E	Bank	
	-	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Seniority indemnity benefit Career development benefits Pension fund Retirement benefits	(a) (b) (*)	6,311,073 2,392,338 71,737	5,961,627 2,359,069 71,925	25,938,510 9,832,509 294,839	24,353,246 9,636,797 293,814	6,254,974 2,324,069 70,461	5,912,112 2,217,834 70,690	25,707,942 9,551,924 289,595	24,150,977 9,059,852 288,769
	-	8,775,148	8,392,621	36,065,858	34,283,857	8,649,504	8,200,636	35,549,461	33,499,598
Current Non-current	-	1,022,072 7,753,076 8,775,148	1,591,924 6,800,697 8,392,621	4,200,716 31,865,142 36,065,858	6,503,010 27,780,847 34,283,857	983,812 7,665,692 8,649,504	1,493,652 6,706,984 8,200,636	4,043,467 31,505,994 35,549,461	6,101,568 27,398,030 33,499,598
			<b>T</b> I. 0				<b>-</b>	S I	
	-	20 June	The Gr		24 December	20 June	The E		24 December
	-	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Within 1 month Between 2 to 3 months		71,737 31,440	74,705 918,568	294,840 129,218	305,170 3,752,350	70,461 29,316	73,470 824,722	289,594 120,489	300,125 3,368,989
Between 4 to 6 months Between 7 to 12 months		283,076 635,819	300,959 297,692	1,163,442 2,613,216	1,229,418 1,216,072	282,498 601,537	300,381 295,079	1,161,067 2,472,317	1,227,056 1,205,398
More than 12 months		7,753,076	6,800,697	31,865,142	27,780,847	7,665,692	6,706,984	31,505,994	27,398,030
3.1	· <del>-</del>	8,775,148	8,392,621	36,065,858	34,283,857	8,649,504	8,200,636	35,549,461	33,499,598

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 25. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

#### (\*) Retirement benefits

(i) The movements in the retirement benefit obligation during the period are as follows:

		The Gro	oup			The Ban	k	
		For the six-month	period ended		F	For the six-month p	eriod ended	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
At the beginning of the period	-	22,581,539	-	92,968,196	-	21,969,800	-	90,449,666
Current service cost	-	164,944	-	675,281	-	132,997	-	544,490
Interest cost	-	145,339	-	595,018	-	132,415	-	542,107
Benefits paid	-	(22,464,315)	-	(91,968,906)	-	(21,920,036)	-	(89,740,627)
Settlement gain	-	(431,583)	-	(1,766,901)	-	(314,938)	-	(1,289,356)
Currency translation differences	-	4,076	-	16,687	-	(238)	-	(974)
Exchange differences	-	-	-	(519,375)	-	` <del>-</del>	-	(505,306)
At the end of the period				<u> </u>				-

(ii) The amounts recognised in the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:

		The Grou	ıp			The Ba	ank	
	Fo	r the six-month p	eriod ended		F	or the six-month	period ended	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2024 US\$	2023 US\$	2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	2024 US\$	2023 US\$	2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Current service cost	_	164,944	_	675,281	_	132,997	_	544,490
Interest cost	-	145,339	-	595,018	-	132,415	-	542,107
Settlement gain	-	(431,583)	-	(1,766,901)	-	(314,938)	-	(1,289,356)
	-	(121,300)		(496,602)		(49,526)	-	(202,759)

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2023, the Group and the Bank amended the Employee Retirement Operating Manual and decided to terminate the retirement benefit plan due to the Group and the Bank have legal obligation required by the Royal Government of Cambodia to pay the seniority benefits and provident fund. Thus, the Group and the Bank have settled the outstanding amounts accrued for the retirement benefits amounting to US\$22,464,315 and US\$21,920,036, respectively; with the remaining balance after the settlement of US\$350,852 and US\$226,845 credited to profit or loss, respectively.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **25. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS** (continued)

## (a) Seniority indemnity benefits

Movements in seniority indemnity benefits follow:

		The G	roup		The Bank						
	F	or the six-mont	h period ended		For the six-month period ended						
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)			
At the beginning of the period	5,961,627	6,123,116	24,353,246	25,208,868	5,912,112	6,078,067	24,150,977	25,023,402			
Additions (Note 31)	5,236,788	5,327,731	21,345,148	21,811,731	5,147,346	5,245,064	20,980,582	21,473,292			
Benefits paid	(4,883,822)	(5,281,843)	(19,906,458)	(21,623,865)	(4,801,123)	(5,202,198)	(19,569,377)	(21,297,799)			
Currency translation differences	(3,520)	(3,940)	(14,348)	(16,130)	(3,361)	(3,922)	(13,699)	(16,057)			
Exchange differences		<u> </u>	160,922	81,110	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	159,459	80,417			
At the end of the period	6,311,073	6,165,064	25,938,510	25,461,714	6,254,974	6,117,011	25,707,942	25,263,255			

		The G			The Bank For the three-month period ended						
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	nth period ended 30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)			
At the beginning of the period Additions (Note 31) Benefits paid Currency translation differences Exchange differences At the end of the period	8,173,537 3,009,920 (4,870,032) (2,352) 	8,820,274 2,624,651 (5,278,425) (1,436) 	33,029,264 12,280,474 (19,869,731) (9,596) 508,099 25,938,510	35,757,391 10,768,943 (21,657,378) (5,892) 598,650 25,461,714	8,085,646 2,958,931 (4,787,333) (2,270) 	8,737,242 2,579,993 (5,198,780) (1,444) 	32,674,096 12,072,438 (19,532,319) (9,262) 502,989 25,707,942	35,420,779 10,585,711 (21,330,594) (5,925) 593,284 25,263,255			

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **25. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS** (continued)

## (b) Career development benefits

Movements in career development benefits follow:

		The Gr	oup		The Bank For the six-month period ended					
	F	or the six-month	period ended	· ·						
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
At the beginning of the period	2,359,069	4,598,006	9,636,797	18,929,991	2,217,834	4,507,750	9,059,852	18,558,407		
Additions (Note 31) Benefits paid	802,448 (758,329)	829,590 (3,872,526)	3,270,778 (3,090,949)	3,396,341 (15,854,121)	779,113 (672,607)	782,312 (3,872,526)	3,175,665 (2,741,546)	3,202,785 (15,854,121)		
Currency translation differences Exchange differences	(10,850)	(26,638)	(44,225) 60,108	(109,056) (50,731)	(271)	(649)	(1,105) 59,058	(2,657) (52,671)		
At the end of the period	2,392,338	1,528,432	9,832,509	6,312,424	2,324,069	1,416,887	9,551,924	5,851,743		

		The Gro	oup		The Bank For the three-month period ended					
	Fo	r the three-month	n period ended							
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
At the beginning of the period	2,102,768	1,134,687	8,497,285	4,600,021	2,042,931	1,026,738	8,255,484	4,162,396		
Additions (Note 31)	294,540	410,126	1,201,723	1,682,747	278,893	393,885	1,137,883	1,616,110		
Benefits paid	(1,974)	(3,521)	(8,054)	(14,447)	2,327	(3,521)	9,494	(14,447)		
Currency translation differences	(2,996)	(12,860)	(12,224)	(52,765)	(82)	(215)	(335)	(882)		
Exchange differences	-	-	153,779	96,868	-	-	149,398	88,566		
At the end of the period	2,392,338	1,528,432	9,832,509	6,312,424	2,324,069	1,416,887	9,551,924	5,851,743		

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 26. SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

As at 30 June 2024, the authorised share capital comprised of 433,163,019 ordinary shares with par value of US\$1 each. All issued shares are fully paid by the following shareholders and their respective interest in the Bank are:

#### Share capital

	As	at 30 June 2024	As at 31 December 2023			
	Number of shares	US\$	% of shareholding	Number of shares	US\$	% of shareholding
ACLEDA Financial Trust	122,026,994	122,026,994	28.1711%	121,477,368	121,477,368	28.0443%
SMBC	78,259,310	78,259,310	18.0669%	78,259,310	78,259,310	18.0669%
COFIBRED S.A	52,530,223	52,530,223	12.1271%	52,530,223	52,530,223	12.1271%
ORIX Corporation	52,530,223	52,530,223	12.1271%	52,530,223	52,530,223	12.1271%
NHTPE Rumdul	15,160,706	15,160,706	3.5000%	15,160,706	15,160,706	3.5000%
Triodos Microfinance Fund	6,274,582	6,274,582	1.4485%	6,274,582	6,274,582	1.4485%
Triodos Fair Share Fund	5,365,844	5,365,844	1.2388%	5,365,844	5,365,844	1.2388%
Shareholders Legalised from ASA, Plc.	24,916,808	24,916,808	5.7524%	24,916,808	24,916,808	5.7524%
Public Shareholders	76,098,329	76,098,329	17.5681%	76,647,955	76,647,955	17.6949%
	433,163,019	433,163,019	100%	433,163,019	433,163,019	100%
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	_	1,732,652,076		_	1,732,652,076	

On 15 June 2021, 11,488 actual shareholders of ASA, Plc., one of the institutional shareholders of the Bank, has legalised all its shareholdings of 107,204,547 shares or 24.7492% of the Bank's outstanding shares in accordance with the relevant measures, laws and regulations of the SERC. After legalisation, 4% of the Bank's share capital or 17,326,521 shares were floated on the CSX. On 5 April 2022, ASA, Plc. added 64,915,190 floating shares legalised on the CSX equal to 14.9863%.

### **Share premium**

The share premium mainly represents the excess amount received by the Bank over the par value of its shares pursuant to the issuance of shares, net of transaction costs directly distributable to the issuance.

On 25 May 2020, the Bank was successfully listed on the CSX. The number of new issued shares is 4,344,865 shares with a par value of KHR4,000 (US\$0.98) per share, at an offering price of KHR16,200 (US\$3.97) per share. The Bank received the proceeds from the initial public offering ("IPO") amounting to US\$17,082,105 and incurred IPO costs of US\$1,031,025, resulting in share premium of US\$11,706,215 (KHR48,235,459 thousand). On 23 November 2020, the shareholders approved the amendment to the MAA relating to the capital increase from IPO. The MAA was subsequently approved by the NBC and the MOC on 29 March 2021 and 12 May 2021, respectively.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 26. SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM (continued)

#### Dividend

During the period, the following dividends have been declared and paid by the Bank to its owners:

		The Group and	the Bank	
		For the six-month p	period ended	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
<ul> <li>In respect of the year ended 31 December 2023: KHR140.4795 per ordinary share declared on 07 May 2024 and paid on 17 May 2024</li> <li>In respect of the year ended 31 December 2022: KHR685.8985 per ordinary share declared on</li> </ul>	14,805,480	-	60,850,524	-
10 May 2023 and paid on 19 May 2023	-	72,695,343	-	297,105,865

## 27. INTEREST INCOME

		The	Group		The Bank					
	For the six-month period ended					For the six-m	onth period ende	ed		
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Loans and advances	381,337,277	356,768,477	1,554,330,741	1,460,610,145	365,103,370	342,040,635	1,488,161,336	1,400,314,360		
Financial investments	3,892,285	3,109,694	15,864,954	12,731,087	3,892,285	3,109,694	15,864,954	12,731,087		
Deposits and placements with other banks:										
Banks inside Cambodia	282,904	3,060,774	1,153,117	12,530,808	263,837	3,048,793	1,075,399	12,481,757		
Banks outside Cambodia	9,078,543	8,768,052	37,004,141	35,896,405	9,078,543	8,768,052	37,004,142	35,896,406		
National Bank of Cambodia	280,341	257,112	1,142,670	1,052,617	279,518	257,112	1,139,315	1,052,617		
	394,871,350	371,964,109	1,609,495,623	1,522,821,062	378,617,553	357,224,286	1,543,245,146	1,462,476,227		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **27. INTEREST INCOME** (continued)

	The Group				The Bank					
		For the three-m	onth period ende	ed		For the three-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Loans and advances	190,620,078	179,945,936	777,729,918	738,318,175	181,954,726	172,813,004	742,375,282	709,051,755		
Financial investments	2,174,588	1,009,063	8,872,319	4,140,185	2,174,588	1,009,063	8,872,319	4,140,185		
Deposits and placements with other banks:										
Banks inside Cambodia	193,231	1,500,717	788,382	6,157,443	183,430	1,494,837	748,394	6,133,318		
Banks outside Cambodia	6,287,572	5,551,294	25,653,294	22,776,959	6,287,572	5,551,294	25,653,294	22,776,959		
National Bank of Cambodia	139,923	129,497	570,886	531,326	139,923	129,497	570,886	531,326		
	199,415,392	188,136,507	813,614,799	771,924,088	190,740,239	180,997,695	778,220,175	742,633,543		

#### 28. INTEREST EXPENSE

		The G	roup		The Bank						
		For the six-month period ended				For the six-month period ended					
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)			
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions:											
Fixed deposits	8,443,975	8,406,081	34,417,642	34,414,496	7,122,105	7,417,584	29,029,700	30,367,589			
Savings deposits	59,149	45,761	241,091	187,346	51,681	38,247	210,652	156,583			
Current accounts	19,026	109,368	77,550	447,753	19,026	109,368	77,550	447,753			
Deposits from customers:											
Fixed deposits	110,232,159	93,507,607	449,306,280	382,820,143	108,274,715	91,850,055	441,327,738	376,034,125			
Savings deposits	11,895,741	10,563,049	48,487,040	43,245,123	11,554,861	10,253,012	47,097,613	41,975,831			
Current accounts	4,770,823	3,677,855	19,445,875	15,057,138	4,770,075	3,677,170	19,442,826	15,054,334			
Borrowings	32,522,046	36,729,528	132,559,859	150,370,687	31,949,381	36,206,313	130,225,677	148,228,645			
Subordinated debts	4,407,746	4,474,877	17,965,973	18,320,146	4,407,746	4,474,877	17,965,973	18,320,146			
Interest expenses on lease	1,027,471	911,457	4,187,972	3,731,505	957,230	841,602	3,901,669	3,445,519			
	173,378,136	158,425,583	706,689,282	648,594,337	169,106,820	154,868,228	689,279,398	634,030,525			

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 28. INTEREST EXPENSE (continued)

	The Group For the three-month period ended				The Bank For the three-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions:									
Fixed deposits	3,876,705	4,440,472	15,816,956	18,219,257	3,182,793	3,917,717	12,985,795	16,074,393	
Savings deposits	28,355	27,075	115,688	111,089	24,464	22,829	99,813	93,667	
Current accounts	4,561	62,149	18,609	254,997	4,561	62,149	18,609	254,997	
Deposits from customers:									
Fixed deposits	55,053,666	49,256,056	224,618,957	202,097,598	54,040,721	48,393,366	220,486,142	198,557,981	
Savings deposits	6,137,420	5,215,633	25,040,674	21,399,742	5,962,666	5,060,739	24,327,677	20,764,212	
Current accounts	2,383,118	2,054,368	9,723,122	8,429,072	2,382,726	2,054,047	9,721,523	8,427,755	
Borrowings	15,004,692	19,264,266	61,219,143	79,041,283	14,741,823	18,962,772	60,146,638	77,804,254	
Subordinated debts	2,335,978	2,260,245	9,530,790	9,273,785	2,335,978	2,260,245	9,530,790	9,273,785	
Interest expenses on lease	516,359	456,662	2,106,745	1,873,684	482,063	421,539	1,966,817	1,729,575	
_	85,340,854	83,036,926	348,190,684	340,700,507	83,157,795	81,155,403	339,283,804	332,980,619	

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 29. FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

		The G	roup		The Bank					
	For the six-month period ended				F	For the six-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
ATM fee	6,378,137	5,229,332	25,997,286	21,408,885	6,354,052	5,205,731	25,899,116	21,312,263		
Commission fees Commission fee collected for assurance	5,537,726	6,191,399	22,571,771	25,347,588	5,468,191	6,137,824	22,288,347	25,128,251		
agency	3,136,337	3,112,847	12,783,710	12,743,996	3,097,745	3,060,270	12,626,409	12,528,745		
Training fees	2,254,194	1,320,784	9,188,095	5,407,290	30,007	14,992	122,309	61,377		
Early loan redemption fees	-	4,105,083	-	16,806,210	-	3,442,997	-	14,095,630		
Deposit fee charged	299,939	264,345	1,222,551	1,082,228	230,917	185,744	941,218	760,436		
Fee income from guarantee	449,377	554,074	1,831,661	2,268,379	447,671	553,679	1,824,707	2,266,762		
Others	2,137,543	2,296,381	8,712,625	9,401,383	2,000,540	2,104,654	8,154,199	8,616,454		
	20,193,253	23,074,245	82,307,699	94,465,959	17,629,123	20,705,891	71,856,305	84,769,918		

Settlement fees amounting to KHR6,744,500 (equivalent to US\$1,655) and US\$9,061 for the operations of cash settlement agents were recognised for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: KHR18,944,000 (equivalent to US\$4,627) and US\$52,493, respectively).

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 29. FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME (continued)

		The G	roup	The Bank					
	For the three-month period ended				For the three-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
ATM fee	2,929,205	2,831,081	11,951,156	11,615,925	2,918,081	2,819,964	11,905,770	11,570,312	
Commission fees	2,726,118	3,002,165	11,122,561	12,317,883	2,690,085	3,058,739	10,975,547	12,550,006	
Commission fee collected for assurance									
agency	1,496,907	1,469,129	6,107,381	6,027,836	1,477,988	1,443,053	6,030,191	5,920,846	
Training fees	1,122,731	679,367	4,580,742	2,787,443	14,998	5,987	61,192	24,565	
Early loan redemption fees	-	1,923,011	-	7,890,114	-	1,626,356	-	6,672,939	
Deposit fee charged	81,501	88,970	332,524	365,044	62,436	68,974	254,739	283,000	
Fee income from guarantee	251,025	362,418	1,024,182	1,487,001	250,061	362,390	1,020,249	1,486,886	
Others	729,493	1,127,818	2,976,332	4,627,438	709,092	944,252	2,893,095	3,874,267	
	9,336,980	11,483,959	38,094,878	47,118,684	8,122,741	10,329,715	33,140,783	42,382,821	

Settlement fees amounting to KHR5,064,900 (equivalent to US\$1,241) and US\$8,145 for the operations of cash settlement agents were recognised for the three-month period ended 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: KHR17,365,000 (equivalent to US\$4,232) and US\$36,985, respectively)

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 30. OTHER INCOME, NET

	The Group				The Bank			
_	For the six-month period ended				For the six-month period ended			
_	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Foreign exchange gain, net Gain on disposals of property and equipment	10,164,616	9,096,654	41,430,975	37,241,701	10,107,270	9,098,802	41,197,233	37,250,495
and lease	382,986	184,184	1,561,051	754,049	379,855	183,817	1,548,289	752,547
Dividend income	465	205,462	1,895	841,161	465	205,462	1,895	841,161
Recovery from loans and advances written off	-	2,879,399	-	11,788,260	-	2,145,491	-	8,783,640
Others	615,900	795,826	2,510,408	3,258,112	241,596	226,771	984,745	928,401
=	11,163,967	13,161,525	45,504,329	53,883,283	10,729,186	11,860,343	43,732,162	48,556,244
	The Group  For the three-month period ended				The Bank For the three-month period ended			
-				<u> </u>	Fo			ed
- -	30 June 2024 US\$		nth period ended 30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000	Fo 30 June 2024 US\$		th period end 30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000
- - -	30 June 2024	For the three-mo 30 June 2023	nth period ended 30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	r the three-mon 30 June 2023	th period end 30 June 2024	30 June 2023
Foreign exchange gain, net Gain on disposals of property and equipment	30 June 2024	For the three-mo 30 June 2023	nth period ended 30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000	30 June 2024	r the three-mon 30 June 2023	th period end 30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000
	30 June 2024 US\$	For the three-mo 30 June 2023 US\$	nth period ended 30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$ 4,720,988	oth period end 30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Gain on disposals of property and equipment	30 June 2024 US\$ 	30 June 2023 US\$ 4,676,827	nth period ended 30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$ 	or the three-mon 30 June 2023 US\$	th period end 30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Gain on disposals of property and equipment and lease	30 June 2024 US\$ 4,935,884 145,780	30 June 2023 US\$ 4,676,827	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5) 20,138,407	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$ 4,905,701 142,354	30 June 2023 US\$ 4,720,988	1th period end 30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5) 20,015,260 580,804	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Gain on disposals of property and equipment and lease Dividend income	30 June 2024 US\$ 4,935,884 145,780	30 June 2023 US\$ 	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5) 20,138,407	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5) 19,189,021 401,306	30 June 2024 US\$ 4,905,701 142,354	30 June 2023 US\$ 4,720,988 98,642	1th period end 30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5) 20,015,260 580,804	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5) 19,370,214 404,728

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 31. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	The Group For the six-month period ended				The Bank For the six-month period ended			
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
Salaries and wages	80,883,349	77,129,655	329,680,531	315,768,808	77,058,766	73,484,995	314,091,530	300,847,570
Depreciation of property and equipment (Note 14)	12,455,922	11,373,463	50,770,338	46,562,958	11,563,219	10,624,146	47,131,681	43,495,254
Repair and maintenance	7,220,751	7,543,635	29,431,781	30,883,642	7,007,172	7,360,128	28,561,233	30,132,364
Other employee expense	7,048,361	6,116,958	28,729,119	25,042,826	6,492,597	6,591,808	26,463,825	26,986,862
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 16)	6,364,790	5,969,219	25,942,884	24,437,983	6,137,833	5,732,335	25,017,807	23,468,179
Seniority indemnity (Note 25(a))	5,236,788	5,327,731	21,345,148	21,811,731	5,147,346	5,245,064	20,980,582	21,473,292
Utilities	3,310,705	2,967,244	13,494,434	12,147,897	3,085,511	2,766,504	12,576,543	11,326,067
Office supplies	2,913,432	2,777,439	11,875,149	11,370,835	2,699,335	2,583,446	11,002,489	10,576,628
Communication	2,493,156	2,916,598	10,162,104	11,940,552	1,848,868	2,360,902	7,535,986	9,665,533
Travelling expenses	1,397,690	1,435,076	5,696,984	5,875,201	1,209,896	1,249,722	4,931,536	5,116,362
Amortisation charges (Note 15)	1,371,227	1,351,698	5,589,121	5,533,852	1,281,667	1,242,216	5,224,075	5,085,632
Career development expense (Note 25(b))	802,448	829,590	3,270,778	3,396,341	779,113	782,312	3,175,665	3,202,785
License fees	598,443	588,804	2,439,254	2,410,564	584,674	575,818	2,383,131	2,357,399
Others (*)	11,437,323	9,228,009	46,618,528	37,779,467	9,777,945	8,577,860	39,854,905	35,117,759
-	143,534,385	135,555,119	585,046,153	554,962,657	134,673,942	129,177,256	548,930,988	528,851,686

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024, the salaries and wages of the Bank's staff, who are responsible for the operations of cash settlement agents, amounted to US\$25,748 (30 June 2023: US\$22,968). The above expenses include costs incurred for the operations of cash settlement agents, which consist office supplies amounting to US\$329, furniture and fixtures amounting to US\$740, and membership fees amounting to US\$6,338 (KHR25,833,333) (30 June 2023: office supplies amounting to US\$64, furniture and fixtures amounting to US\$762, and membership fees amounting to US\$6,310 (KHR25,833,333).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 31. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (continued)

		The G	roup		The Bank				
	For	the three-mon	th period ende	d	Fo	r the three-mo	nth period ende	d	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Salaries and wages	39,443,909	37,473,981	160,931,149	153,755,744	37,567,169	35,726,448	153,274,050	146,585,616	
Depreciation of property and equipment	6,301,383	5,818,623	25,709,643	23,873,810	5,854,990	5,441,262	23,888,359	22,325,498	
Other employee expense	3,736,968	1,881,828	15,246,829	7,721,140	3,285,762	2,030,661	13,405,909	8,331,802	
Repair and maintenance	3,373,502	3,646,390	13,763,888	14,961,138	3,255,825	3,543,196	13,283,766	14,537,733	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 16)	3,190,293	2,980,263	13,016,395	12,228,019	3,079,148	2,863,643	12,562,924	11,749,527	
Seniority indemnity (Note 25(a))	3,009,920	2,624,651	12,280,474	10,768,943	2,958,931	2,579,993	12,072,438	10,585,711	
Utilities	1,771,233	1,630,535	7,226,631	6,690,085	1,638,810	1,515,658	6,686,345	6,218,745	
Office supplies	1,388,886	1,364,929	5,666,655	5,600,304	1,284,785	1,266,247	5,241,923	5,195,411	
Communication	1,240,707	1,325,889	5,062,085	5,440,123	893,652	1,053,265	3,646,100	4,321,546	
Amortisation charges	691,228	676,174	2,820,210	2,774,342	644,568	618,727	2,629,837	2,538,637	
Travelling expenses	669,724	727,468	2,732,474	2,984,801	575,683	631,771	2,348,787	2,592,156	
License fees	298,818	294,483	1,219,177	1,208,264	291,940	287,944	1,191,115	1,181,434	
Career development expense (Note 25(b))	294,540	410,126	1,201,723	1,682,747	278,893	393,885	1,137,883	1,616,110	
Others (*)	7,079,637	5,332,905	28,884,919	21,880,909	6,219,245	4,567,997	25,374,520	18,742,494	
	72,490,748	66,188,245	295,762,252	271,570,369	67,829,401	62,520,697	276,743,956	256,522,420	

For the three-month period ended 30 June 2024, the salaries and wages of the Bank's staff, who are responsible for the operations of cash settlement agents, amounted to US\$12,973 (30 June 2023: US\$12,306). The above expenses include costs incurred for the operations of cash settlement agents, which consist office supplies amounting to US\$156, furniture and fixtures amounting to US\$367, and membership fees amounting to US\$3,165 (KHR12,916,667) (30 June 2023: office supplies amounting to US\$200, furniture and fixtures amounting to US\$387, and membership fees amounting to US\$3,147 (KHR12,916,667).

(\*) This includes following fees which were paid or are payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers (Cambodia) Ltd. and PricewaterhouseCoopers (Lao) Sole Company Limited. PricewaterhouseCoopers (Cambodia) Ltd. and PricewaterhouseCoopers (Lao) Sole Company Limited. were not the auditor of the Group and the Bank in 2023:

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 31. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (continued)

	The Group		The B	ank	Th	e Group	The Bank For the three-month period ended		
	For the six-month	period ended	For the six-month period ended		For the three-r	month period ended			
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	2024 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Statutory audit Assurance engagements Tax services	142,700 - -	581,645 - -	126,000 - -	513,576 - -	67,200 - -	274,176 - -	63,000 - -	257,040 - -	
Other services Total	142,700	- 581,645	126,000	513,576	67,200	<u>-</u> 274,176	63,000	257,040	

### 32. TAXATION

## (a) Current income tax liabilities

		The Gr	oup			The	Bank		
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Current income tax liabilities	5,774,279	3,791,516	23,732,287	15,488,343	4,520,773	2,319,080	18,580,377	9,473,442	
		The Gr	oup	The Bank					
	F	or the six-month	period ended		For the six-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
At the beginning of the period Current income tax Income tax paid Exchange differences	3,791,516 8,821,373 (6,838,610)	34,428,462 8,514,682 (37,997,901)	15,488,343 35,955,916 (27,874,174) 162,202	141,741,978 34,859,108 (155,563,407) (613,825)	2,319,080 7,919,728 (5,718,035)	33,911,933 7,320,322 (37,416,279)	9,473,442 32,280,811 (23,306,711) 132,835	139,615,428 29,969,398 (153,182,246) (642,599)	
At the end of the period	5,774,279	4,945,243	23,732,287	20,423,854	4,520,773	3,815,976	18,580,377	15,759,981	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **32. TAXATION** (continued)

# (a) Current income tax liabilities (continued)

			The E	Bank				
	Fo	r the three-mont		For the three-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
At the beginning of the period	3,420,468	2,661,880	13,822,111	10,791,262	2,576,862	1,973,768	10,413,099	8,001,655
Current income tax	4,391,866	4,317,178	17,918,813	17,713,381	4,006,208	3,785,155	16,345,329	15,530,491
Income tax paid	(2,038,055)	(2,033,815)	(8,315,264)	(8,344,743)	(2,062,297)	(1,942,947)	(8,414,172)	(7,971,912)
Exchange differences	-	-	306,627	263,954	-	-	236,121	199,747
At the end of the period	5,774,279	4,945,243	23,732,287	20,423,854	4,520,773	3,815,976	18,580,377	15,759,981

# (b) Income tax expense

		The Gro	oup		The Bank					
	For the six-month period ended				For the six-month period ended					
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Current income tax Deferred tax	8,821,373 5,526,570 14,347,943	8,514,682 9,035,844 17,550,526	35,955,916 22,526,300 58,482,216	34,859,108 36,992,745 71,851,853	7,919,728 5,178,006 13,097,734	7,320,322 9,061,991 16,382,313	32,280,811 21,105,553 53,386,364	29,969,398 37,099,791 67,069,189		

		The Gro	oup		The Bank					
	Fo	For the three-month period ended				For the three-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Current income tax Deferred tax	4,391,866 3,376,831 7,768,697	4,317,178 4,927,646 9,244,824	17,918,813 13,777,471 31,696,284	17,713,381 20,218,132 37,931,513	4,006,208 3,118,071 7,124,279	3,785,155 4,968,679 8,753,834	16,345,329 12,721,729 29,067,058	15,530,491 20,386,490 35,916,981		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

# **32.** TAXATION (continued)

# (c) Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	The Group				The Bank				
	Fo	or the six-mont	n period ended		F	or the six-mont	h period ended		
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Profit before income tax  Tax calculated at domestic tax rates  applicable to taxable profits in the	69,399,271	89,139,850	282,871,429	364,938,545	63,822,613	83,782,466	260,140,970	343,005,416	
respective countries Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Recognition of previously unrecognised	13,951,471 142,634	17,810,642 119,418	56,866,196 581,376	72,916,768 488,897	12,764,523 140,170	16,756,493 68,813	52,028,196 571,333	68,601,082 281,720	
deferred tax  Adjustments for current tax of prior period  Unrecognised tax losses	226,690 26,226 922	(667,221) 287,687	923,988 106,897 3,759	(2,731,603) 1,177,791	179,061 13,980 -	(836,119) 393,126	729,853 56,982 -	(3,423,071) 1,609,458	
	14,347,943	17,550,526	58,482,216	71,851,853	13,097,734	16,382,313	53,386,364	67,069,189	
		The G				The E			
	For the three-month period ended				For the three-month period ended				
					20 June	20 1	20 June	20 1	
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Profit before income tax Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to taxable profits in the	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024 KHR'000	30 June 2023 KHR'000	2024	2023	2024 KHR'000	2023 KHR'000	
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to taxable profits in the respective countries  Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	2024 US\$	2023 US\$	2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to taxable profits in the respective countries	30 June 2024 US\$ 36,262,472 7,318,282	30 June 2023 US\$ 42,287,536	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5) 147,950,885 29,858,590	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5) 173,505,761 34,681,900	2024 US\$ 33,307,791 6,661,559	2023 US\$ 41,258,479 8,251,696	2024 KHR'000 (Note 5) 135,895,786 27,179,161	2023 KHR'000 (Note 5) 169,283,539 33,856,709	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 32. TAXATION (continued)

#### (c) Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit (continued)

In accordance with the Sub-decree No. 01 of the Royal Government of Cambodia ("RGC") dated 4 January 2019, on Tax incentives in Securities Sector, the Bank has been entitled to a reduction of 50% on the Tax on Income for a period of 3 years from 2020 to 2022 after successful listing (proportion is based on the percentage of listed shares taking 20.0001% as a base in accordance with the Prakas No. 183 on the implementation guidance on the incentive on tax on profit for the IPO enterprise) and waiver of other tax liabilities, including Tax on Income and withholding taxes for the period from year N-3 to N-10, where N is the IPO year ("N-3 to N-10").

#### (d) Assumptions and estimation uncertainties taxes

Taxes are calculated on the basis of current interpretation of the tax regulations enacted as the reporting date. The Management periodically evaluates position taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which the applicable tax regulation is subjected to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriated on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

However, these regulations are subject to periodic variation and the ultimate determination of the tax liabilities will be made following inspection by the tax authorities. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts initially recorded, such differences will impact the tax liabilities and balances in the period in which the determination is made.

#### 33. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table shows the Bank's profit used in the basic and diluted EPS computations for the period presented:

	Fo	or the six-montl	h period ended		For the three-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Profit attributable to the shareholders of the Bank	55,059,008	71,575,051	224,420,517	293,028,258	28,514,580	33,070,938	116,339,485	135,690,059	
Weighted average numbers of shares	433,163,019	433,163,019	433,163,019	433,163,019	433,163,019	433,163,019	433,163,019	433,163,019	
Basic EPS	0.13	0.17	0.52	0.68	0.07	0.08	0.27	0.31	
Diluted EPS	0.13	0.17	0.52	0.68	0.07	0.08	0.27	0.31	

The Bank has no potentially dilutive ordinary shares as at the reporting date. As such, the diluted EPS is equal to the basic EPS.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 34. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		The C	Group		The Bank					
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Cash on hand Deposits and placements with other banks: Balances with the National Bank of Cambodia:	512,184,239	525,100,682	2,105,077,222	2,168,665,817	501,576,229	516,165,883	2,061,478,301	2,131,765,097		
Current accounts  Negotiable certificate of  deposits, term of three	1,364,859,445	1,120,769,189	5,609,572,319	4,628,776,751	1,364,859,445	1,120,769,189	5,609,572,319	4,628,776,751		
months or less Balances with other banks:	420,094,617	78,660,881	1,726,588,876	324,869,439	420,094,617	78,660,881	1,726,588,876	324,869,439		
Current accounts Fixed deposits, term of three	290,938,504	178,308,933	1,195,757,251	736,415,893	259,097,879	150,979,196	1,064,892,283	623,544,079		
months or less	19,560,725	48,495,074	80,394,580	200,284,655	19,556,378	48,495,075	80,376,713	200,284,659		
	2,607,637,530	1,951,334,759	10,717,390,248	8,059,012,555	2,565,184,548	1,915,070,224	10,542,908,492	7,909,240,025		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 35. NET DEBT RECONCILIATION

This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for each of the period.

		The C	Group		The Bank					
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000		
			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)		
	0.007.007.500	1 051 001 750	10.747.000.040	0.050.040.555	0.505.404.540	4 045 070 004	10 5 10 000 100	7,000,040,005		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,607,637,530	1,951,334,759	10,717,390,248	8,059,012,555	2,565,184,548	1,915,070,224	10,542,908,492	7,909,240,025		
Borrowing	(690,257,355)	(941,570,182)	(2,836,957,729)	(3,888,684,852)	(678,082,701)	(928,241,300)	(2,786,919,901)	(3,833,636,569)		
Subordinate debts	(117,227,977)	(127,932,692)	(481,806,985)	(528,362,018)	(117,227,977)	(127,932,692)	(481,806,985)	(528,362,018)		
Lease liabilities	(34,913,057)	(28,923,293)	(143,492,664)	(119,453,200)	(32,913,757)	(26,959,086)	(135,275,541)	(111,341,025)		
Net debt	1,765,239,141	852,908,592	7,255,132,870	3,522,512,485	1,736,960,113	831,937,146	7,138,906,065	3,435,900,413		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,607,637,530	1,951,334,759	10,717,390,248	8,059,012,555	2,565,184,548	1,915,070,224	10,542,908,492	7,909,240,025		
Gross debt-fixed interest rates	(237,288,441)	(409,517,153)	(975,255,492)	(1,691,305,842)	(223,114,487)	(394,224,064)	(917,000,541)	(1,628,145,384)		
Gross debt-floating interest rates	(605,109,948)	(688,909,014)	(2,487,001,886)	(2,845,194,228)	(605,109,948)	(688,909,014)	(2,487,001,886)	(2,845,194,228)		
Net debt	1,765,239,141	852,908,592	7,255,132,870	3,522,512,485	1,736,960,113	831,937,146	7,138,906,065	3,435,900,413		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 35. **NET DEBT RECONCILIATION** (continued)

This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for each of the period. (continued)

			The 0			The Bank						
	L	iabilities from fin	ancing activities		Other assets	Total	Li	abilities from fin	ancing activities		Other assets	Total
	Borrowing US\$	Subordinate debts US\$	Lease liabilities US\$	Sub-total US\$	Cash and cash equivalents US\$	US\$	Borrowing US\$	Subordinate debts US\$	Lease liabilities US\$	Sub-total US\$	Cash and cash equivalents US\$	US\$
Net debt at 1 January 2024 Cash flows New leases Foreign exchange adjustments Other change (i) Net debt as at 30 June 2024 In KHR'000 equivalent	859,813,550 (168,940,804) (1,144,303) 528,912 690,257,355 2,836,957,729	117,053,882 (179,961) (57,649) 411,705 117,227,977 481,806,985	32,527,687 (7,344,326) 10,456,775 (14,618) (712,461) 34,913,057 143,492,664	1,009,395,119 (176,465,091) 10,456,775 (1,216,570) 228,156 842,398,389 3,462,257,378	2,279,718,573 327,918,957 - - 2,607,637,530 10,717,390,248	3,289,113,692 151,453,866 10,456,775 (1,216,570) 228,156 3,450,035,919 14,179,647,626	843,418,591 (165,403,963) (355,716) 423,789 678,082,701 2,786,919,901	117,053,882 (179,961) (57,649) 411,705 117,227,977 481,806,985	30,547,348 (6,985,216) 10,127,330 (1,015) (774,690) 32,913,757 135,275,541	991,019,821 (172,569,140) 10,127,330 (414,380) 60,804 828,224,435 3,404,002,427	2,240,749,214 324,435,334 - - 2,565,184,548 10,542,908,492	3,231,769,035 151,866,194 10,127,330 (414,380) 60,804 3,393,408,983 13,946,910,919
Net debt at 1 January 2023 Cash flows New leases Foreign exchange adjustments Other change (i) Net debt as at 30 June 2023 In KHR'000 equivalent	957,335,868 (49,358,028) - (839,176) 34,431,518 941,570,182 3,888,684,852	127,762,328 (4,087,053) - (336) 4,257,753 127,932,692 528,362,018	28,448,770 (6,757,985) 7,008,604 (14,003) 237,907 28,923,293 119,453,200	1,113,546,966 (60,203,066) 7,008,604 (853,515) 38,927,178 1,098,426,167 4,536,500,070	1,748,443,669 202,891,090 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2,861,990,635 142,688,024 7,008,604 (853,515) 38,927,178 3,049,760,926 12,595,512,625	944,275,857 (19,782,865) - (170,707) 3,919,015 928,241,300 3,833,636,569	127,762,328 (4,087,053) - (336) 4,257,753 127,932,692 528,362,018	26,457,635 (6,565,714) 6,907,053 - 160,112 26,959,086 111,341,025	1,098,495,820 (30,435,632) 6,907,053 (171,043) 8,336,880 1,083,133,078 4,473,339,612	1,719,370,446 195,699,778 - - - 1,915,070,224 7,909,240,025	2,817,866,266 165,264,146 6,907,053 (171,043) 8,336,880 2,998,203,302 12,382,579,637

<sup>(</sup>i) Other changes include non-cash movements, including accrued interest expense which will be presented as financing cash flows in the statement of cash flows when paid.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 36. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Group and the Bank had the contractual amounts of the Group's and the Bank's off-balance sheet financial instruments that commit it to extend credit to customers, guarantees, and other facilities as follows:

### (a) Loan commitments, guarantees, and other financial liabilities

		The C	Group		The Bank				
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Unused portion of overdrafts Bank guarantees	255,332,373 75,083,168	209,854,669 67,014,005	1,049,416,053 308,591,820	857,256,323 273,752,210	254,604,208 74,887,563	209,405,052 66,880,923	1,046,423,295 307,787,884	855,419,637 273,208,570	
Letters of credit Spot foreign exchanges	10,133,444 625,911	2,303,062	41,648,455 2,572,494	9,408,008	10,133,444 625,911	2,303,062	41,648,455 2,572,494	9,408,008	
	341,174,896	279,171,736	1,402,228,822	1,140,416,541	340,251,126	278,589,037	1,398,432,128	1,138,036,215	

No material losses are anticipated as a result of these transactions.

### (b) Capital expenditure commitments

		The Gro	oup		The Bank				
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000	2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000	
	US\$	US\$	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	US\$	US\$	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	
Not later than 1 year	5,158,300	8,609,249	21,200,613	35,168,782	3,329,428	4,439,957	13,683,949	18,137,224	
Later than 1 but not later than 5 years	115,744	115,744	475,708	472,814		<u>-</u> _	_	-	
	5,274,044	8,724,993	21,676,321	35,641,596	3,329,428	4,439,957	13,683,949	18,137,224	

As at 30 June 2024 and as at 31 December 2023, the balances of these commitments are related to the Bank's and its subsidiary's purchases of property and equipment and intangible and other equipment.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### **36. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES** (continued)

### (c) Commitments to be received from other banks and other financial institutions ("OFI") and other financial assets

		The Gr	oup		The Bank				
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Commitment to be received from other									
banks	157,304,428	146,367,075	646,521,199	597,909,501	157,304,428	146,367,075	646,521,199	597,909,501	
Foreign exchange spot transactions	631,521	-	2,595,551	-	631,521	-	2,595,551	-	
Other non-performing commitments	748,800	748,800	3,077,568	3,058,848	-	-	-	-	
	158,684,749	147,115,875	652,194,318	600,968,349	157,935,949	146,367,075	649,116,750	597,909,501	

### (d) Other commitments

On 30 May 2016, the Bank guaranteed to IFC to secure the borrowing obtained by its subsidiary, AUB, amounting to US\$13,000,000 maturing on 15 June 2026. As at 30 June 2024, remaining balance is US\$3,751,764 (31 December 2023: US\$4,694,475). The Bank has made allowance for impairment losses of US\$46,678 (31 December 2023: US\$47,542) with respect to this guarantee.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 37. RESERVES

	The Group												
	Camanal		l la daima		Demulatem			translation		tions with	Other	т.	otal
		reserves	Hedging		Regulatory		reserves		non-controlling interest		reserves		
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)
As at 1 January 2024	524,311,587	2,141,812,833	5,746,686	23,475,212	249,190,346	1,017,942,563	(59,649,300)	(243,667,390)	3,028,319	12,370,683	53,648,083	722,627,638	3,005,581,984
Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of			(4.042.024)	(C F70 C20)								(4.642.024)	(C E70 C20)
derivatives arising from cash flow hedge Currency translation differences - foreign	-	-	(1,612,031)	(6,570,638)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,612,031)	(6,570,638)
subsidiaries		<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>			(3,176,696)	(12,948,213)	<u>-</u>			(3,176,696)	(12,948,213)
Total other comprehensive loss for the period		<u>-</u>	(1,612,031)	(6,570,638)		<u>-</u>	(3,176,696)	(12,948,213)			<u> </u>	(4,788,727)	(19,518,851)
Transactions with owners: Transfer from retained earnings to													
regulatory reserves	-	-	-	-	24,387,114	99,401,877	-	-	-	_	-	24,387,114	99,401,877
Exchange differences	-	13,107,790	-	88,858	-	7,058,921	-	(1,599,241)	-	75,708	17,370,222	-	36,102,258
Total transactions with owners		13,107,790	_	88,858	24,387,114	106,460,798		(1,599,241)	_	75,708	17,370,222	24,387,114	135,504,135
As at 30 June 2024	524,311,587	2,154,920,623	4,134,655	16,993,432	273,577,460	1,124,403,361	(62,825,996)	(258,214,844)	3,028,319	12,446,391	71,018,305	742,226,025	3,121,567,268

		The Group											
	General	reserves	Hedging I	Reserve	Regulatory reserves Currency translation rese			slation reserves		ions with lling interest	Other reserves Total		otal
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)
As at 1 January 2023	524,311,587	2,158,590,804	9,630,593	39,649,149	155,706,835	641,045,041	(53,815,086)	(221,556,709)	3,028,319	12,467,589	76,356,446	638,862,248	2,706,552,320
Comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge Currency translation differences - foreign subsidiaries Exchange differences Total other comprehensive loss for the period	- - - -	- - - -	(1,054,295) - - (1,054,295)	(4,316,284) - - (4,316,284)	- - - -	- - -	(4,838,540) (4,838,540)	(19,808,983) - (19,808,983)	- - - -	- - -	- - - 	(1,054,295) (4,838,540) - (5,892,835)	(4,316,284) (19,808,983) - (24,125,267)
Transactions with owners: Transfer from retained earnings to regulatory reserves Exchange differences Total transactions with owners	<u>.</u>	6,816,050 6,816,050	<u>.</u>	87,247 87,247	22,775,809 - 22,775,809	93,244,162 2,844,117 96,088,279	<u> </u>	(873,783) (873,783)	<u>-</u> 	39,368 39,368	7,355,026 7,355,026	22,775,809	93,244,162 16,268,025 109,512,187
As at 30 June 2023	524,311,587	2,165,406,854	8,576,298	35,420,112	178,482,644	737,133,320	(58,653,626)	(242,239,475)	3,028,319	12,506,957	83,711,472	655,745,222	2,791,939,240

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **37. RESERVES** (continued)

	The Bank									
	Gonor	al reserves	Hodgin	g reserve	Pogulator	y reserves	Other reserves	т	otal	
	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Balance at 1 January 2024	510,741,556	2,086,379,256	5,746,686	23,475,212	248,627,006	1,015,641,321	53,456,774	765,115,248	3,178,952,563	
Other comprehensive income:  Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge  Total other comprehensive loss for the period	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(1,612,031) (1,612,031)	(6,570,638) (6,570,638)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(1,612,031) (1,612,031)	(6,570,638) (6,570,638)	
Transactions with owners: Transfer from retained earnings to regulatory reserves Exchange differences Total transactions with owners	- - -	12,768,539 12,768,539	- - -	- 88,858 88,858	24,184,728 - 24,184,728	98,576,951 7,037,958 105,614,909	16,590,643 16,590,643	24,184,728 - 24,184,728	98,576,951 36,485,998 135,062,949	
As at 30 June 2024	510,741,556	2,099,147,795	4,134,655	16,993,432	272,811,734	1,121,256,230	70,047,417	787,687,945	3,307,444,874	
Balance at 1 January 2023	510,741,556	2,102,722,986	9,630,593	39,649,156	155,706,835	641,045,040	75,402,095	676,078,984	2,858,819,277	
Other comprehensive income: Remeasurement of the effective portion of derivatives arising from cash flow hedge Total other comprehensive loss for the period	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(1,054,295) (1,054,295)	(4,316,284) (4,316,284)	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	(1,054,295) (1,054,295)	(4,316,284) (4,316,284)	
Transactions with owners: Transfer from retained earnings to regulatory reserves Exchange differences Total transactions with owners	- - -	6,639,640 6,639,640	- - -	87,242 87,242	22,775,809 - 22,775,809	93,244,162 2,844,118 96,088,280	6,995,669 6,995,669	22,775,809 - 22,775,809	93,244,162 16,566,669 109,810,831	
As at 30 June 2023	510,741,556	2,109,362,626	8,576,298	35,420,114	178,482,644	737,133,320	82,397,764	697,800,498	2,964,313,824	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

#### (a) Related parties and relationships

The related parties of, and their relationship with, the Bank are as follows:

Related parties	Relationship
Subsidiaries of the Bank as disclosed in Note 13	Subsidiaries
Shareholders as disclosed in Note 26	Shareholders
Key management personnel	The key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and the Bank either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel of the Group and the Bank include all the Directors and members of senior management of the Group and the Bank.

#### (b) Related parties balances

			The Gr	oup		The Bank			
		30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
i)	Loans and advances Key management personnel	13,961,009	13,539,928	57,379,747	55,310,606	13,475,305	13,074,333	55,383,504	53,408,650

Loans and advances to key management personnel are both secured and unsecured and earned annual interest at rates ranging from 6.50% to 18.00% for the Group and the Bank (2023: 6.50% to 18.00% for the Group and the Bank). Allowances for expected credit losses for loans to key management personnel were US\$40,155 and US\$38,862 for the Group and the Bank respectively (2023: US\$28,722 and US\$26,727 for the Group and the Bank respectively).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

#### (b) Related parties balances (continued)

	• ,	The Group					The Bank				
		30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
ii)	Balances with related parties	E70 006	6FF 004	0 202 224	2 670 722	E70 996	6EE 004	0 202 224	2 670 722		
	Shareholders Subsidiaries	579,886	655,991	2,383,331	2,679,723	579,886 37,492	655,991 15,871	2,383,331 154,092	2,679,723 64,833		
	Cabbialanoo	579,886	655,991	2,383,331	2,679,723	617,378	671,862	2,537,423	2,744,556		

Allowances for expected credit losses for deposits and placements with related parties were US\$2,266 for the Group and the Bank respectively (2023: US\$890 for the Group and the Bank respectively). Those balance are bear no interest.

		The Group				The Bank				
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000		
iii) Receivables from/(payables to)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)		
related parties  Subsidiaries										
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	1,110,860	449,377	4,565,635	1,835,705		
Other payables					(1,960)		(8,056)			
					1,108,900	449,377	4,557,579	1,835,705		

The receivables from related parties are from payment on behalf of related parties amount US\$1,110,860. The receivables have no fixed terms of repayment, are unsecured in nature, and bear no interest.

The payables to related parties are relating to accrued training provided by subsidiary amounted US\$1,960. The payables have no fixed terms of repayment, are unsecured in nature, and bear no interest.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

# (b) Related parties balances (continued)

	The Group					The Bank				
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
iv) Deposits from related parties										
Key management personnel Shareholders	9,348,088	8,445,599	38,420,642	34,500,272	8,966,335	7,969,500	36,851,637	32,555,408		
Current accounts	2,961,632	3,328,035	12,172,307	13,595,023	1,916,248	2,688,728	7,875,779	10,983,454		
Savings deposits	68,031	68,031	279,607	277,907	68,031	68,031	279,607	277,907		
Fixed deposits	3,917,265	1,501,423	16,099,959	6,133,313	3,917,265	1,501,423	16,099,959	6,133,313		
Subsidiaries										
Current accounts	-	-	-	-	3,012,339	3,841,059	12,380,714	15,690,726		
Savings deposits	-	-	-	-	85,752	251,289	352,441	1,026,516		
Fixed deposits			<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	2,066,759	2,118,177	8,494,379	8,652,754		
	16,295,016	13,343,088	66,972,515	54,506,515	20,032,729	18,438,207	82,334,516	75,320,078		

Annual interest rate during the year are as follows:

	The C	roup	The B	ank
	2024 2023		2024	2023
Key management personnel (current accounts)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Key management personnel (saving deposits)	0.75% - 3.50%	0.75% - 4.00%	0.75% - 3.50%	0.75% - 4.00%
Key management personnel (fixed deposits)	1.55% - 15.00%	1.65% - 15.00%	1.55% - 9.50%	1.65% - 9.50%
Shareholders (current accounts)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Shareholders (saving deposits)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Shareholders (fixed deposits)	3.75% - 5.00%	5.25% - 6.35%	3.75% - 5.00%	5.25% - 6.35%
Subsidiaries (current accounts)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Subsidiaries (saving deposits)	0.00% - 0.75%	0.00% - 0.75%	0.00% - 0.75%	0.00% - 0.75%
Subsidiaries (fixed deposits)	5.40% - 7.50%	2.30% - 7.50%	5.40% - 7.50%	2.30% - 7.50%

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

### (b) Related parties balances (continued)

			The G	Froup		The Bank			
		30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
v)	Borrowings from related parties Shareholder	49,894,301	49,127,291	205,065,577	202,895,712	49,894,301	49,127,291	205,065,577	202,895,712

Borrowings from related parties are not collateralised and have annual interest at rates 9.55% for the Group and 9.55% for the Bank (2023: 9.56% for the Group and 9.56% for the Bank).

		The G	roup			The	Bank				
	F	For the six-month period ended				For the six-month period ended					
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)			
At the beginning of the period Additions	49,491,659 -	48,847,528 -	202,173,427	201,105,273	49,491,659 -	48,847,528	202,173,427	201,105,273			
Charge during the period	2,798,616	2,495,159	11,407,159	10,215,181	2,798,616	2,495,159	11,407,159	10,215,181			
Repayments	(2,171,092)	(1,894,559)	(8,849,371)	(7,756,325)	(2,171,092)	(1,894,559)	(8,849,371)	(7,756,325)			
Withholding tax accrued	(224,882)	(320,837)	(916,619)	(1,313,507)	(224,882)	(320,837)	(916,619)	(1,313,507)			
Currency translation difference	-	-	1,250,981	645,090	-	-	1,250,981	645,090			
At the end of the period	49,894,301	49,127,291	205,065,577	202,895,712	49,894,301	49,127,291	205,065,577	202,895,712			

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

### (b) Related parties balances (continued)

			The G	Froup		The Bank				
		30 June	31 December							
		2024	2023 2024		2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
		US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	
				(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)	
vi)	Subordinated debts from related parties									
	Shareholder	15,110,833	15,089,250	62,105,524	62,318,603	15,110,833	15,089,250	62,105,524	62,318,603	

Subordinated debts from related parties are not collateralised and have annual interest at rates 7.00% for the Group and 7.00% for the Bank (2023: 7.00% for the Group and 7.00% for the Bank).

		The G	roup			The	Bank		
	F	or the six-mont	h period ended		For the six-month period ended				
	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
At the beginning of the period	15,094,208	-	61,659,840	-	15,094,208	-	61,659,840	-	
Additions	-	15,000,000	-	61,410,000	-	15,000,000	-	61,410,000	
Charge during the period	530,833	105,000	2,163,675	429,870	530,833	105,000	2,163,675	429,870	
Repayments	(451,208)	-	(1,839,124)	-	(451,208)	-	(1,839,124)	-	
Withholding tax accrued	(63,000)	(15,750)	(256,788)	(64,481)	(63,000)	(15,750)	(256,788)	(64,481)	
Currency translation difference	-	-	377,921	543,214	-	-	377,921	543,214	
At the end of the period	15,110,833	15,089,250	62,105,524	62,318,603	15,110,833	15,089,250	62,105,524	62,318,603	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

# 38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

# (c) Related parties transactions

			The G	roup		The Bank			
	_		For six-month	period ended	· ·		For six-month	period ended	
	_	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
i)	Interest income from related parties							_	
-	Loans and advances to key management personnel	461,739	565,576	1,882,048	2,315,468	460,228	565,822	1,875,889	2,316,475
ii)	Fee and commission income from related parties	0.57	00.750		04.075	057	00.750	4 455	0.4.075
	Shareholders Subsidiaries	357	20,756	1,455	84,975	357 14,892	20,756 8,926	1,455 60,699	84,975 36,544
	Subsidiaries	357	20,756	1,455	84,975	15,249	29,682	62,154	121,519
iii)	Interest expenses to related parties			.,	0.,0.0	. 0,2 . 0		02,101	,
,	Deposits of key management personnel Borrowings from shareholders	63,806 3,329,449	76,038 2,600,159	260,073 13,570,834	311,300 10,645,051	60,706 3,329,449	57,427 2,600,159	247,438 13,570,834	235,106 10,645,051
	Deposits of shareholders Deposits of subsidiaries	47,606	70,589	194,042	288,991	47,606 77,799	70,589 112,506	194,042 317,109	288,991 460,600
	_	3,440,861	2,746,786	14,024,949	11,245,342	3,515,560	2,840,681	14,329,423	11,629,748
iv)	Fee and remuneration expenses to related parties Board of Directors					1 1 -			
	Directors' fees	293,441	387,595	1,196,066	1,586,814	232,001	262,598	945,636	1,075,076
	Key management personnel Short-term employee benefits	4,823,106	8,173,155	19,658,980	33,460,892	4,140,169	7,465,024	16,875,329	30,561,808
	Long-term benefits	260,540	807,441	1,061,961	3,305,668	103,942	667,532	423,668	2,732,876
	Subsidiaries								
	Training fees Others	-	-	-	-	639,559 10,825	1,337,187 9,953	2,606,842 44,123	5,474,443 40,748
	Others _	5,377,087	9,368,191	21,917,007	38,353,374	5,126,496	9,742,294	20,895,598	39,884,951
v)	Other commitments			.,,	,,	2,1-2,120	<u> </u>	10,000,000	,,
.,	ECL on financial guarantee on AUB's debt from IFC (Note 36 (d))	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	(865)	(10,408)	(3,526)	(42,610)

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

# 38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

# (c) Related parties transactions (continued)

			The G	roup		The Bank			
	-		or three-month	period ended		F	or three-month	period ended	
	-	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	30 June 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)
i)	Interest income from related parties Loans and advances to key management personnel	226,638	216,572	924,683	888,595	234,728	216,858	957,690	889,768
ii)	Fee and commission income from related parties	220,030	210,072	924,003	000,090	254,720	210,030	937,030	009,700
	Shareholders Subsidiaries	85 -	9,948 -	347	40,817 -	85 8,301	9,948 8,723	347 33,868	40,817 35,790
		85	9,948	347	40,817	8,386	18,671	34,215	76,607
iii)	Interest expenses to related parties					-			
,	Deposits of key management personnel	32,656	39,707	133,236	162,918	31,367	29,166	127,977	119,668
	Borrowings from shareholders	1,646,454	1,651,930	6,717,533	6,777,869	1,646,454	1,651,930	6,717,532	6,777,869
	Deposits of shareholders	30,661	28,536	125,097	117,083	30,661	28,536	125,097	117,083
	Deposits of subsidiaries	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	39,299	54,500	160,340	223,614
	-	1,709,771	1,720,173	6,975,866	7,057,870	1,747,781	1,764,132	7,130,946	7,238,234
iv)	Fee and remuneration expenses to related parties Board of Directors								
	Directors' fees Key management personnel	147,631	227,260	602,334	932,448	136,519	166,329	556,998	682,448
	Short-term employee benefits	2,260,833	4,300,655	9,224,199	17,645,587	1,904,651	4,103,813	7,770,976	16,837,945
	Long-term benefits	(70,037)	(168,762)	(285,751)	(692,430)	(73,412)	(172,474)	(299,521)	(707,661)
	Subsidiaries	,	,	,	,			, ,	
	Training fees	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	203,726	587,927	831,202	2,412,264
	Others		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		4,090	4,909	16,687	20,142
	<u>-</u>	2,338,427	4,359,153	9,540,782	17,885,605	2,175,574	4,690,504	8,876,342	19,245,138
v)	Other commitments								
,	ECL on financial guarantee on AUB's debt from IFC (Note 36 (d))	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,668	(5,422)	6,805	(22,246)

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### (a) Introduction and overview

The Bank is the leading and first listed bank in Cambodia and currently has the largest branch network and self-service banking which offers multiple products and services to its customers such as credits, deposits, fund transfers, cash management, trade finance, ACLEDA card, credit and debit cards, and digital services, including internet banking, ACLEDA mobile (mobile banking app), e-commerce payment gateway, ACLEDA ATM/POS, and term deposit machine. As disclosed in Note 13, the Bank's four subsidiaries are as follows:

- a. ACLEDA Bank Lao Ltd.,
- b. ACLEDA Securities Plc.,
- c. ACLEDA University of Business Co., Ltd.
- d. ACLEDA MFI Myanmar Co., Ltd.

In the competitive business environment along with the rapid evolution and development of technology and difference or change in laws and jurisdictions, the Group and the Bank need to have an effective risk management in place in order to manage and ensure all risks are within the risk appetite and tolerance. This also provides reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of the Group's and the Bank's objectives.

The established risk management framework comprises of core components such as (1) effective governance and oversight by the Board of Directors and senior management; (2) effective implementation of risk appetite and tolerance; (3) effective implementation of risk management processes; and (4) effective technology and data infrastructure. It must be integrated into the day-to-day management of the business and operations to provide transparent and consistent management of risks across the Group and the Bank.

The Group and the Bank instil proactive risk management by embedding accountability and risk ownership culture in managing risks for all levels, which includes the Group's and the Bank's Board of Directors, senior management, and employees. This culture is supported by (1) the Bank's employee's policies (ethics and human resource management, code of conduct, conflict of interest, remuneration and nomination, whistle blower's protection, managing misconduct, etc.); (2) alignment of compensation policies with the Bank's risk appetite and tolerance limits; and (3) availability of risk management training throughout the Group and the Bank.

Risk management within the Group and the Bank is managed by a Three Lines Model, supported by sufficient numbers of skilled personnel in the management of risks within all areas across the model.

### (b) Objectives and principles

The objectives of the Group's and the Bank's risk management are:

- To ensure risks are within the risk appetite and tolerance and to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives.
- To manage risk effectively and to identify the risk before it occurs and minimise the potential risk properly and timely.
- To manage risk in a way that optimally balances managing risk while adding value to the Group and the Bank.

Risk appetite is defined as the amount and type of risk, on a broad level, the Group and the Bank are willing to accept in pursuit of long-term shareholder value. Risk tolerance refers to the variation amount of maximum risks which can be accepted, taking into account the appropriate measure to reduce the risk.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (b) Objectives and principles (continued)

The Group's and the Bank's risk appetite and tolerance statement is prepared in accordance with its business strategy and the role of the Bank in the financial system.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the Group's and the Bank's risk appetite and tolerance statement considering the most significant risks that specify the nature, types, and levels which the Group and the Bank are willing to assume, and provides an outline of the approach to manage these risks.

The risk management policy defines risk categories in line with the categories identified by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision and the nature of the Group's and the Bank's business context. The policy sets risk tolerance/internal targets per individual risk category.

At all times, the Group and the Bank shall adhere to the prudential ratios and requirements as stipulated by the superintendent.

Unless specifically mentioned otherwise, the Group and the Bank shall adhere at all times to the risk appetite and tolerance/internal targets, as set by the Board of Directors in the risk management policy, in order to limit potential loss.

The Group's and the Bank's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, market risk (including foreign exchange rate risk and interest rate risk), and liquidity risk. Equity risk and commodity risk are not applicable given that the Group and the Bank do not hold any equity and commodity position.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# (b) Objectives and principles (continued)

The Group and the Bank hold the following financial assets and financial liabilities:

# a. Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

		The	Group			The	Bank	
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
	US\$	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	KHR'000 (Note 5)	US\$	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	KHR'000 (Note 5)
Financial assets								
Cash on hand	512,184,239	495,793,568	2,105,077,222	2,025,316,725	501,576,229	486,584,317	2,061,478,301	1,987,696,935
Deposits and placements with								
other banks, net	1,676,371,989	1,509,543,178	6,889,888,875	6,166,483,882	1,643,462,453	1,478,882,021	6,754,630,682	6,041,233,056
Financial investments	535,701,893	357,354,714	2,201,734,780	1,459,794,007	535,701,893	357,354,714	2,201,734,780	1,459,794,007
Loans and advances, net	6,638,878,273	6,601,665,231	27,285,789,702	26,967,802,469	6,495,191,297	6,457,043,288	26,695,236,231	26,377,021,831
Other financial assets	38,487,760	8,550,649	158,184,694	34,929,401	39,050,164	8,160,591	160,496,174	33,336,014
Total financial assets	9,401,624,154	8,972,907,340	38,640,675,273	36,654,326,484	9,214,982,036	8,788,024,931	37,873,576,168	35,899,081,843
Financial liabilities								
Deposits and placements of other								
banks and financial institutions	368,069,322	419,792,620	1,512,764,913	1,714,852,853	329,978,777	386,405,927	1,356,212,773	1,578,468,212
Deposits from customers	7,386,795,411	6,808,020,419	30,359,729,139	27,810,763,412	7,293,125,025	6,715,289,025	29,974,743,853	27,431,955,667
Lease liabilities	34,913,057	32,527,687	143,492,664	132,875,601	32,913,757	30,547,348	135,275,541	124,785,917
Borrowings	690,257,355	859,813,550	2,836,957,729	3,512,338,352	678,082,701	843,418,591	2,786,919,901	3,445,364,944
Subordinated debts	117,227,977	117,053,882	481,806,985	478,165,108	117,227,977	117,053,882	481,806,985	478,165,108
Other financial liabilities	63,731,926	43,591,008	261,938,216	178,069,268	62,655,584	42,489,918	257,514,450	173,571,315
Total financial liabilities	8,660,995,048	8,280,799,166	35,596,689,646	33,827,064,594	8,513,983,821	8,135,204,691	34,992,473,503	33,232,311,163
Net financial instruments	740,629,106	692,108,174	3,043,985,627	2,827,261,890	700,998,215	652,820,240	2,881,102,665	2,666,770,680

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

- 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)
- (b) Objectives and principles (continued)
- b. Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value

		The Gr	oup		The Bank				
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)	
Financial assets									
Financial investments	189,670	189,670	779,544	774,802	189,670	189,670	779,544	774,802	
Derivative financial instruments	4,134,655	5,746,686	16,993,432	23,475,212	4,134,655	5,746,686	16,993,432	23,475,212	
Total financial assets	4,324,325	5,936,356	17,772,976	24,250,014	4,324,325	5,936,356	17,772,976	24,250,014	
Net financial instruments	4,324,325	5,936,356	17,772,976	24,250,014	4,324,325	5,936,356	17,772,976	24,250,014	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential risk that a counterparty would fail to meet its repayment obligations in accordance with agreed terms. While loans are the most obvious source of credit risk, other sources of credit risk exist throughout the activities of an institution, including in the banking book and the trading book, in both on and off-balance sheets. Institutions are facing credit risks in various financial instruments other than loans, including acceptance, trade financing, commitment and guarantee, interbank transaction, settlement of transactions, foreign exchange transactions, bonds, equities, and financial derivative instruments.

#### Principles of the credit risk:

- The Board of Directors recognises that the loan book is the main sources of income for the Group and the Bank and, conversely, also constitutes the greatest risk of losses.
- The Board of Directors considers that lending to the lower segments of the market of small business loans, provided the existing policies are implemented properly, carries a credit risk which is smaller than for larger loans as history has shown that losses due to default on these loans have been minimal. The Board of Directors considers the risk return equation favourable for loans provided to the lower segments in the market and considers these loans as the core product of the Group and the Bank.
- The Board of Directors considers that the Management has freedom to adjust, adapt or develop existing products and product lines but requires that new product lines need to be approved by the Board of Directors.
- The day-to-day responsibility for the credit risk lies with the senior management of the Credit Sale Management Division and of the branches.
- The credit risk is regularly measured by calculating the ECL taking probability of customer defaults, exposure in the event of default, and severity of LGD of the customer base where credit scoring is applied for.
- The Board of Directors requires that credit risk is spread across different sectors (like trade, agriculture, services, industrial, infrastructure, etc.) and products to avoid undue overexposure to one particular sector or industry.
- Systemic risk is the risk of system-wide breakdown of the financial sectors. The Board of Directors
  requires that credit risk on counterparty financial institutions should be subject to the same principles
  of the prudential assessment and controls as with the other forms of lending and prudential position
  limits that should be set to sufficiently protect the Group and the Bank from systemic risk.

#### Internal targets on the credit risk:

The internal targets on credit products should be set by the Board Risk Management and IT Committee ("BRIC") and approved by the Board of Directors. The internal targets will be in line with the risk appetite of the Board of Directors.

The Risk Management Division regularly reviews all internal targets as set and approved by the Board of Directors and advises on any change deemed appropriate.

In order to maintain the credit growth in a prudent and reasonable way and to ensure the maintenance of portfolio quality, various control limits have been imposed to credit products, which must be strictly complied with:

- Loan exposure ratio: defined as the aggregate amount of loan assets in arrears > 30 days minus loan loss reserves divided by the net worth; should be less than 25%.
- Ceilings on lending to sectors and by product to put limits on concentration risk.
- The maximum exposure to a single client or group of clients is up to 5% of the net worth.
- Counterparty financial institutions.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

#### (a) Credit risk management

The Board of Directors has delegated responsibility for oversight of credit risk to its BRIC. Credit Division is responsible for management of the credit risk based on the following:

- Separation of roles between the persons involved in dealing with the clients who are responsible for the credit application and the persons involved in the authorisation of the credits.
- Separation of roles between the persons involved in dealing directly with clients and the credit
  administration.
- Principle of double authorisation to ensure a good balance of the interests of the clients and objectivity in the risk assessment process.
- Timely and full documentation of the agreements made with the client together with all the needed information, which is relevant in the assessment and control phase of the credit process.
- Careful credit control systems, with periodical reviews, through which timely signals can be derived for relevant information regarding risk management.
- Independent control to ensure conformity with approved procedures and regulations in the credit process (formal control) but also monitoring of the quality of risk aspects and credit control (material control).
- The Group and the Bank will maintain a diversified loan assets portfolio in terms of industry sector, geographical area, and currency and loan size.
- Loan analysis will strongly focus on the client's ability and willingness to repay the loan through character and cash flow-based assessment and in applying green-lining methodology.

The Group's and the Bank's total exposure to a single client or group of clients (one obligor principle) acting in concert shall not exceed 5% of the Bank's net worth. "Exposure" includes the aggregate of (i) the face amount of the assets of the Borrower with respect to which such Person is the obligor and (ii) any claim of such Person against the Borrower comprising any commitment to provide funds or credit to, or on behalf of such Person including, but not limited to, loan guarantees, letters of credit, and derivatives.

#### (b) Internal targets and mitigation policies

The Group and the Bank operate and provide loans and advances to individuals or enterprises within the Kingdom of Cambodia, Lao PDR, and the Republic of the Union of Myanmar. The Group and the Bank manage limits and controls concentration of credit risk whenever they are identified. Large exposure is defined by the NBC as overall exposure to any individual beneficiary which exceeds 10% of the net worth.

The Bank is required, under the conditions of Prakas No. B7-06-226 of the NBC, to maintain at all times a maximum ratio of 20% between its overall credit exposure to any individual beneficiary and the Bank's net worth. The aggregation of large credit exposure must not exceed 300% of the Bank's net worth.

ABL is required, based on the Letter No. 296 of the BOL, to maintain at all times a maximum ratio of 25% between its overall credit exposure to any individual beneficiary and its net worth. The aggregation of large credit exposure must not exceed 500% of its net worth. However, for AMM, there is no requirement by the Financial Regulatory Department of Myanmar.

The Group and the Bank employ a range of policies and practices to mitigate credit risk. The most traditional of these is the taking of security in the form of collateral for loans and advances, which is the common practice. The Group and the Bank implement guidelines on the acceptability of specific classes of collateral or credit risk mitigation. The principal collateral types to secure for loans and advances are:

- Mortgages over residential properties (land, building, and other properties);
- Charges over business assets such as land and buildings; and,
- Cash in the form of margin deposits.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(c) Maximum exposure to credit risk before collateral held or other credit enhancements

For financial assets reflected in the interim statement of financial position, the exposure to credit risk equals their carrying amount. For financial guarantees and similar contracts granted, it is the maximum amount that the Group and the Bank would have to pay if the guarantees were called upon. For credit-related commitments and contingents that are irrevocable over the life of the respective facilities, it is generally the full amount of the committed facilities.

		The C	Group			The	Bank	
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023
	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000
			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)
Credit exposure for on-balance sheet financial assets:								
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	1,676,371,989	1,509,543,178	6,889,888,875	6,166,483,882	1,643,462,453	1,478,882,021	6,754,630,682	6,041,233,056
Financial investments	535,891,563	357,544,384	2,202,514,324	1,460,568,809	535,891,563	357,544,384	2,202,514,324	1,460,568,809
Loans and advances, net	6,638,878,273	6,601,665,231	27,285,789,702	26,967,802,469	6,495,191,297	6,457,043,288	26,695,236,231	26,377,021,831
Derivative financial instruments	4,134,655	5,746,686	16,993,432	23,475,212	4,134,655	5,746,686	16,993,432	23,475,212
Other financial assets	38,487,760	8,550,649	158,184,694	34,929,401	39,050,164	8,160,591	160,496,174	33,336,014
	8,893,764,240	8,483,050,128	36,553,371,027	34,653,259,773	8,717,730,132	8,307,376,970	35,829,870,843	33,935,634,922
Credit exposure for off-balance sheet items:		_	_		_	<u> </u>		
Unused portion of loan commitments	255,332,373	209,854,669	1,049,416,053	857,256,323	254,604,208	209,405,052	1,046,423,295	855,419,637
Bank guarantees	30,995,565	31,910,289	127,391,772	130,353,531	30,823,282	31,777,207	126,683,689	129,809,891
Letters of credit	10,133,444	2,303,062	41,648,455	9,408,008	10,133,444	2,303,062	41,648,455	9,408,008
	296,461,382	244,068,020	1,218,456,280	997,017,862	295,560,934	243,485,321	1,214,755,439	994,637,536
Total maximum credit risk exposure	9,190,225,622	8,727,118,148	37,771,827,307	35,650,277,635	9,013,291,066	8,550,862,291	37,044,626,282	34,930,272,458

The above table represents a worst-case scenario of credit risk exposure to the Group and the Bank as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements attached. For on-balance financial sheet assets, the exposures set out above are based on net carrying amounts.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(c) Maximum exposure to credit risk before collateral held or other credit enhancements (continued)

As shown in the table in the previous page, as at 30 June 2024, 72.24% for the Group and 72.06% for the Bank of total maximum exposure is derived from loans and advances (31 December 202<sub>3</sub>: 75.65% and 75.51% for the Group and for the Bank, respectively).

The Management is confident in its ability to continue to control and sustain minimal exposure of credit risk to the Group and the Bank resulting from its loans and advances. Significant credit risk exposure is arising from loans and advances. In order to mitigate the exposure of credit risk arising from loans and advances, all loan size limits must not exceed 75% of estimated saleable value of the pledged collateral, except for other loans authorised by the Management Credit Committee wherein the loan to collateral value exceeds the 75% threshold. As at 30 June 2024, approximately 93.07% for the Group and 93.01% for the Bank of these loans and advances are collateralised (31 December 2023: 94.22% for the Group and 94.16% for the Bank) respectively.

(d) Concentration of financial assets with credit risk exposure

A concentration of credit risk exists when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar activities and have similar economic characteristics that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. The Group and the Bank analysed the concentration of credit risk by geographic purpose and industry sector on the succeeding pages.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(d) Concentration of risks of financial assets with credit risk exposure (continued)

## (i) Geographical sector

The analysis of credit risk concentrations (without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements) based on the location of the counterparty as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

					The Group				
	Cambodia US\$	France US\$	Germany US\$	Laos US\$	Singapore US\$	USA US\$	Myanmar US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 30 June 2024									
Credit exposure for on-balance sheet financial assets:									
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	1,384,616,330	1,844,672	271,943	31,649,943	101,276,706	150,442,760	58,562	6,211,073	1,676,371,989
Financial investments	535,891,563	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	535,891,563
Loans and advances, net	6,495,191,295	-	-	123,290,561	-	-	20,396,417	-	6,638,878,273
Derivative financial instruments	801,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,333,655	4,134,655
Other financial assets	38,015,577	-	-	465,326	-	-	6,857	-	38,487,760
	8,454,515,765	1,844,672	271,943	155,405,830	101,276,706	150,442,760	20,461,836	9,544,728	8,893,764,240
Credit exposure for off-balance sheet items:									
Unused portion of loan commitments	254,604,208	-	-	728,165	-	-	-	-	255,332,373
Bank guarantees	30,823,282	-	-	172,283	-	-	-	-	30,995,565
Letters of credit	10,133,444	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,133,444
	295,560,934	-	-	900,448					296,461,382
Total maximum credit risk exposure	8,750,076,699	1,844,672	271,943	156,306,278	101,276,706	150,442,760	20,461,836	9,544,728	9,190,225,622
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	35,962,815,231	7,581,602	1,117,686	642,418,803	416,247,262	618,319,744	84,098,146	39,228,832	37,771,827,306

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(d) Concentration of risks of financial assets with credit risk exposure (continued)

## (i) Geographical sector (continued)

					The Group				
	Cambodia US\$	France US\$	Germany US\$	Laos US\$	Singapore US\$	USA US\$	Myanmar US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 31 December 2023									
Credit exposure for on-balance sheet financial assets:									
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	1,390,225,085	1,886,342	142,614	28,994,985	661,541	79,154,370	71,128	8,407,113	1,509,543,178
Financial investments	357,544,384	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	357,544,384
Loans and advances, net	6,457,043,288	-	-	126,422,018	-	-	18,199,925	-	6,601,665,231
Derivative financial instruments	1,101,000	-	-	-	-	52,811	-	4,592,875	5,746,686
Other financial assets	7,761,342	-	-	789,307	-	-	-	-	8,550,649
	8,213,675,099	1,886,342	142,614	156,206,310	661,541	79,207,181	18,271,053	12,999,988	8,483,050,128
Credit exposure for off-balance sheet items:									
Unused portion of loan commitments	209,405,052	-	-	449,617	-	-	-	-	209,854,669
Bank guarantees	31,777,207	-	-	133,082	-	-	-	-	31,910,289
Letters of credit	2,303,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,303,062
	243,485,321	-	-	582,699		-			244,068,020
Total maximum credit risk exposure	8,457,160,420	1,886,342	142,614	156,789,009	661,541	79,207,181	18,271,053	12,999,988	8,727,118,148
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	34,547,500,315	7,705,707	582,578	640,483,102	2,702,395	323,561,334	74,637,252	53,104,951	35,650,277,634

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(d) Concentration of risks of financial assets with credit risk exposure (continued)

## (i) Geographical sector (continued)

	The Bank								
	Cambodia US\$	France US\$	Germany US\$	Laos US\$	Singapore US\$	USA US\$	Myanmar US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 30 June 2024									
Credit exposure for on-balance sheet financial assets:									
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	1,384,575,279	1,844,672	271,943	37,491	101,276,706	150,442,760	46,832	4,966,770	1,643,462,453
Financial investments	535,891,563	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	535,891,563
Loans and advances, net	6,495,191,297	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,495,191,297
Derivative financial instruments	801,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,333,655	4,134,655
Other financial assets	38,857,774	<u>-</u>					192,390		39,050,164
	8,455,316,913	1,844,672	271,943	37,491	101,276,706	150,442,760	239,222	8,300,425	8,717,730,132
Credit exposure for off-balance sheet items:		<u> </u>							
Unused portion of loan commitments	254,604,208	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	254,604,208
Bank guarantees	30,823,282	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,823,282
Letters of credit	10,133,444	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,133,444
	295,560,934	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	295,560,934
Total maximum credit risk exposure	8,750,877,847	1,844,672	271,943	37,491	101,276,706	150,442,760	239,222	8,300,425	9,013,291,066
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	35,966,107,949	7,581,602	1,117,686	154,088	416,247,262	618,319,744	983,202	34,114,747	37,044,626,280

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(d) Concentration of risks of financial assets with credit risk exposure (continued)

## (i) Geographical sector (continued)

					The Bank				
	Cambodia US\$	France US\$	Germany US\$	Laos US\$	Singapore US\$	USA US\$	Myanmar US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 31 December 2023									
Credit exposure for on-balance sheet financial assets:									
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	1,390,168,709	1,886,342	142,614	15,871	661,541	79,154,370	46,936	6,805,638	1,478,882,021
Financial investments	357,544,384	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	357,544,384
Loans and advances, net	6,457,043,288	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,457,043,288
Derivative financial instruments	1,101,000	-	-	-	-	52,811	-	4,592,875	5,746,686
Other financial assets	7,914,050	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		246,541		8,160,591
	8,213,771,431	1,886,342	142,614	15,871	661,541	79,207,181	293,477	11,398,513	8,307,376,970
Credit exposure for off-balance sheet items:									
Unused portion of loan commitments	209,405,052	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	209,405,052
Bank guarantees	31,777,207	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,777,207
Letters of credit	2,303,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,303,062
	243,485,321	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	243,485,321
Total maximum credit risk exposure	8,457,256,752	1,886,342	142,614	15,871	661,541	79,207,181	293,477	11,398,513	8,550,862,291
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	34,547,893,832	7,705,707	582,578	64,833	2,702,395	323,561,334	1,198,854	46,562,926	34,930,272,459

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(d) Concentration of risks of financial assets with credit risk exposure (continued)

### (ii) Industry sectors

The analysis of credit risk concentrations (without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements) at carrying amount as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023 based on the industry sectors of the counterparty are as follows:

	The Group							
	Financial institutions US\$	Wholesale and retail US\$	Services US\$	Housing US\$	Manufacturing US\$	Agriculture US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 30 June 2024					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Credit exposure for on-balance sheet financial assets:								
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	1,676,371,989	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,676,371,989
Financial investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	535,891,563	535,891,563
Loans and advances, net	2,272,823	2,179,648,115	1,605,534,926	190,297,655	243,295,090	1,380,876,832	1,036,952,832	6,638,878,273
Derivative financial instruments	4,134,655	-	-	-	-	-		4,134,655
Other financial assets	2,037,257			-		<u> </u>	36,450,503	38,487,760
	1,684,816,724	2,179,648,115	1,605,534,926	190,297,655	243,295,090	1,380,876,832	1,609,294,898	8,893,764,240
Credit exposure for off-balance sheet items:								_
Unused portion of loan commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-	255,332,373	255,332,373
Bank guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,995,565	30,995,565
Letters of credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,133,444	10,133,444
	-						296,461,382	296,461,382
Total maximum credit risk exposure	1,684,816,724	2,179,648,115	1,605,534,926	190,297,655	243,295,090	1,380,876,832	1,905,756,280	9,190,225,622
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	6,924,596,734	8,958,353,753	6,598,748,546	782,123,362	999,942,820	5,675,403,780	7,832,658,311	37,771,827,306

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

- (d) Concentration of risks of financial assets with credit risk exposure (continued)
- (ii) Industry sectors (continued)

	The Group							
	Financial institutions US\$	Wholesale and retail US\$	Services US\$	Housing US\$	Manufacturing US\$	Agriculture US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 31 December 2023	· .	·		·			<u> </u>	·
Credit exposure for on-balance sheet financial assets:								
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	1,509,543,178	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,509,543,178
Financial investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	357,544,384	357,544,384
Loans and advances, net	6,394,966	2,152,440,783	1,597,211,053	204,611,792	235,720,790	1,402,560,696	1,002,725,151	6,601,665,231
Derivative financial instruments	5,746,686	-		-	-	-	-	5,746,686
Other financial assets	4,231,725			<u>-</u>			4,318,924	8,550,649
	1,525,916,555	2,152,440,783	1,597,211,053	204,611,792	235,720,790	1,402,560,696	1,364,588,459	8,483,050,128
Credit exposure for off-balance sheet items:								
Unused portion of loan commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-	209,854,669	209,854,669
Bank guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,910,289	31,910,289
Letters of credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,303,062	2,303,062
	-		-	-	-	-	244,068,020	244,068,020
Total maximum credit risk exposure	1,525,916,555	2,152,440,783	1,597,211,053	204,611,792	235,720,790	1,402,560,696	1,608,656,479	8,727,118,148
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	6,233,369,126	8,792,720,599	6,524,607,152	835,839,170	962,919,427	5,729,460,443	6,571,361,717	35,650,277,634

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

- (d) Concentration of risks of financial assets with credit risk exposure (continued)
- (ii) Industry sectors (continued)

	The Bank							
	Financial institutions US\$	Wholesale and retail US\$	Services US\$	Housing US\$	Manufacturing US\$	Agriculture US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 30 June 2024	·		·	-				
Credit exposure for on-balance sheet financial assets:								
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	1,643,462,453	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,643,462,453
Financial investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	535,891,563	535,891,563
Loans and advances, net	2,272,824	2,123,705,507	1,574,945,940	180,220,502	238,675,445	1,346,031,930	1,029,339,149	6,495,191,297
Derivative financial instruments	4,134,655	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,134,655
Other financial assets	3,110,032			<u>-</u>			35,940,132	39,050,164
	1,652,979,964	2,123,705,507	1,574,945,940	180,220,502	238,675,445	1,346,031,930	1,601,170,844	8,717,730,132
Credit exposure for off-balance sheet items:	·			_			_	
Unused portion of loan commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-	254,604,208	254,604,208
Bank guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,823,282	30,823,282
Letters of credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,133,444	10,133,444
	-	-	-	-	-	-	295,560,934	295,560,934
Total maximum credit risk exposure	1,652,979,964	2,123,705,507	1,574,945,940	180,220,502	238,675,445	1,346,031,930	1,896,731,778	9,013,291,066
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	6,793,747,651	8,728,429,634	6,473,027,813	740,706,263	980,956,079	5,532,191,232	7,795,567,608	37,044,626,280

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

- (d) Concentration of risks of financial assets with credit risk exposure (continued)
- (ii) Industry sectors (continued)

	The Bank							
	Financial institutions US\$	Wholesale and retail US\$	Services US\$	Housing US\$	Manufacturing US\$	Agriculture US\$	Others US\$	Total US\$
As at 31 December 2023	· .		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	·	· ·	·-
Credit exposure for on-balance sheet financial assets:								
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	1,478,882,021	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,478,882,021
Financial investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	357,544,384	357,544,384
Loans and advances, net	6,394,967	2,094,550,796	1,567,087,673	193,397,658	230,816,360	1,369,801,023	994,994,811	6,457,043,288
Derivative financial instruments	5,746,686	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,746,686
Other financial assets	4,645,888						3,514,703	8,160,591
	1,495,669,562	2,094,550,796	1,567,087,673	193,397,658	230,816,360	1,369,801,023	1,356,053,898	8,307,376,970
Credit exposure for off-balance sheet items:			·					_
Unused portion of loan commitment	-	-	-	-	-	-	209,405,052	209,405,052
Bank guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,777,207	31,777,207
Letters of credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,303,062	2,303,062
	_						243,485,321	243,485,321
Total maximum credit risk exposure	1,495,669,562	2,094,550,796	1,567,087,673	193,397,658	230,816,360	1,369,801,023	1,599,539,219	8,550,862,291
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	6,109,810,160	8,556,240,002	6,401,553,144	790,029,433	942,884,831	5,595,637,179	6,534,117,710	34,930,272,459

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

#### (e) Write-off policy

Financial instruments can be written off under the judgment of the Management Credit Committee when the Group and the Bank lose control on its contractual rights over that facility or when all or part of the facility is deemed uncollectible; this is particularly the case when there is no realistic prospect of recovery from the counterparty or when the Group and the Bank have lost control over its contractual rights on the facility due to any decision of a court of law. Circumstances where a facility should be written off also include, but are not limited to:

- a) All forms of securities or collateral have been called and realised but proceeds failed to cover the entire outstanding amount of the facility.
- b) The Group and the Bank are unable to collect or there is no longer reasonable assurance that the Group and the Bank will collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the facility agreement.
- c) The counterparty has become bankrupt or is undergoing other forms of financial restructuring, and as a consequence, it will unlikely to service the facility.
- d) The facility has been classified under loss category.

#### (f) Credit quality of financial assets

CIFRS 9 provides ECL of which the Group and the Bank expect to experience on an account over either a 12-month horizon (Stage 1) or a lifetime horizon (Stage 2 and Stage 3). The change in approach to provisioning introduced by CIFRS 9 is designed to:

- Ensure a timely recognition of credit losses, which is more reflective than the previous Incurred Loss Model;
- Distinguish between financial instruments that have significantly deteriorated in credit quality and those that have not; and
- Provide a better estimate of ECL given the macroeconomic environment.

The Group and the Bank apply a three-stage approach based on the change in credit quality since initial recognition:

3-Stage	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3		
approach	Performing	Underperforming	Nonperforming		
Recognition of ECL	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL		
Criterion	No significant increase in credit risk	Credit risk increased significantly	Credit-impaired assets		
Basis of calculation of profit revenue	On gross carrying amount	On gross carrying amount	On net carrying amount		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

### (f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Recognition of ECL

Financial assets that are measured at amortised cost or through other comprehensive income will be subjected to impairment assessment.

The Group and the Bank measured ECL by using the general approach and the simplified approach. The general approach consists of segregating the customers into three different stages according to the staging criteria by assessing the credit risk. 12-month ECL will be computed for Stage 1, while lifetime ECL will be computed for Stage 2 and Stage 3. At each reporting date, the Group and the Bank will assess credit risk of each account as compared to the risk level at origination date.

As for financial assets that are short-term in nature, a simplified approach will be adopted where it will be either performing (Stage 1) or non-performing loan ("NPL") (Stage 3) based on the default indicator.

Below is a table showing a summary of credit risk status and period for ECL calculation by stages:

#### ACLEDA Bank Plc.

Staging	Risk Level / Rating Grade	Days Past Due	NBC's Classification	Indicator	Default Indicator
1	1 2 3 4 5 6	LT*: 0 ≤ DPD ≤ 29 ST**: 0 ≤ DPD ≤ 14	Normal	-	Not in Default / Performing
2	7	LT*: 30 ≤ DPD ≤ 89 ST**: 15 ≤ DPD ≤ 30	Special Mention	Hit SICR triggers	
	0	LT*: 90 ≤ DPD ≤ 179 ST**: 31 ≤ DPD ≤ 60	Substandard		D. (- 1) /
3	9 10	LT*: 180 ≤DPD ≤ 359 ST**: 61 ≤DPD ≤ 90	Doubtful	Hit NPL triggers	Default / Non-
		LT*: DPD ≥ 360 ST**: DPD ≥ 91	Loss		Performing

<sup>\*</sup>Long-term facilities; \*\*Short-term facilities

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Recognition of ECL (continued)

ACLEDA Bank Lao Ltd.

Staging	Days Past Due	BOL's Classification	Indicator	Default Indicator	
1	0 ≤ DPD ≤ 29	Normal	-	Not in Default /	
2	30 ≤ DPD ≤ 89	Special Mention	Hit SICR triggers	Performing	
	90 ≤ DPD ≤ 179 Substandard 3 180 ≤ DPD ≤ 359 Doubtful DPD ≥ 360 Loss			5 ( ) (	
3			Hit NPL triggers	Default / Non-performing	
				Non-penoming	

### ACLEDA MFI Myanmar Co., Ltd.

Staging	Days Past Due	Financial Regulatory Department's Classification	Indicator	Default Indicator	
1	On time	Normal	-	Not in Default /	
2	0 ≤ DPD ≤ 29	Substandard	Hit SICR triggers	Performing	
	30 ≤ DPD ≤ 60 Watch			D ( 11 /	
3	61 ≤ DPD ≤ 90 Doubtful		Hit NPL triggers	Default / Non-performing	
	DPD ≥ 91 Loss			Tron ponoming	

#### Credit classification for financial assets

The Bank follows the mandatory loan classification and provisioning as required by the NBC's Prakas No. B7-017-344 dated 1 December 2017 and Circular No. B7-018-001 Sor Ror Chor Nor dated 16 February 2018 on Credit Risk Grading and Impairment Provisioning. Loans and advances and other financial assets are classified into five classifications as described below:

	PAYMENT EXPERIENCED				
CLASSES/CRITERIA	As for facilities, which have an original term of more than one year	As for facilities that have an original term of one year or less			
1 - NORMAL					
Timely repayment of an outstanding facility classified in this class is not in doubt. Repayment is steadily made according to the contractual terms and the facility does not exhibit any potential weakness in repayment capacity, business, cash flow, and financial position of the counterparty.	Punctual	Punctual			

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 $\,$

# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Credit classification for financial assets (continued)

	PAYMENT EXPERIENCED					
CLASSES/ CRITERIA	As for facilities, which have	As for facilities that have an				
	an original term of more	original term of one year or				
	than one year	less				
2 - SPECIAL MENTION A facility in this class is currently protected and may not be past due but it exhibits potential weaknesses that, if not corrected in a timely manner, may adversely affect repayment by the counterparty at a future date, and warrant close	due from 30 days to 89 days.	<ul> <li>When any facility is past due for a maximum of 30 days.</li> <li>When interest payments for a maximum of 30 days have been capitalised, refinanced, or rolled over into a new facility.</li> </ul>				
attention by the Bank. Examples of such weaknesses include, but are not limited to, a declining trend in the operations of the counterparty or in its financial position, adverse economic and market conditions that might all affect its profitability and its future repayment capacity, or deteriorating conditions on the collateral. This class has clearly its own rational and should not be used as a compromise between Normal and Substandard.	into a new facility.	<ul> <li>In case of overdrafts, excess of the approval limit is for a maximum of 30 days, or the current account has been inactive for a maximum of 30 days, or the net inflows on the current account have not been enough to cover capitalised interests for a maximum of 30 days.</li> </ul>				

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Credit classification for financial assets (continued)

	PAYMENT EXPERIENCED					
CLASSES/CRITERIA	As for facilities, which have an original term of more than one year	As for facilities that have an original term of one year or less				
A facility in this class exhibits noticeable weakness and is not adequately protected by the current business, financial position, or repayment capacity of the counterparty. In essence, the primary source of repayment is not sufficient to service the debt and the Bank must look to secondary sources, such as the realisation of the collateral, in relation with the counterparty. Factors leading to a Substandard classification include:  Inability of the counterparty to meet the contractual repayments' terms.  Unfavourable economic and market conditions that would affect the business and profitability of the counterparty in the future.  Weakened financial condition and/or inability of the counterparty to generate enough cash flow to service the payments.  Difficulties experienced by the counterparty in repaying other facilities granted by the Bank or by other institutions when the information is available.  Breach of financial covenants by the counterparty.	due from 90 days to 179 days.	due for a maximum of 60 days.				

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Credit classification for financial assets (continued)

	PAYMENT EXPERIENCED					
CLASSES/CRITERIA	As for facilities, which	As for facilities that have an				
OLAGOLO/OKITEKIA	have an original term of	original term of one year or				
	more than one year	less				
4 - DOUBTFUL A facility classified in this category faces similar but more severe weaknesses than one classified as Substandard such that its full collection on the basis of existing facts, conditions, or collateral value is highly questionable or improbable. The prospect of loss is high, even if the exact amount remains undetermined for now.	<ul> <li>When any facility is past due from 180 days to 359 days.</li> <li>When interest payment for 180 to 359 days has been capitalised or rolled over into a new facility.</li> </ul>	for a maximum of 90 days.  - When interest payment for a maximum of 90 days have been capitalised or rolled over into a new facility.				
5 - LOSS A facility is classified as Loss when it is not collectible, and little or nothing can be done to recover the outstanding amount from the counterparty.	due from 360 days.	for a maximum of 180 days.				

With regard to facilities with repayments on a quarterly, semi-annual, or longer basis, facilities must be classified as Substandard or worse depending on the situation of the counterparty as soon as a default occurs. For the purpose of the table above, the default will be considered as having occurred 5 working days after the payment due date. The classification as Substandard will be allowed only in case where the counterparty has clearly demonstrated that its inability to pay in due time is only temporary.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Credit classification for financial assets (continued)

Facilities that are classified Substandard, Doubtful or Loss will be considered as "Non-performing" facilities. Other facilities will be considered as "Performing". In addition to the classification according to days past due information and risk level, the Group and the Bank also perform manual classification when there is a sign of deterioration in the credit profile. The Group and the Bank might classify the loans under "Normal" and "Special Mention" classification into Stage3 when there are other credit impaired indicator.

The credit quality of financial instruments other than loans, and advance and financing are determined based on the ratings of counterparties as defined equivalent ratings of other internationals rating agencies as defined below.

Credit Quality	Description
Sovereign	Refer to financial assets issued by central banks or guarantees by central bank.
Investment grade	Refer to the credit quality of the financial asset that the issuer is able to meet payment obligation and exposure bondholder
	to low credit risk of default.
Non-investment grade	Refer to low credit quality of the financial asset that is highly exposed to default risk.
No rating	Refer to financial assets which are currently not assigned with ratings due to unavailability of ratings models.
Credit impaired	Refers to the asset that is being impaired.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Credit classification for financial assets (continued)

The following table sets out information about the credit quality of financial assets measured at amortised cost. Unless specifically indicated, for financial assets, the amounts in the table represent gross carrying amounts. For loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the amounts in the table represent the amounts committed or guaranteed, respectively.

Loans and advances at amortised cost		30 June	e 2024		31 December 2023			
	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$
The Group								
Normal	6,210,194,027	103,023	816,215	6,211,113,265	6,171,625,804	11,147,342	=	6,182,773,146
Special mention	5,238	69,258,520	578,258	69,842,016	803,987	48,054,541	-	48,858,528
Substandard	-	-	73,366,078	73,366,078	-	-	101,891,769	101,891,769
Doubtful	-	-	103,497,399	103,497,399	-	-	143,881,455	143,881,455
Loss			261,855,622	261,855,622		<u>-</u>	179,907,111	179,907,111
Total gross carrying amount	6,210,199,265	69,361,543	440,113,572	6,719,674,380	6,172,429,791	59,201,883	425,680,335	6,657,312,009
ECL allowance	(20,508,619)	(7,072,262)	(53,215,226)	(80,796,107)	(8,966,649)	(5,322,333)	(41,357,796)	(55,646,778)
Carrying amount	6,189,690,646	62,289,281	386,898,346	6,638,878,273	6,163,463,142	53,879,550	384,322,539	6,601,665,231
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	25,439,628,555	256,008,945	1,590,152,202	27,285,789,702	25,177,746,935	220,097,962	1,569,957,572	26,967,802,469
The Bank								
Normal	6,077,740,184	103,023	816,215	6,078,659,422	6,047,155,346	4,187	-	6,047,159,533
Special mention	-	67,624,982	578,258	68,203,240	799,286	46,778,284	=	47,577,570
Substandard	=	-	71,902,761	71,902,761	-	=	100,870,267	100,870,267
Doubtful	-	-	102,085,569	102,085,569	-	-	142,676,471	142,676,471
Loss	=	-	238,932,982	238,932,982	-	=	158,358,985	158,358,985
Total gross carrying amount	6,077,740,184	67,728,005	414,315,785	6,559,783,974	6,047,954,632	46,782,471	401,905,723	6,496,642,826
ECL allowance	(18,054,004)	(6,895,974)	(39,642,699)	(64,592,677)	(7,828,861)	(3,268,573)	(28,502,104)	(39,599,538)
Carrying amount	6,059,686,180	60,832,031	374,673,086	6,495,191,297	6,040,125,771	43,513,898	373,403,619	6,457,043,288
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	24,905,310,201	250,019,647	1,539,906,383	26,695,236,231	24,673,913,774	177,754,273	1,525,353,784	26,377,021,831

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Credit classification for financial assets (continued)

Financial investments at amortised cost	30 June 2024				31 December 2023			
	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$
The Group	·	<del> </del>			<del></del>			-
Unlisted Corporate Bond (Cambodian Airport)	30,777,534	-	-	30,777,534	31,604,794	-	-	31,604,794
Listed Government Bond (NBC)	75,132,931	-	-	75,132,931	41,489,090	-	-	41,489,090
Negotiable Certificate of Deposits (NBC)	430,148,020	-	-	430,148,020	284,890,090	-	-	284,890,090
Other Investment	-	<u> </u>	-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
Total gross carrying amount	536,058,485	-	-	536,058,485	357,983,974	-	-	357,983,974
ECL allowance	(356,592)	<u>-</u>	-	(356,592)	(629,260)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(629,260)
Carrying amount	535,701,893			535,701,893	357,354,714	_	_	357,354,714
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	2,201,734,780			2,201,734,780	1,459,794,007	<u>-</u>		1,459,794,007
The Bank								
Unlisted Corporate Bond (Cambodian Airport)	30,777,534	-	-	30,777,534	31,604,794	-	-	31,604,794
Listed Government Bond (NBC)	75,132,931	-	-	75,132,931	41,489,090	-	-	41,489,090
Negotiable Certificate of Deposits (NBC)	430,148,020	-	-	430,148,020	284,890,090	-	-	284,890,090
Other Investment			<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-
Total gross carrying amount	536,058,485	-	-	536,058,485	357,983,974	-	-	357,983,974
ECL allowance	(356,592)		<u>-</u>	(356,592)	(629,260)		<u>-</u>	(629,260)
Carrying amount	535,701,893			535,701,893	357,354,714			357,354,714
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	2,201,734,780	-	-	2,201,734,780	1,459,794,007	-	-	1,459,794,007

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Credit classification for financial assets (continued)

Deposits and placements with other

banks, net		31 December 2023						
	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$
The Group								
Investment Grade	279,202,416	-	-	279,202,416	89,693,482	-	-	89,693,482
Non-Investment Grade	1,394,871,847	-	-	1,394,871,847	1,418,099,065	-	-	1,418,099,065
No Rating	2,486,116	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	2,486,116	1,866,825	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,866,825
Total gross carrying amount	1,676,560,379	-	-	1,676,560,379	1,509,659,372	-	-	1,509,659,372
ECL allowance	(188,390)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(188,390)	(116,194)	-	<u> </u>	(116,194)
Carrying amount	1,676,371,989	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,676,371,989	1,509,543,178	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	1,509,543,178
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	6,889,888,875	<u> </u>		6,889,888,875	6,166,483,882		<u> </u>	6,166,483,882
The Bank								
Investment Grade	277,951,367	-	-	277,951,367	88,083,684	-	-	88,083,684
Non-Investment Grade	1,365,524,843	-	-	1,365,524,843	1,390,794,891	-	-	1,390,794,891
No Rating	37,492	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	37,492	15,871	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	15,871
Total gross carrying amount	1,643,513,702	-	-	1,643,513,702	1,478,894,446	-	-	1,478,894,446
ECL allowance	(51,249)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(51,249)	(12,425)	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(12,425)
Carrying amount	1,643,462,453			1,643,462,453	1,478,882,021	-		1,478,882,021
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	6,754,630,682		-	6,754,630,682	6,041,233,056	-		6,041,233,056

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Credit classification for financial assets (continued)

Other financial assets	30 June 2024				31 December 2023			
	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$
The Group								
Investment Grade	758,000	-	-	758,000	758,000	-	-	758,000
Non-Investment Grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No Rating	37,735,441			37,735,441	7,809,345	-		7,809,345
Total gross carrying amount	38,493,441	-	-	38,493,441	8,567,345	-	-	8,567,345
ECL allowance	(5,681)			(5,681)	(16,696)	-		(16,696)
Carrying amount	38,487,760			38,487,760	8,550,649	-	-	8,550,649
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	158,184,694			158,184,694	34,929,401			34,929,401
The Bank								
Investment Grade	758,000	-	-	758,000	758,000	-	-	758,000
Non-Investment Grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No Rating	38,294,139			38,294,139	7,416,377	-		7,416,377
Total gross carrying amount	39,052,139	-	-	39,052,139	8,174,377	-	-	8,174,377
ECL allowance	(1,975)			(1,975)	(13,786)	-		(13,786)
Carrying amount	39,050,164			39,050,164	8,160,591	-		8,160,591
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	160,496,174	-		160,496,174	33,336,014			33,336,014

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(f) Credit quality of financial assets (continued)

Credit classification for financial assets (continued)

Financial guarantee contracts		30 June	2024		31 December 2023			
	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$	Stage 1: 12-month ECL US\$	Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired US\$	Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired US\$	Total US\$
The Group	·	·		· ·		<u> </u>		·
Investment Grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Investment Grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No Rating	75,083,168	-		75,083,168	67,014,005	-		67,014,005
Total gross carrying amount	75,083,168	-	-	75,083,168	67,014,005	-	-	67,014,005
ELC allowance	(39,578)	-	<u>-</u> .	(39,578)	(14,782)			(14,782)
Carrying amount	75,043,590			75,043,590	66,999,223	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	66,999,223
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	308,429,155			308,429,155	273,691,826			273,691,826
The Bank								
Investment Grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Investment Grade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No Rating	87,887,563			87,887,563	79,880,923	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	79,880,923
Total gross carrying amount	87,887,563	-	-	87,887,563	79,880,923	-	-	79,880,923
ECL allowance	(86,060)			(86,060)	(62,307)			(62,307)
Carrying amount	87,801,503			87,801,503	79,818,616			79,818,616
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	360,864,177	-		360,864,177	326,059,046	-		326,059,046

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(g) Amounts arising from ECL

Significant increase in credit risk

The Group and the Bank consider that a significant increase in credit risk occurs no later than when an asset is more than or equal to 30 days past due for long-term facilities or more than or equal to 15 days past due for short-term facilities. Days past due is determined by counting the number of days since the earliest elapsed due date in respect of which full payment has not been received. Due dates are determined without considering any grace period that might be available to the Borrower.

The Group and the Bank use the days past due ("DPD") information, qualitative assessment in compliance with the central banks' classification, and credit scoring/rating at origination for staging criteria.

If there is evidence that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk relative to initial recognition, then the loss allowance on an instrument returns to being measured as 12-month ECL. Some qualitative indicators of an increase in credit risk, such as delinquency, may be indicative of an increased risk of default that persists after the indicator itself has ceased to exist. In these cases, the Group and the Bank determine a probation period during which the financial asset is required to demonstrate good behaviour to provide evidence that its credit risk has declined sufficiently. When contractual terms of a loan have been modified, evidence that the criteria for recognising lifetime ECL are no longer met includes a history of up-to-date payment performance against the modified contractual terms.

The Group and the Bank monitor the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify significant increases in credit risk by regular reviews to confirm that:

- the criteria are capable of identifying significant increases in credit risk before an exposure is in default;
- the criteria do not align with the point in time when an asset becomes past due;
- exposures are not generally transferred directly from 12-month ECL measurement to creditimpaired; and,
- there is no unwarranted volatility in loss allowance from transfers between 12-month PD (Stage 1) and lifetime PD (Stage 2).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

Definition of default

The Group and the Bank consider a financial asset to be in default, as aligned with the NBC Prakas on Credit Risk Grading and Impairment Provisioning as stated in Article 17 and Article 19, when:

1) The default definition / non-performing facilities' definition for short-term and long-term facilities where original tenure is more than a year is as follows:

#### ACLEDA Bank Plc.

Staging	Risk Level / Rating Grade	Days Past Due	Classification	Default Indicator		
		LT*: 90 ≤ DPD < 180	C: de atamada ad			
		ST**: 31 ≤ DPD ≤ 60	Substandard			
2	-	8 LT*: 180 < DPD <360		Default / Non-		
3	9 10	ST**: 61 ≤ DPD ≤ 90	– Doubtful	performing		
		LT*: DPD ≥ 360	1	_		
		ST**: DPD ≥ 91	Loss			

<sup>\*</sup>Long-term facilities; \*\*Short-term facilities

#### ACLEDA Bank Lao Ltd.

Staging	Days Past Due	Classification	Default Indicator
	$90 \le DPD < 180$	Substandard	
3	180 ≤ DPD <360	Doubtful	Default / Non-performing
	DPD ≥ 360	Loss	

## ACLEDA MFI Myanmar Co., Ltd.

Staging	Days Past Due	Classification	Default Indicator
	$30 \le DPD \le 60$	Watch	
3	61 ≤ DPD ≤ 90	Doubtful	Default / Non-performing
_	DPD ≥ 91	Loss	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

Definition of default (continued)

2) In addition to the classification according to days past due information, the Group and the Bank also perform manual classification when there is a sign of deterioration in the credit profile. The Group and the Bank might classify the loan into Substandard, Doubtful, or Loss even though the days past due is not falling within the default criteria.

Grouping of instruments for losses measured on a collective basis

For expected credit loss provisions modelled on a collective basis, a grouping of exposures is performed on the basis of shared risk characteristics, such that risk exposures within a group are homogeneous.

Until 31 December 2023, the Bank grouped loans for losses measured on modelling of ECL calculation based on products. For the period ended 30 June 2024, the Bank assessed that grouping loans for losses measured on modelling of ECL calculation based on industry better reflected the shared risk characteristics from its most recent observations and evolvement of the current economic condition. Likewise, the forward-looking information were updated based on the change to grouping by industry.

Incorporation of forward-looking information

The Group and the Bank incorporate forward-looking information into both the assessment of whether the credit risk of an instrument has increased significantly since its initial recognition and in the measurement of ECL.

The Group and the Bank formulate three economic scenarios to reflect macro-economic conditions and the business environment starting with baseline, upside, and downside. According to the decision of the Group's and the Bank's senior management in December 2023, the probability-weighted of each scenario was determined based on specific drivers of credit risk by the economic sector as below:

NI-	Business/Cub Sester	Probabilities Weighted Outcome					
No.	Business/Sub-Sector	Baseline	Upside	Downside			
Agricu	ulture						
1	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	60%	20%	20%			
Indust	try						
2	Mining and quarrying	60%	20%	20%			
3	Manufacturing	60%	20%	20%			
4	Construction	55%	20%	25%			
Servic	ce						
5	Utilities	60%	20%	20%			
6	Wholesale trade	60%	20%	20%			
7	Retail trade	60%	20%	20%			
8	Accommodation and food service activities	55%	20%	25%			
9	Arts, entertainment and recreation	60%	20%	20%			
10	Financial and insurance activities	60%	20%	20%			
11	Transport and storage	60%	20%	20%			
12	Information and communications	60%	20%	20%			
13	Rental and operational leasing activities, excluded real estate leasing and rentals	55%	20%	25%			
14	Real estate activities	55%	20%	25%			
15	Education	60%	20%	20%			
16	Human health and social work activities	60%	20%	20%			
17	Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of households for own use	60%	20%	20%			
18	Other lending	60%	20%	20%			

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

#### (g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

Incorporation of forward-looking information (continued)

For sub-sectors which were determined to have a probability 60% for baseline, 20% for upside, and 20% for down side due to the expectation of these sub-sector returning to pre-pandemic growth levels and the effective credit management practices of the Bank.

For sub-sectors which were determined to have a probability 55% for baseline, 20% for upside, and 25% for down side based on the anticipation that these sub-sectors will continue to grow, albeit at a slower pace.

This strategic approach allows the Group and the Bank to assess and manage credit risk across different sectors within varying economic scenarios, supporting informed decision-making and risk management practices.

External information considerations include economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities in the countries where the Group and the Bank operate, supranational organisations, such as the International Monetary Fund and selected private-sector and academic forecasters.

The Group and the Bank have identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each portfolio of financial instruments in accordance with each country and, by using an analysis of historical data, have estimated relationships between macroeconomic variables ("MEVs") and credit risk and credit losses. The macroeconomic variables ("MEVs") of Cambodia is the key driver of the ECL of the Group. The Bank's ECL is covered over 80% of the Group's ECL.

The economic scenarios of the Bank's portfolio used included the following key indicators for Cambodia from years 2024 to 2028:

Exposure	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
1 - Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing					
- Goods and services credits/GDP					
Base	-1.12%	-1.54%	-1.55%	3.51%	3.51%
Upside	-21.45%	-21.87%	-21.89%	-16.83%	-16.83%
Downside	19.22%	18.80%	18.78%	23.85%	23.85%
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)					
Base	(0.0936)	(0.0885)	(0.0839)	0.1668	0.1668
Upside	(0.2145)	(0.2187)	(0.2189)	(0.1683)	(0.1683)
Downside	(0.3421)	(0.3369)	(0.3324)	(0.0816)	(0.0816)
2 - Manufacturing					
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)					
Base	-4.97%	-5.95%	-6.23%	17.62%	17.62%
Upside	18.82%	17.85%	17.56%	41.42%	41.42%
Downside	-28.77%	-29.74%	-30.03%	-6.17%	-6.17%
- Nominal GDP (in KHR billions)					
Base	5.42%	5.52%	6.17%	6.50%	6.50%
Upside	16.65%	16.75%	17.40%	17.73%	17.73%
Downside	-5.81%	-5.71%	-5.05%	-4.73%	-4.73%
3 - Utilities					
- US 1 Year Treasury Yield Curve Rates					
Base	5.10	5.11	5.08	1.42	1.42
Upside	2.81	2.82	2.79	(0.87)	(0.87)
Downside	7.39	7.40	7.37	3.71	3.71

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

# (g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

Incorporation of forward-looking information (continued)

Exposure	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
4- Retail Trade					
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)					
Base	-4.97%	-5.95%	-6.23%	17.62%	17.62%
Upside	18.82%	17.85%	17.56%	41.42%	41.42%
Downside	-28.77%	-29.74%	-30.03%	-6.17%	-6.17%
- Cambodia GDP at Constant 2000 Price (in KHR b	,				
Base	3.13%	3.15%	3.57%	4.10%	4.10%
Upside	10.96%	10.98%	11.40%	11.93%	11.93%
Downside	-4.70%	-4.68%	-4.26%	-3.73%	-3.73%
- Goods and services credits/GDP					
Base	85.49%	85.19%	85.51%	77.41%	77.41%
Upside	69.71%	69.41%	69.73%	61.64%	61.64%
Downside	101.26%	100.96%	101.28%	93.19%	93.19%
- USDKHR					
Base	0.60%	0.57%	0.57%	0.17%	0.17%
Upside	-0.75%	-0.78%	-0.78%	-1.18%	-1.18%
Downside	1.94%	1.91%	1.91%	1.51%	1.51%
- Domestic credit to private sector (% of GDP)					
Base	161.23%	165.72%	167.29%	122.13%	122.13%
Upside	97.50%	101.99%	103.56%	58.40%	58.40%
Downside	224.96%	229.45%	231.02%	185.86%	185.86%
5- Real Estate Activities					
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)	0.000/	0.050/	0.000/	45 400/	45 400/
Base	-9.36%	-8.85%	-8.39%	15.42%	15.42%
Upside	17.14%	17.66%	18.11%	41.92%	41.92%
Downside	-35.87%	-35.35%	-34.89%	-11.08%	-11.08%
- USDKHR	0.0000	(0.0000)	(0.0047)	0.0047	0.0047
Base	0.0002	(0.0006)	(0.0017)	0.0017	0.0017
Upside	(0.0133)	(0.0141)	(0.0151)	(0.0118)	(0.0118)
Downside	0.0136	0.0128	0.0117	0.0151	0.0151
- Goods and services credits/GDP	0.0218	0.0185	0.0188	0.0351	0.0351
Base					
Upside Downside	(0.1815) 0.2252	(0.1849) 0.2219	(0.1846) 0.2221	(0.1683) 0.2385	(0.1683) 0.2385
6- Other Lending	0.2252	0.2219	0.2221	0.2365	0.2365
- Cambodia GDP at Constant 2000 Price (in KHR b	illions)				
- Cambodia GDP at Constant 2000 Price (in KHR b	0.0313	0.0315	0.0357	0.0410	0.0410
Upside	0.0313	0.0313	0.0337	0.0410	0.0410
Downside	(0.0470)	(0.0468)	(0.0426)	(0.0373)	(0.0373)
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)	(0.0470)	(0.0400)	(0.0420)	(0.0373)	(0.0373)
Base	(0.0497)	(0.0595)	(0.0623)	0.1762	0.1762
Upside	0.0497)	(0.0595) 0.1785	(0.0623) 0.1756	0.1762	0.1762
Downside					
Downside	(0.2877)	(0.2974)	(0.3003)	(0.0617)	(0.0617)

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

(g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

Incorporation of forward-looking information (continued)

Predicted relationships between the key indicators and default and loss rates on various portfolios of financial assets have been developed based on analysing available historical data over the past 7 years.

#### Modified financial assets

The contractual terms of a loan may be modified for a number of reasons, including changing market conditions, customer retention, and other factors not related to a current or potential credit deterioration of the customer. An existing loan whose terms have been modified may be derecognised and the renegotiated loan recognised as a new loan at fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(e)(iv).

When the terms of a financial asset are modified and the modification does not result in derecognition, the determination of whether the asset's credit risk has increased significantly reflects comparison of:

- the remaining lifetime PD at the reporting date based on the modified terms; and,
- the remaining lifetime PD estimated based on data on initial recognition and the original contractual terms.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

#### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

### (g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

Modified financial assets (continued)

When modification results in derecognition, a new loan is recognised and allocated to Stage 1 (assuming it is not credit-impaired at that time).

The revised terms usually include extending the maturity, changing the timing of interest payments and amending the terms of loan covenants.

### Loss allowance

During the period, the allowance for/(reversal of) impairment losses recognised in the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:

		The G	roup		The Bank For the six-month period ended					
	Fo	or the six-mont	h period ended							
Financial Instruments	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023	30 June 2024	30 June 2023		
	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000	US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000		
_			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)		
Deposits and placements with other banks	78,147	291,391	318,526	1,197,617	39,175	246,968	159,678	1,015,038		
Loans and advances	42,573,627	23,081,648	173,530,104	94,865,573	41,457,515	20,064,386	168,980,831	82,464,626		
Investments in debt securities	(272,668)	13,054	(1,111,395)	53,652	(272,668)	13,054	(1,111,395)	53,652		
Other assets	(10,986)	(35,955)	(44,779)	(147,775)	(11,781)	(26,026)	(48,019)	(106,967)		
<u>-</u>	42,368,120	23,350,138	172,692,456	95,969,067	41,212,241	20,298,382	167,981,095	83,426,349		
Financial guarantee contracts	24,919	1,189	101,570	4,887	23,868	(9,311)	97,286	(38,268)		
Total	42,393,039	23,351,327	172,794,026	95,973,954	41,236,109	20,289,071	168,078,381	83,388,081		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

# (g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

Loss allowance (continued)

The following tables show balance of the loss allowance by class of financial instrument:

_		30 Jun	e 2024		30 June 2023					
_	F	or the six-mont	th period ended		F	or the six-month	period ended			
Loans and advances at amortised cost	Stage 1 US\$	Stage 2 US\$	Stage 3 US\$	Total US\$	Stage 1 US\$	Stage 2 US\$	Stage 3 US\$	Total		
The Group	035	035	035	039	039	035	035	US\$		
The Group										
Beginning of the period	8,966,649	5,322,333	41,357,796	55,646,778	20,472,766	3,980,711	17,789,185	42,242,662		
Transfers to/(deduction from):										
Stage 1	(344,851)	94,613	250,238	-	(12,228,853)	953,903	11,274,950	-		
Stage 2	1,888,498	(3,616,870)	1,728,372	-	1,156,932	(2,728,608)	1,571,676	-		
Stage 3	152,128	540,472	(692,600)	-	46,308	121,358	(167,666)	-		
Net remeasurement of loss										
allowance	3,555,810	3,419,920	27,700,272	34,676,002	238,408	2,656,513	17,772,321	20,667,242		
New financial assets originated	7,794,093	2,720,037	5,364,216	15,878,346	2,641,009	1,849,774	94,264	4,585,047		
Derecognition of financial assets	(1,372,905)	(1,391,515)	(5,216,301)	(7,980,721)	(1,115,892)	(368,047)	(686,702)	(2,170,641)		
Write-offs	(1,950)	-	(17,220,486)	(17,222,436)	-	-	(10,387,107)	(10,387,107)		
Currency translation differences	(128,853)	(16,728)	(56,281)	(201,862)	(163,737)	(17,457)	(43,805)	(224,999)		
As at the end of the period	20,508,619	7,072,262	53,215,226	80,796,107	11,046,941	6,448,147	37,217,116	54,712,204		
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	84,290,424	29,066,997	218,714,579	332,072,000	45,623,866	26,630,847	153,706,689	225,961,402		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39.** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

# (g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

		30 Jun	e 2024		30 June 2023					
	F	or the six-mon	th period ended		F	or the six-mon	th period ended			
Loans and advances at amortised cost	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total		
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$		
The Bank										
Beginning of the period	7,828,861	3,268,573	28,502,104	39,599,538	6,861,363	3,832,274	17,463,331	28,156,968		
Transfers to/(deduction from):										
Stage 1	(311,448)	78,630	232,818	-	(486,527)	88,937	397,590	-		
Stage 2	252,177	(1,903,080)	1,650,903	-	1,140,393	(2,599,457)	1,459,064	-		
Stage 3	97,545	533,521	(631,066)	-	19,074	108,128	(127,202)	-		
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	4,983,393	3,313,693	25,916,334	34,213,420	236,820	2,900,023	15,526,690	18,663,533		
New financial assets originated	6,449,217	2,703,555	5,361,449	14,514,221	2,297,241	475,710	91,884	2,864,835		
Derecognition of financial assets	(1,210,855)	(1,091,031)	(4,968,240)	(7,270,126)	(567,384)	(311,948)	(584,650)	(1,463,982)		
Write-offs	(1,950)	-	(16,401,245)	(16,403,195)	-	-	(9,977,194)	(9,977,194)		
Currency translation differences	(32,936)	(7,887)	(20,358)	(61,181)	(12,107)	(7,373)	(22,397)	(41,877)		
As at the end of the period	18,054,004	6,895,974	39,642,699	64,592,677	9,488,873	4,486,294	24,227,116	38,202,283		
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	74,201,956	28,342,453	162,931,493	265,475,902	39,189,046	18,528,394	100,057,989	157,775,429		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

# (g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

	30 June 2024 30 June 2023							
	For t	he six-month	period ended	k	For	the six-mont	n period ende	ed
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
The Group								
Beginning of the period	116,195	-	-	116,195	308,269	-	-	308,269
Allowance for impairment losses during the period	78,147	-	-	78,147	291,391	-	-	291,391
Currency translation differences	(5,952)	-	-	(5,952)	(16,535)	-	-	(16,535)
As at the end of the period	188,390	<u>-</u>	-	188,390	583,125		-	583,125
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	774,284	-		774,284	2,408,308	-		2,408,308
The Bank								
Beginning of the period	12,425	-	-	12,425	223,245	-	-	223,245
Allowance for impairment losses during the period	39,175	-	-	39,175	246,968	-	-	246,968
Currency translation differences	(351)	-	-	(351)	(10,876)	-	-	(10,876)
As at the end of the period	51,249	-	-	51,249	459,337	-	-	459,337
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	210,634	-	=	210,634	1,897,063	-	-	1,897,063

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

# (g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

	30 June 2024						30 June 2023		
	For th	e six-month	period ended		For	the six-montl	n period ende	d	
Other financial assets	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	
The Group							.,		
Beginning of the period	16,696	-	-	16,696	51,597	-	-	51,597	
Reversal of impairment losses during the period	(10,986)	-	-	(10,986)	(35,955)	-	-	(35,955)	
Currency translation differences	(30)	-	-	(30)	112	-	-	112	
As at the end of the period	5,680	-	-	5,680	15,754	-	-	15,754	
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	23,345			23,345	65,064	-		65,064	
The Bank									
Beginning of the period	13,786	-	-	13,786	36,902	-	-	36,902	
Reversal of impairment losses during the period	(11,781)	-	-	(11,781)	(26,026)	-	-	(26,026)	
Currency translation differences	(30)	-	-	(30)	112	-	-	112	
As at the end of the period	1,975	-	-	1,975	10,988			10,988	
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	8,117	-	-	8,117	45,380	-	_	45,380	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

# (g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

		30 June	2024	30 June 2023				
	For t	he six-month	period ende	d	For the six-month period ended			
Investments in debt securities	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
The Group								
Beginning of the period	629,260	-	-	629,260	616,205	-	-	616,205
(Reversal of)/allowance for impairment losses during the period	(272,668)	-	-	(272,668)	13,054	-	-	13,054
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
As at the end of the period	356,592			356,592	629,260	-		629,260
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	1,465,593	-		1,465,593	2,598,844	-	-	2,598,844
The Bank								
Beginning of the period	629,260	-	-	629,260	616,205	-	-	616,205
(Reversal of)/allowance forimpairment losses during the period	(272,668)	-	-	(272,668)	13,054	-	-	13,054
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
As at the end of the period	356,592	-	_	356,592	629,260	-	_	629,260
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	1,465,593		-	1,465,593	2,598,844		-	2,598,844

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

# (g) Amounts arising from ECL (continued)

	30 June	2024	30 June 2023				
For t	he six-month	period ended	i	For the six-month period ended			
Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
				-			
14,782	-	-	14,782	12,629	-	-	12,629
24,919	-	-	24,919	1,189	-	-	1,189
(123)	-	-	(123)	(50)	-	-	(50)
39,578	<u>-</u>	-	39,578	13,768	-		13,768
162,666	-		162,666	56,862			56,862
62,307	-	-	62,307	77,815	-	-	77,815
23,868	-	-	23,868	(9,311)	-	-	(9,311)
(115)	<u>-</u> _	-	(115)	(17)	-	<u>-</u>	(17)
86,060	-	-	86,060	68,487	-	-	68,487
353,707		-	353,707	282,851		-	282,851
	Stage 1 US\$  14,782 24,919 (123) 39,578 162,666  62,307 23,868 (115) 86,060	For the six-month Stage 1 Stage 2 US\$ US\$  14,782 - 24,919 - (123) - 39,578 - 162,666 -  62,307 - 23,868 - (115) - 86,060 -	Stage 1         Stage 2         Stage 3           US\$         US\$           14,782         -         -           24,919         -         -           (123)         -         -           39,578         -         -           162,666         -         -           23,868         -         -           (115)         -         -           86,060         -         -	For the six-month period ended           Stage 1         Stage 2         Stage 3         Total           US\$         US\$         US\$           14,782         -         -         14,782           24,919         -         -         24,919           (123)         -         -         (123)           39,578         -         -         39,578           162,666         -         -         162,666           62,307         -         -         62,307           23,868         -         -         23,868           (115)         -         -         (115)           86,060         -         -         86,060	For the six-month period ended         For the six-month period ended           Stage 1         Stage 2         Stage 3         Total         Stage 1           US\$         US\$         US\$         US\$           14,782         -         -         14,782         12,629           24,919         -         -         24,919         1,189           (123)         -         -         (123)         (50)           39,578         -         -         39,578         13,768           162,666         -         -         162,666         56,862           62,307         -         -         62,307         77,815           23,868         -         -         23,868         (9,311)           (115)         -         (115)         (17)           86,060         -         -         86,060         68,487	For the six-month period ended         For the six-month           Stage 1         Stage 2         Stage 3         Total         Stage 1         Stage 2           US\$         US\$         US\$         US\$         US\$           14,782         -         -         14,782         12,629         -           24,919         -         -         24,919         1,189         -           (123)         -         -         (123)         (50)         -           39,578         -         -         39,578         13,768         -           162,666         -         -         162,666         56,862         -           62,307         -         -         62,307         77,815         -           23,868         -         -         23,868         (9,311)         -           (115)         -         -         (115)         (17)         -           86,060         -         -         86,060         68,487         -	For the six-month period ended           Stage 1         Stage 2         Stage 3         Total         Stage 1         Stage 2         Stage 3           US\$         US\$         US\$         US\$         US\$         US\$         US\$           14,782         -         -         14,782         12,629         -         -           24,919         -         -         24,919         1,189         -         -           (123)         -         -         (123)         (50)         -         -           39,578         -         -         39,578         13,768         -         -           162,666         -         -         162,666         56,862         -         -           62,307         -         -         62,307         77,815         -         -           23,868         -         -         23,868         (9,311)         -         -           (115)         -         -         (115)         (17)         -         -           86,060         -         -         86,060         68,487         -         -

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.1 Credit risk (continued)

### (h) Sensitivity Analysis on ECL Measurement

Set out in the succeeding page is the Bank's ECL measurement as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 that would result from reasonably possible changes in the parameters from the actual assumptions used by the Bank in its economic variable assumptions.

İ	Change in	n MEVs				
00 1	Upside Scenario	Downside Scenario	Upside Scenario	Downside Scenario	Downside Scenario	Downside Scenario
30 June 2024			US\$	US\$	KHR'000	KHR'000
1 - Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing			(374,058)	278,951	(1,537,376)	1,146,489
- Goods and services credits/GDP	-20.34%	20.34%				
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)	0.25	(0.25)				
2 - Manufacturing			(710,731)	1,157,326	(2,921,105)	4,756,610
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)	23.79%	-23.79%				
- Nominal GDP (in KHR billions)	11.23%	-11.23%				
3 - Utilities			(26,654)	49,053	(109,547)	201,609
- US 1 Year Treasury Yield Curve Rates	(2.29)	2.29				
4 - Retail Trade			(4,652,056)	6,871,253	(19,119,952)	28,240,848
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)	23.79%	-23.79%			, , , ,	
- Cambodia GDP at Constant 2000 Price (in						
KHR billions)	7.83%	7.83%				
- Goods and services credits/GDP	-15.78%	15.78%				
- USDKHR	-1.34%	1.34%				
- Domestic credit to private sector (% of GDP)	-63.73%	63.73%				
5 - Real Estate Activities			(219,499)	147,609	(902,141)	606,672
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)	26.50%	-26.50%	( -,,	,	( , ,	,-
- USDKHR	(0.01)	0.01				
- Goods and services credits/GDP	(0.20)	0.20				
6 - Other Lending	(0.20)	0.20	(1,597,076)	3,122,731	(6,563,983)	12,834,425
- Cambodia GDP at Constant 2000 Price (in			(.,55.,676)	3,.22,701	(3,333,000)	.2,501,120
KHR billions)	0.08	(80.0)				
- Cambodia Foreign Reserves (millions USD)	0.00	(0.24)				

	Change ir	n MEVs				
30 June 2023	Upside Scenario	Downside Scenario	Upside Scenario US\$	Downside Scenario US\$	Downside Scenario KHR'000	Downside Scenario KHR'000
1 - Small			(3,001,467)	5,296,799	(12,396,057)	21,875,779
- Domestic credit to private sector (% of GDP)	-51.29%	51.29%	, , , ,		, , , , ,	
- Cambodia CPI All Items 2006=100	-23.51	23.51				
2 - Public Housing Loan			(321,824)	599,940	(1,329,133)	2,477,752
- US 1 year Treasury Yield Curve Rates	-167.24%	167.24%	, , ,		* * * * *	
- GDP at Current Price, Industry (YOY, %)	12.17%	-12.17%				
3 - Overdraft Loan			(122,117)	286,773	(504,344)	1,184,372
- Domestic credit to private sector (% of GDP)	-71.97%	71.97%				•

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.2 Market risk

The Group and the Bank are exposed to market risk, which is the risk of losses in on and off-balance sheet positions arising from movements in the market prices, such as interest rates, equity, foreign currency exchange rates, derivatives, and options, that could adversely affect the Group's and the Bank's future earnings, capital, or ability to meet business objectives.

The primary categories of market risk for the Group and the Bank are:

- (i) Interest rate risk: can lead to losses when there is an imbalance between assets and liabilities on which interest rates change periodically or at different intervals; and,
- (ii) Foreign exchange risk: can lead to losses when there is an imbalance between assets and liabilities in any particular currency.

Commodity risk and equity risk are not applicable at the moment given that the Group and the Bank do not hold any commodity or equity position.

The Board Risk Management and IT Committee is established by the Board of Directors to assist in the effective discharge of its responsibilities for risk management and to regularly review the Management's ability to assess and manage the Group's and the Bank's risks.

Market risks are managed based on the following principles and internal targets:

#### Principles of the market risk:

- In line with sound banking principles, the Group and the Bank actively manage currencies and interest rate risk positions to hedge positions by matching assets and liabilities.
- The Group and the Bank shall not engage in activities to derive income from proprietary trading or speculation on the movements in exchange rates, interest rates, or value of securities.
- The position limits as set by the central banks are meant to limit the adverse impact of market risk and are not meant to create an opportunity for proprietary trading.
- The day-to-day responsibility for market risk lies with the senior management of the Treasury Department.

#### Internal targets on the market risk:

- The regulatory limits on foreign exchange currency mismatch per currency and cumulative mismatch for all foreign currencies should be observed at all times.
- The Group and the Bank will have, at all times, internal targets that are lower than the regulatory limits to allow for a safety margin to ensure permanent full compliance with regulatory limits.
- Relevant divisions and departments should regularly assess and monitor the perceived risks of noncompliance with the targets. Any breaches of internal targets should be reported to the ALCO and President & Group Managing Director.
- At all times, the Group and the Bank will have a contingency plan to be executed when it is perceived
  by the President & Group Managing Director that the safety margin may not be sufficient and there
  is a risk that the regulatory limit on foreign exchange currency mismatch could be reached. Such
  contingency plan should be sufficient to ensure that the regulatory limits on foreign exchange
  currency mismatch will not be breached.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.2 Market risk (continued)

#### (i) Interest rate risk

As at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023, the Group's and the Bank's derivative financial instruments and financial investments designated as FVOCI are valued at fair value in accordance with the methods as disclosed in Note 39. The Group and the Bank use derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange contract and interest rate swaps to hold its risk exposures.

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in the market interest rates. Interest margins may increase as a result of changes but may reduce losses in the event that unexpected movements arise.

The Group's and the Bank's interest rate risk arise from borrowings and subordinated debts. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group and the Bank to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group and the Bank manage cash flow interest rate risk by using floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps. Such interest rate swaps have the economic effect of converting borrowings from floating rates to fixed rates and recognising the interest expense based on that fixed interest rate. The Group and the Bank raise borrowings at floating rates and swaps them into fixed rate that are lower than those available if the Group and the Bank borrowed at fixed rates directly. Under the interest rate swaps, the Group and the Bank agree with other parties to exchange, at specified intervals (primarily semi-annually), the difference between fixed contract rates and floating rate interest amounts calculated by reference to the agreed notional amounts.

The tables on the next pages summarise the Group's and the Bank's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the financial instruments at carrying amounts, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

# 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# 39.2 Market risk (continued)

				The Group			
_	Up to 1 month US\$	1 - 3 months US\$	3 - 12 months US\$	1 - 5 years US\$	Over 5 years US\$	Non-interest bearing US\$	Total US\$
As at 30 June 2024							
Financial assets							
Cash on hand	-	-	-	-	-	512,184,239	512,184,239
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	145,442,598	20,260,383	502,049	-	-	1,510,166,959	1,676,371,989
Financial investments	182,595,023	253,401,709	54,745,912	44,959,249	-	189,670	535,891,563
Loans and advances, net	242,514,587	254,012,924	1,102,709,600	4,067,497,407	972,143,755	-	6,638,878,273
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	4,134,655	4,134,655
Other financial assets	<u>-</u>					38,487,760	38,487,760
Total financial assets	570,552,208	527,675,016	1,157,957,561	4,112,456,656	972,143,755	2,065,163,283	9,405,948,479
Financial liabilities Deposits and placements of other banks and							
financial institutions	49,048,126	22,592,702	71,809,130	42,165,430	84,950,000	97,503,934	368,069,322
Deposits from customers	3,106,768,826	435,612,240	2,149,862,992	879,435,181	50,593,358	764,522,814	7,386,795,411
Lease liabilities	1,186,385	1,984,332	9,047,357	20,487,907	2,207,076	-	34,913,057
Borrowings	121,467,288	244,622,632	236,631,039	85,836,988	1,699,408	-	690,257,355
Subordinated debts	-	-	55,338,960	24,235,101	37,653,916	-	117,227,977
Other financial liabilities	<u> </u>					63,731,926	63,731,926
Total financial liabilities	3,278,470,625	704,811,906	2,522,689,478	1,052,160,607	177,103,758	925,758,674	8,660,995,048
Net interest sensitivity gap	(2,707,918,417)	(177,136,890)	(1,364,731,917)	3,060,296,049	795,039,997	1,139,404,609	744,953,431
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	(11,129,544,692)	(728,032,618)	(5,609,048,179)	12,577,816,761	3,267,614,388	4,682,952,943	3,061,758,603
Unused portion of overdrafts Guarantees, acceptances, and other financial	-	-	-	-	-	255,332,373	255,332,373
facilities	_	-	_	-	_	85,216,612	85,216,612
Spot foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	-	625,911	625,911
Net interest sensitivity gap	-	-	-	-		341,174,896	341,174,896
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	-	-			_	1,402,228,822	1,402,228,822
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# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39.** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 39.2 Market risk (continued)

				The Group			
	Up to 1	1 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5	Non-interest	
	month	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total
As at 31 December 2023	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Financial assets							
Cash on hand	_	_	_	_	_	495,793,568	495,793,568
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	72,437,235	502,909	501,910	_	_	1,436,101,124	1,509,543,178
Financial investments	240,196,361	48,184,822	10,936,496	56,293,836	_	1,932,869	357,544,384
Loans and advances, net	234,512,353	289,655,828	1,136,605,958	3,944,645,125	996,245,967	1,302,003	6,601,665,231
Derivative financial instruments	201,012,000	-	-	-	-	5,746,686	5,746,686
Other financial assets	_	_	_	_	_	8,550,649	8,550,649
Total financial assets	547,145,949	338,343,559	1,148,044,364	4,000,938,961	996,245,967	1,948,124,896	8,978,843,696
Financial liabilities							
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial							
institutions	80,320,726	64,527,997	70,848,076	42,905,522	81,450,000	79,740,299	419,792,620
Deposits from customers	2,911,871,904	613,651,394	1,619,594,478	955,055,879	55,152,891	652,693,873	6,808,020,419
Lease liabilities	1,259,020	1,793,196	9,047,822	19,465,950	961,699	-	32,527,687
Borrowings	104,368,176	324,790,361	207,733,011	218,326,470	4,595,532	-	859,813,550
Subordinated debts	-	-	26,160,421	56,194,474	34,698,987	-	117,053,882
Other financial liabilities						43,591,008	43,591,008
Total financial liabilities	3,097,819,826	1,004,762,948	1,933,383,808	1,291,948,295	176,859,109	776,025,180	8,280,799,166
Net interest sensitivity gap	(2,550,673,877)	(666,419,389)	(785,339,444)	2,708,990,666	819,386,858	1,172,099,716	698,044,530
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	(10,419,502,789)	(2,722,323,204)	(3,208,111,629)	11,066,226,871	3,347,195,315	4,788,027,340	2,851,511,904
Unused portion of overdrafts	-	-	-	-	-	209,854,669	209,854,669
Guarantees, acceptances, and other financial facilities	-	-	-	-	-	69,317,067	69,317,067
Net interest sensitivity gap	-					279,171,736	279,171,736
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	-		_	_	-	1,140,416,541	1,140,416,541
. , ,							

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39.** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 39.2 Market risk (continued)

				The Bank			
	Up to 1	1 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5	Non-interest	
	month US\$	months US\$	months US\$	years US\$	years US\$	bearing US\$	Total US\$
As at 30 June 2024							
Financial assets							
Cash on hand	-	-	-	-	-	501,576,229	501,576,229
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	145,442,598	19,556,378	-	-	-	1,478,463,477	1,643,462,453
Financial investments	182,595,023	253,401,709	54,745,912	44,959,249	-	189,670	535,891,563
Loans and advances, net	231,382,407	246,866,817	1,069,607,056	3,980,779,062	966,555,955	-	6,495,191,297
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	4,134,655	4,134,655
Other financial assets						39,050,164	39,050,164
Total financial assets	559,420,028	519,824,904	1,124,352,968	4,025,738,311	966,555,955	2,023,414,195	9,219,306,361
Financial liabilities							
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial							
institutions	45,011,219	11,937,869	46,629,491	41,171,236	84,950,000	100,278,962	329,978,777
Deposits from customers	3,078,759,320	430,166,189	2,119,636,851	862,368,707	47,570,375	754,623,583	7,293,125,025
Lease liabilities	1,184,621	1,900,143	8,913,520	19,607,017	1,308,456	-	32,913,757
Borrowings	121,449,060	243,839,767	229,506,125	81,588,341	1,699,408	-	678,082,701
Subordinated debts	-	-	55,338,960	24,235,101	37,653,916	-	117,227,977
Other financial liabilities						62,655,584	62,655,584
Total financial liabilities	3,246,404,220	687,843,968	2,460,024,947	1,028,970,402	173,182,155	917,558,129	8,513,983,821
Net interest sensitivity gap	(2,686,984,192)	(168,019,064)	(1,335,671,979)	2,996,767,909	793,373,800	1,105,856,066	705,322,540
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	(11,043,505,027)	(690,558,353)	(5,489,611,834)	12,316,716,106	3,260,766,318	4,545,068,431	2,898,875,641
Unused portion of overdrafts	-	-	-	-	-	254,604,208	254,604,208
Guarantees, acceptances, and other financial facilities	-	-	-	-	-	85,021,007	85,021,007
Spot foreign exchange					-	625,911	625,911
Net interest sensitivity gap		-				340,251,126	340,251,126
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)		-				1,398,432,128	1,398,432,128

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39.** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 39.2 Market risk (continued)

				The Bank			
	Up to 1	1 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5	Non-interest	
	month	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
As at 31 December 2023							
Financial assets							
Cash on hand	-	-	-	-	-	486,584,317	486,584,317
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	72,437,235	-	-	-	-	1,406,444,786	1,478,882,021
Financial investments	240,196,361	48,184,822	10,936,496	56,293,836	-	1,932,869	357,544,384
Loans and advances, net	224,145,748	281,030,750	1,106,204,470	3,856,064,676	989,597,644	-	6,457,043,288
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	5,746,686	5,746,686
Other financial assets						8,160,591	8,160,591
Total financial assets	536,779,344	329,215,572	1,117,140,966	3,912,358,512	989,597,644	1,908,869,249	8,793,961,287
Financial liabilities							
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial							
institutions	74,783,920	58,688,495	46,358,416	41,634,787	81,450,000	83,490,309	386,405,927
Deposits from customers	2,885,457,817	606,805,061	1,595,131,493	935,972,333	51,522,192	640,400,129	6,715,289,025
Lease liabilities	1,212,506	1,752,559	8,723,500	18,705,240	153,543	-	30,547,348
Borrowings	104,368,176	321,117,073	200,908,577	212,938,995	4,085,770	-	843,418,591
Subordinated debts	-	-	26,160,421	56,194,474	34,698,987	-	117,053,882
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	42,489,918	42,489,918
Total financial liabilities	3,065,822,419	988,363,188	1,877,282,407	1,265,445,829	171,910,492	766,380,356	8,135,204,691
Net interest sensitivity gap	(2,529,043,075)	(659,147,616)	(760,141,441)	2,646,912,683	817,687,152	1,142,488,893	658,756,596
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	(10,331,140,961)	(2,692,618,011)	(3,105,177,786)	10,812,638,310	3,340,252,016	4,667,067,126	2,691,020,694
Unused portion of overdrafts			_			209,405,052	209,405,052
Guarantees, acceptances, and other financial facilities	-	-	-	-	-	69,183,985	69,183,985
Net interest sensitivity gap		-				278,589,037	278,589,037
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)						1,138,036,215	1,138,036,215
		-				., 100,000,210	., 100,000,2 10

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### 39.2 Market risk (continued)

(i) Interest rate risk (continued)

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Group and the Bank do not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

Interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is sensitive to higher/lower interest expenses from borrowings and subordinated debts as a result of changes in interest rates. The change of 25 basis points ("bp") in interest rates of borrowings and subordinated debts at the reporting date would not have a material effect on the interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the Group and the Bank.

The Group's and the Bank's exposure to interest rate risk relates to borrowing of funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. This risk is managed by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating-rate borrowings and by the use of interest rate swap contracts and forward interest rate contracts. Hedging activities are evaluated regularly to align with interest rate views and defined risk appetite; ensuring optimal hedging strategies are applied, by either positioning the interim statement of financial position or protecting interest expense through different interest rate cycles.

#### Sensitivity analysis

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense as a result of changes in interest rates. The table below outlines the impact on post tax profit on the changes in interest rates of subordinated debts:

	The Gro	up	The Bank			
	For the six-month	period ended	For the six-month	period ended		
	US\$	KHR'000	US\$	KHR'000		
		(Note 5)		(Note 5)		
2024						
Interest rate increased by 25 bp	(1,041,864)	(4,282,061)	(1,041,864)	(4,282,061)		
Interest rate decreased by 25 bp	1,041,864	4,282,061	1,041,864	4,282,061		
	The Gro	up	The Ba	nk		
	For the six-month		For the six-month			
	For the six-month	period ended	For the six-month	period ended		
	For the six-month	period ended KHR'000	For the six-month	period ended KHR'000		
2023	For the six-month	period ended KHR'000	For the six-month	period ended KHR'000		
2023 Interest rate increased by 25 bp	For the six-month	period ended KHR'000	For the six-month	period ended KHR'000		
	For the six-month US\$	period ended KHR'000 (Note 5)	For the six-month US\$	period ended KHR'000 (Note 5)		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.2 Market risk (continued)

#### (ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates in Cambodia, Lao PDR, and the Republic of the Union of Myanmar and transacts in many currencies. It is exposed to various currency risks, primarily with respect to KHR, Euro ("EUR"), THB, LAK, Japanese Yen, Australian Dollar ("AUD"), Vietnamese Dong, Canadian Dollar, MMK, and others.

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is neither the Group's nor the Bank's functional currency.

The Management measures, closely monitors, and manages foreign exchange risk on a daily basis and takes action on time as necessary. Enough net open currency position is maintained which follows the regulatory requirements and internal risk policies.

The tables in the next pages summarise the Group's and the Bank's exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk. Included in the tables are the financial instruments at carrying amount by currency.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39.** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 39.2 Market risk (continued)

# (ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

				The Gr	oup			
				In US\$ equ	uivalent			
	KHR	USD	THB	EUR	AUD	LAK	Others	Total
As at 30 June 2024						_	-	
Financial assets								
Cash on hand	132,264,983	316,817,358	52,696,277	1,468,799	805,624	5,775,062	2,356,136	512,184,239
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	324,029,403	1,316,949,061	4,526,808	2,116,046	706,909	26,574,351	1,469,411	1,676,371,989
Financial investments	250,546,841	285,344,722	=	-	=	-	-	535,891,563
Loans and advances, net	1,130,335,420	5,339,608,374	25,247,501	=	=	123,290,561	20,396,417	6,638,878,273
Derivative financial instruments	-	4,134,655	-	-	-	-	-	4,134,655
Other financial assets	280,361	37,705,394	44,877		<u> </u>	450,271	6,857	38,487,760
Total financial assets	1,837,457,008	7,300,559,564	82,515,463	3,584,845	1,512,533	156,090,245	24,228,821	9,405,948,479
Financial liabilities								
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial								
institutions	45.438.412	283.334.962	206,983	_	_	39,088,965	_	368,069,322
Deposits from customers	1,789,614,700	5,431,573,574	83,236,685	1,214,125	258	78,152,479	3,003,590	7,386,795,411
Lease liabilities	97,258	34,458,669	199,498	-	-	136,962	20,670	34,913,057
Borrowings	55,860,429	625,951,438		=	-	7,504,084	941,404	690,257,355
Subordinated debts	5,050,527	112,177,450	-	=	-	-	- , -	117,227,977
Other financial liabilities	10,215,017	52,212,241	16,804	41,409	596,283	475,922	174,250	63,731,926
Total financial liabilities	1,906,276,343	6,539,708,334	83,659,970	1,255,534	596,541	125,358,412	4,139,914	8,660,995,048
Net on-balance sheet position	(68,819,335)	760,851,230	(1,144,507)	2,329,311	915,992	30,731,833	20,088,907	744,953,431
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	(282,847,465)	3,127,098,555	(4,703,924)	9,573,468	3,764,727	126,307,834	82,565,408	3,061,758,603
Unused portion of overdrafts	16,316,920	236,328,802	1,958,486	-	_	728,165	-	255,332,373
Guarantees, acceptances, and other financial facilities	12,731,457	72,097,213	-	-	_	195,605	192,337	85,216,612
Spot foreign exchange	-,,	,,	_	-	563,760	-	62,151	625,911
Credit commitment	29,048,377	308,426,015	1,958,486	-	563,760	923,770	254,488	341,174,896
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	119,388,828	1,267,630,922	8,049,377	-	2,317,054	3,796,695	1,045,946	1,402,228,822

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.2 Market risk (continued)

# (ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

				The	Group			
				In US\$ e	quivalent			
	KHR	USD	THB	EUR	AUD	LAK	Others	Total
As at 31 December 2023								
Financial assets								
Cash on hand	151,910,893	303,036,520	32,204,150	576,681	632,161	5,425,995	2,007,168	495,793,568
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	203,904,887	1,274,696,262	6,902,069	2,028,973	661,619	19,622,074	1,727,294	1,509,543,178
Financial investments	293,036,815	64,507,569	-	-	-	-	-	357,544,384
Loans and advances, net	1,063,884,145	5,365,456,901	27,719,187	-	-	126,405,072	18,199,926	6,601,665,231
Derivative financial instruments	-	5,746,686	-	-	-	-	-	5,746,686
Other financial assets	276,638	7,498,556	6	<u> </u>		775,449	<u> </u>	8,550,649
Total financial assets	1,713,013,378	7,020,942,494	66,825,412	2,605,654	1,293,780	152,228,590	21,934,388	8,978,843,696
Financial liabilities								
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial								
institutions	35,361,297	350,660,131	236,472	-	-	33,534,720	-	419,792,620
Deposits from customers	1,676,184,538	4,985,357,773	66,912,556	1,636,186	108	75,311,174	2,618,084	6,808,020,419
Lease liabilities	105,268	32,229,439	1,455	-	-	158,988	32,537	32,527,687
Borrowings	56,947,268	791,134,745	-	-	-	10,795,877	935,660	859,813,550
Subordinated debts	-	117,053,882	-	-	-	-	-	117,053,882
Other financial liabilities	3,050,671	39,244,912	261,341	42,602	9,212	756,382	225,888	43,591,008
Total financial liabilities	1,771,649,042	6,315,680,882	67,411,824	1,678,788	9,320	120,557,141	3,812,169	8,280,799,166
Net on-balance sheet position	(58,635,664)	705,261,612	(586,412)	926,866	1,284,460	31,671,449	18,122,219	698,044,530
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	(239,526,689)	2,880,993,685	(2,395,493)	3,786,248	5,247,019	129,377,869	74,029,265	2,851,511,904
Unused portion of overdrafts	7,774,042	200,751,086	879,924	-	-	449,617	_	209,854,669
Guarantees, acceptances, and other financial facilities	9,924,693	59,259,292	-	-	-	133,082	-	69,317,067
Credit commitment	17,698,735	260,010,378	879,924	-	-	582,699	-	279,171,736
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	72,299,332	1,062,142,394	3,594,490			2,380,325		1,140,416,541

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39.** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 39.2 Market risk (continued)

# (ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

				The Ban	k			
				In US\$ equiv	/alent			
	KHR	USD	THB	EUR	AUD	LAK	Others	Total
As at 30 June 2024								
Financial assets								
Cash on hand	132,253,375	314,961,185	50,841,416	1,467,500	805,558	37,216	1,209,979	501,576,229
Deposits and placements with other banks, net	324,029,404	1,314,199,054	916,253	2,116,046	706,909	35,400	1,459,387	1,643,462,453
Financial investments	250,546,841	285,344,722	-	-	-	-	-	535,891,563
Loans and advances, net	1,130,335,422	5,339,608,374	25,247,501	-	-	-	-	6,495,191,297
Derivative financial instruments	-	4,134,655	-	-	-	-	-	4,134,655
Other financial assets	280,362	38,724,925	44,877		<u> </u>	-		39,050,164
Total financial assets	1,837,445,404	7,296,972,915	77,050,047	3,583,546	1,512,467	72,616	2,669,366	9,219,306,361
Financial liabilities								
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial								
institutions	45,447,046	283,443,439	1,088,292	_	_	_	_	329,978,777
Deposits from customers	1,790,318,129	5,425,630,724	75,961,789	1,214,125	258	-	-	7,293,125,025
Lease liabilities	97,258	32,816,499	, , , <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	32,913,757
Borrowings	55,860,430	622,222,271	-	-	-	-	-	678,082,701
Subordinated debts	5,050,527	112,177,450	-	_	-	-	-	117,227,977
Other financial liabilities	10,202,838	51,629,662	16,514	41,409	596,283	899	167,979	62,655,584
Total financial liabilities	1,906,976,228	6,527,920,045	77,066,595	1,255,534	596,541	899	167,979	8,513,983,821
Net on-balance sheet position	(69,530,824)	769,052,870	(16,548)	2,328,012	915,926	71,717	2,501,387	705,322,540
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	(285,771,686)	3,160,807,296	(68,012)	9,568,129	3,764,456	294,757	10,280,701	2,898,875,641
Unused portion of overdrafts	16.316.920	236,328,802	1,958,486	_	_	_	_	254,604,208
Guarantees, acceptances, and other financial facilities	12,731,457	72,097,213	-	_	_	_	192,337	85,021,007
Spot Exchange contracts	-	-	_	_	563,760	_	62,151	625,911
Credit commitment	29,048,377	308,426,015	1,958,486	_	563,760	_	254,488	340,251,126
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	119,388,829	1,267,630,922	8,049,377		2,317,054		1,045,946	1,398,432,128
minute of oquitaion (note o)	110,000,020	1,207,000,022	0,0-10,011		_,017,004		1,0-10,0-10	1,000,402,120

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.2 Market risk (continued)

# (ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

			The Bank	(			
			In US\$ equiva	alent			
KHR	USD	THB	EUR	AUD	LAK	Others	Total
							_
151,904,672	301,587,525	30,583,206	572,521	631,706	3,910	1,300,777	486,584,317
203,904,887	1,268,560,627	2,005,438	2,028,973	661,619	14,981	1,705,496	1,478,882,021
293,036,815	64,507,569	-	-	-	-	-	357,544,384
1,063,884,147	5,365,439,954	27,719,187	-	-	-	-	6,457,043,288
-	5,746,686	-	-	-	-	-	5,746,686
275,657	7,884,928	6	<u>-</u>	_	-		8,160,591
1,713,006,178	7,013,727,289	60,307,837	2,601,494	1,293,325	18,891	3,006,273	8,793,961,287
35,361,408	349.098.778	1.945.741	_	_	_	_	386,405,927
, ,	, ,	, ,	1.636.186	108	_	_	6,715,289,025
		-	-	-	_	_	30,547,348
,	, ,	_	_	_	_	_	843,418,591
-	, ,	-	-	-	-	-	117,053,882
3.045.878	, ,	235.814	42.602	9.212	76	216.201	42,489,918
1,772,414,810	6,301,028,959	59,856,537	1,678,788	9,320	76	216,201	8,135,204,691
(59 408 632)	712 698 330	451 300	922 706	1 284 005	18 815	2 790 072	658,756,596
			, ,				2,691,020,694
(272,007,202)	2,311,372,070	1,043,301	3,703,204	5,245,100	70,009	11,001,777	2,031,020,034
7,774,042	200,751,086	879,924	-	-	-	-	209,405,052
9,924,693	59,259,292						69,183,985
17,698,735	260,010,378	879,924					278,589,037
72,299,331	1,062,142,394	3,594,490		-			1,138,036,215
	151,904,672 203,904,887 293,036,815 1,063,884,147 275,657 1,713,006,178 35,361,408 1,676,954,988 105,268 56,947,268 56,947,268 1,772,414,810 (59,408,632) (242,684,262) 7,774,042 9,924,693 17,698,735	151,904,672 301,587,525 203,904,887 1,268,560,627 293,036,815 64,507,569 1,063,884,147 5,365,439,954 5,746,686 275,657 7,884,928 1,713,006,178 7,013,727,289 35,361,408 349,098,778 1,676,954,988 4,979,022,761 105,268 30,442,080 56,947,268 786,471,323 117,053,882 3,045,878 38,940,135 1,772,414,810 6,301,028,959 (59,408,632) 712,698,330 (242,684,262) 2,911,372,678 7,774,042 200,751,086 9,924,693 59,259,292 17,698,735 260,010,378	151,904,672 301,587,525 30,583,206 203,904,887 1,268,560,627 2,005,438 293,036,815 64,507,569 - 1,063,884,147 5,365,439,954 27,719,187 - 5,746,686 - 275,657 7,884,928 6 1,713,006,178 7,013,727,289 60,307,837   35,361,408 349,098,778 1,945,741 1,676,954,988 4,979,022,761 57,674,982 105,268 30,442,080 - 56,947,268 786,471,323 - 117,053,882 - 3,045,878 38,940,135 235,814 1,772,414,810 6,301,028,959 59,856,537  (59,408,632) 712,698,330 451,300 (242,684,262) 2,911,372,678 1,843,561 7,774,042 200,751,086 879,924 9,924,693 59,259,292 - 17,698,735 260,010,378 879,924	KHR         USD         THB         EUR           151,904,672         301,587,525         30,583,206         572,521           203,904,887         1,268,560,627         2,005,438         2,028,973           293,036,815         64,507,569         -         -           1,063,884,147         5,365,439,954         27,719,187         -           275,657         7,884,928         6         -           1,713,006,178         7,013,727,289         60,307,837         2,601,494           35,361,408         349,098,778         1,945,741         -           1,676,954,988         4,979,022,761         57,674,982         1,636,186           105,268         30,442,080         -         -           56,947,268         786,471,323         -         -           -         117,053,882         -         -           -         1,772,414,810         6,301,028,959         59,856,537         1,678,788           (59,408,632)         712,698,330         451,300         922,706           (242,684,262)         2,911,372,678         1,843,561         3,769,254           7,774,042         200,751,086         879,924         -           7,7698,735         260,010,378	151,904,672 301,587,525 30,583,206 572,521 631,706 203,904,887 1,268,560,627 2,005,438 2,028,973 661,619 293,036,815 64,507,569	KHR         USD         THB         EUR         AUD         LAK           151,904,672         301,587,525         30,583,206         572,521         631,706         3,910           203,904,887         1,268,560,627         2,005,438         2,028,973         661,619         14,981           293,036,815         64,507,569         -         -         -         -           1,063,884,147         5,365,439,954         27,719,187         -         -         -           275,657         7,884,928         6         -         -         -         -           275,657         7,884,928         6         -         -         -         -         -           1,713,006,178         7,013,727,289         60,307,837         2,601,494         1,293,325         18,891           35,361,408         349,098,778         1,945,741         -         -         -         -         -           1,676,954,988         4,979,022,761         57,674,982         1,636,186         108         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - </td <td>  Name</td>	Name

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.2 Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

## Sensitivity analysis

The Group and the Bank take on exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing foreign currency exchange rates on their financial position and cash flows. The table below sets out the principal structure of foreign exchange exposures of the Group and the Bank:

		The Group				The Bank				
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000		
			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)		
Assets/(Liabilities)										
Khmer Riel (KHR)	(68,819,335)	(58,635,664)	(282,847,465)	(239,526,689)	(69,530,824)	(59,408,632)	(285,771,686)	(242,684,262)		
Thai Baht (THB)	(1,144,507)	(586,412)	(4,703,924)	(2,395,493)	(16,548)	451,300	(68,012)	1,843,561		
Euro (EUR)	2,329,311	926,866	9,573,468	3,786,248	2,328,012	922,706	9,568,129	3,769,254		
Australian Dollar (AUD)	915,992	1,284,460	3,764,727	5,247,019	915,926	1,284,005	3,764,456	5,245,160		
Lao Kip (LAK)	30,731,833	31,671,449	126,307,834	129,377,869	71,717	18,815	294,757	76,859		
Others	20,088,907	18,122,219	82,565,408	74,029,265	2,501,387	2,790,072	10,280,701	11,397,444		
	(15,897,799)	(7,217,082)	(65,339,952)	(29,481,781)	(63,730,330)	(53,941,734)	(261,931,655)	(220,351,984)		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

### 39.2 Market risk (continued)

### (ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

### Sensitivity analysis (continued)

As shown in the table above, the Group and the Bank are primarily exposed to changes in US\$/KHR, US\$/THB, US\$/EUR, US\$/AUD, and US\$/LAK exchange rates. The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in exchange rates arises mainly from KHR, THB, EUR, AUD, and LAK denominated financial instruments.

The analysis below is based on the assumption that the exchange rate had increased or decreased which is set based on the 3-year moving average of exchange rate from 2021 to 2023.

An analysis of the exposures to assess the impact of the percentages change in the foreign currency exchange rates to the profit after tax are as follows:

		The C	Group		The Bank				
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000	
			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)	
Increase/(Decrease)									
Khmer Riel (KHR) - Increased by 1%	545,104	464,441	2,240,377	1,897,241	550,739	470,563	2,263,537	1,922,250	
Thai Baht (THB) - Increased by 5%	43,600	22,340	179,196	91,259	630	(17,192)	2,589	(70,229)	
Euro (EUR) - Increased by 4%	(71,671)	(14,539)	(294,568)	(59,392)	(71,631)	(14,474)	(294,403)	(59,126)	
Australian Dollar (AUD) - Increased by $4\%$	(28,184)	(20,148)	(115,836)	(82,305)	(28,182)	(20,141)	(115,828)	(82,276)	
Lao Kip (LAK) - Increased by 10%	(2,235,042)	(2,303,378)	(9,186,023)	(9,409,299)	(5,216)	(1,368)	(21,438)	(5,588)	
Others - Increased by 1%	(159,120)	(143,542)	(653,983)	(586,369)	(19,813)	(22,100)	(81,431)	(90,279)	
	(1,905,313)	(1,994,826)	(7,830,837)	(8,148,865)	426,527	395,288	1,753,026	1,614,752	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

## 39.2 Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

		The G	roup			The Bank				
_	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000	31 December 2023 KHR'000		
-			(Note 5)	(Note 5)			(Note 5)	(Note 5)		
Increase/(Decrease)										
Khmer Riel (KHR) - Decreased by 1%	(556,116)	(473,824)	(2,285,637)	(1,935,571)	(561,865)	(480,070)	(2,309,265)	(1,961,086)		
Thai Baht (THB) - Decreased by 5%	(48,190)	(24,691)	(198,061)	(100,863)	(697)	19,002	(2,865)	77,623		
Euro (EUR) - Decreased by 4%	77,644	15,133	319,117	61,818	77,600	15,065	318,936	61,541		
Australian Dollar (AUD) - Decreased by 4%	30,533	20,971	125,491	85,667	30,531	20,963	125,482	85,634		
Lao Kip (LAK) - Decreased by 10%	2,731,718	2,815,240	11,227,361	11,500,255	6,375	1,672	26,201	6,830		
Others - Decreased by 1%	162,335	146,442	667,197	598,216	20,213	22,546	83,075	92,100		
<u>-</u>	2,397,924	2,499,271	9,855,468	10,209,522	(427,843)	(400,822)	(1,758,436)	(1,637,358)		

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.3 Liquidity risk

in a given economic and financial context and specific market situation. Typically, it is the risk of loss arising from situation where 1) the Group and the Bank do not have enough cash and cash equivalents to meet the needs of depositors, borrowers, and contingent liabilities, 2) the sale of non-liquid assets are lower than market price, and 3) non-liquid assets would not be sold at the desired time due to the lack of buyers.

The objective of the Group's and the Bank's liquidity risk management is to ensure that the Group and the Bank can meet its cash obligations in a timely and cost-effective manner. Up to the date of this report, the Group's and the Bank's liquidity and funding management policy is to maintain high quality and well-diversified portfolios of liquid assets and sources of funds under both normal business and stress conditions. Due to its large distribution network and strategic marketing focus, the Group and the Bank are able to maintain a diversified core deposit base comprising of savings, demand, and fixed deposits. This provides the Group and the Bank a large stable funding base.

#### (a) Liquidity risk management process

The day-to-day responsibility for liquidity risk management and control is delegated to the ALCO which reports monthly to the Executive Committee.

For day-to-day liquidity management, the Treasury Department will ensure sufficient funding to meet its payments and settlement obligations on a timely basis.

Principles of the liquidity risk:

- At all times, the related senior management of the Treasury Department shall ensure that the Group's and the Bank's operations can meet its current and future funding needs. The Treasury Department shall stress-test its liquidity position on a daily basis.
- The related senior management of Treasury Department has established a risk control framework and procedures to ensure it maintains sufficient liquidity at all times, including the holding of unencumbered eligible assets, to withstand a range of stress events, including the loss of funding sources, such as deposits, borrowings, and capital raising, and that the liquidity risk is managed in accordance with the requirements of the Board of Directors.
- Stress testing is performed regularly to assess various scenarios, which include short, medium and long-term, institution-specific and market-wide stress which may put the Group's and the Bank's liquidity at risk.
- The Treasury Department identifies, monitors, manages, and controls the risk associated with the
  daily liquidity as well as short, medium and long-term liquidity as these are key periods for liquidity
  management. The Treasury Department develops and implements stress tests on the projected
  cash flows. The outputs are used to inform the Group's and the Bank's contingency funding plan.
- The Group and the Bank incorporate liquidity cost, benefits, and risks in the internal pricing, performance measurement, and new products/services approval process for all significant business activities (both on and off-balance sheet) in order to align with the benefits from accepting risks of each business unit and liquidity risks affecting its business activities.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

(a) Liquidity risk management process (continued)

Internal targets on the liquidity risk: (continued)

- The regulatory limit on the Liquidity Coverage Ratio ("LCR") should be observed at all times.
- The Group and the Bank will have, at all times, an internal target that is higher than the regulatory limit to allow for a safety margin to ensure permanent full compliance with regulatory limit.
- Setting the level of the internal targets is at the discretion of the ALCO and needs to be both 1) stated and motivated in the ALCO minutes and 2) formally approved by the President & Group Managing Director.
- The risk tolerance/internal targets must be reviewed at least once a year to reflect the financial condition and the funding mobilisation capacity.
- Relevant divisions and departments should regularly assess and monitor the perceived risks of noncompliance with the targets. Any breaches of internal targets should be reported to the ALCO for remedial actions and President & Group Managing Director for approval.
- At all times, the Group and the Bank will have a contingency plan to be executed when it is perceived
  by the Management that the safety margin may not be sufficient and there is a risk that the regulatory
  limit on liquidity could be breached. Such contingency plan should be sufficient to ensure that the
  regulatory limits on liquidity will not be breached.
- In case the Group and the Bank experience a severe liquidity, the Bank must immediately notify the NBC and advise the action that is being taken to address the situation.

The Bank has put in place a robust and comprehensive liquidity risk management framework in accordance with the NBC's Prakas No. B7-017-301 dated 27 September 2017 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework, which consists of risk appetite, risk tolerance, policies, early warning indicators, and monitoring mechanism which are reviewed and endorsed by the BRIC and approved by the Board of Directors. The key elements of the framework are to ensure that the Bank maintains sufficient liquidity at all times, including the holding of unencumbered eligible assets, to withstand a range of stress events, including the loss of funding sources, either internally (as with deposits) or externally (as with borrowings or raising additional capital), and other issues. The Bank ensures that the business activities are mainly funded with stable sources of funding on an ongoing basis.

The Management designs a set of early warning indicators to aid its daily liquidity risk management processes in identifying the emergence of increased risk or vulnerabilities in its liquidity risk position or potential funding needs.

The Group's and the Bank's contingency funding plan is in place to alert and to enable the Management to act effectively and efficiently during a liquidity crisis and under adverse market conditions. The objective of contingency funding plan is to ensure that the Group and the Bank have a framework for managing the liquidity sufficiently and robustly in the event of liquidity crisis based on the result of liquidity stress testing.

The Group and the Bank are measuring, monitoring, and managing its liquidity positions to comply with the LCR.

The purpose of the LCR aims at promoting short-term resilience of each institution's liquidity risk profile, ensuring that each institution has an adequate stock of unencumbered liquid assets that can be converted into cash at no or little loss of value in markets, to meet its liquidity needs for a 30-day liquidity stress scenario, and ensuring that prompt corrective actions are taken by the Management when the LCR potentially falls below the minimum requirement.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

#### (a) Liquidity risk management process (continued)

The Group and the Bank also use a range of tools such as liquidity ratio, liquidity gap analysis, safety margin, and monthly cash flow projection to measure, monitor, and manage its liquidity position. In addition, The Group and the Bank also perform daily and monthly liquidity stress test in order to identify and quantify its exposures to possible future liquidity stresses and in analysing possible impacts on the cash flows, liquidity position, profitability, and solvency.

## (b) Funding approach

The Group's and the Bank's main sources of liquidity arise from shareholder's paid-up capital, borrowings, subordinated debts, deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions, and deposits from customers. The sources of liquidity are regularly reviewed via Management's daily review of maturity of fixed deposits and key depositors. The Group's and the Bank's borrowings and subordinated debts are also regularly reviewed via Management's daily review of interest and principal repayments and maturity.

#### (c) Non-derivative cash flows

The tables in the succeeding pages present the cash flows payable under non-derivative financial liabilities and the assets held for managing liquidity risk grouped using their remaining contractual maturities as at the end of the reporting period. The amounts disclosed in the tables are the contractual undiscounted cash flows, wherein the Group and the Bank manage the inherent liquidity risk based on contractual undiscounted cash flows.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

c) Non-derivative cash flows (continued)

				The Group			
	Up to 1 month US\$	1 to 3 months US\$	3 to 6 months US\$	6 to 12 months US\$	1 to 5 years US\$	Over 5 years US\$	Total US\$
As at 30 June 2024							
Financial liabilities							
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions	146,792,699	23,779,600	32,256,236	47,639,662	67,698,179	108,541,435	426,707,811
Deposits from customers	3,858,008,135	451,156,580	908,018,420	1,350,921,658	989,328,205	69,287,955	7,626,720,953
Lease liabilities	1,180,680	1,979,641	3,357,770	6,096,304	23,526,719	4,867,273	41,008,387
Borrowings*	22,545,057	40,242,330	16,753,742	433,334,191	280,272,180	1,699,408	794,846,908
Subordinated debts*	-	-	14,681,356	50,005,805	47,853,631	43,463,408	156,004,200
Other financial liabilities	63,408,769	44,556	35,445	243,156			63,731,926
Total financial liabilities (contractual maturity dates)	4,091,935,340	517,202,707	975,102,969	1,888,240,776	1,408,678,914	227,859,479	9,109,020,185
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	16,817,854,247	2,125,703,126	4,007,673,203	7,760,669,589	5,789,670,337	936,502,459	37,438,072,961
Assets held for managing liquidity risk (contractual maturity dates)	2,934,015,857	377,721,476	517,983,951	1,021,515,530	4,766,034,964	1,753,994,154	11,371,265,932
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	12,058,805,174	1,552,435,266	2,128,914,039	4,198,428,828	19,588,403,702	7,208,915,973	46,735,902,982
As at 31 December 2023 Financial liabilities							
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions	160,371,721	66,105,277	40,517,345	38,733,466	68,741,670	105,647,885	480,117,364
Deposits from customers	3,555,435,489	629,423,161	554,245,546	1,172,869,911	1,077,210,062	74,239,775	7,063,423,944
Lease liabilities	1,286,316	1,850,608	3,345,708	6,008,065	22,340,588	3,055,579	37,886,864
Borrowings*	6,167,614	93,830,239	18,914,511	91,389,063	770,431,952	24,699,577	1,005,432,956
Subordinated debts*	-	-	19,568,754	15,943,334	76,842,435	40,848,062	153,202,585
Other financial liabilities	43,044,777	284,426	5,357	256,448			43,591,008
Total financial liabilities (contractual maturity dates)	3,766,305,917	791,493,711	636,597,221	1,325,200,287	2,015,566,707	248,490,878	8,783,654,721
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	15,385,359,671	3,233,251,809	2,600,499,648	5,413,443,172	8,233,589,998	1,015,085,237	35,881,229,535
Assets held for managing liquidity risk (contractual maturity dates)	2,590,051,852	387,106,029	510,138,284	1,007,148,263	4,806,873,731	1,499,995,677	10,801,313,836
in KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	10,580,361,817	1,581,328,128	2,083,914,890	4,114,200,654	19,636,079,191	6,127,482,341	44,123,367,021

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts for variable interest rate instruments are subject to change depending on the variable interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

## 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

c) Non-derivative cash flows (continued)

				The Bank			
	Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
As at 30 June 2024							
Financial liabilities							
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions	145,516,382	12,989,011	15,844,822	37,980,443	66,618,677	108,541,435	387,490,770
Deposits from customers	3,820,074,290	445,468,659	899,373,193	1,327,352,742	968,479,817	65,080,004	7,525,828,705
Lease liabilities	1,178,914	1,894,547	3,286,502	6,029,215	22,463,726	1,926,060	36,778,964
Borrowings* Subordinated debts*	22,502,067	39,348,581	12,225,770 14,681,356	430,079,239 50,005,805	275,566,657 47,853,631	1,699,408 43,463,408	781,421,722 156,004,200
Other financial liabilities	62,555,061	34,650	19,800	46,073	47,000,001	43,403,400	62,655,584
Total financial liabilities (contractual maturity dates)	4,051,826,714	499,735,448	945,431,443	1,851,493,517	1,380,982,508	220,710,315	8,950,179,945
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	16,653,007,795	2,053,912,691	3,885,723,231	7,609,638,355	5,675,838,108	907,119,395	36,785,239,575
Assets held for managing liquidity risk (contractual maturity dates)	2,874,170,852	365,187,033	501,420,011	988,720,216	4,662,973,691	1,748,139,997	11,140,611,800
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	11,812,842,202	1,500,918,706	2,060,836,245	4,063,640,088	19,164,821,870	7,184,855,388	45,787,914,499
As at 31 December 2023	_				_		
Financial liabilities							
Deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions	158,567,437	60,207,937	31,571,579	22,055,432	67,351,603	105,647,885	445,401,873
Deposits from customers	3,516,772,679	622,263,484	544,560,867	1,156,437,784	1,054,409,436	69,343,309	6,963,787,559
Lease liabilities	1,239,754	1,809,456	3,174,337	5,846,655	21,400,227	228,533	33,698,962
Borrowings*	6,167,613	90,057,010	16,931,147	85,781,334	764,278,442	24,157,092	987,372,638
Subordinated debts*	-	-	19,568,754	15,943,334	76,842,435	40,848,062	153,202,585
Other financial liabilities	42,238,852	251,066			-		42,489,918
Total financial liabilities (contractual maturity dates)	3,724,986,335	774,588,953	615,806,684	1,286,064,539	1,984,282,143	240,224,881	8,625,953,535
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	15,216,569,178	3,164,195,873	2,515,570,304	5,253,573,642	8,105,792,554	981,318,639	35,237,020,190
Assets held for managing liquidity risk (contractual maturity dates)	2,533,749,275	373,217,124	491,500,359	979,111,143	4,699,212,093	1,493,460,967	10,570,250,961
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	10,350,365,788	1,524,591,952	2,007,778,967	3,999,669,019	19,196,281,400	6,100,788,050	43,179,475,176

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts for variable interest rate instruments are subject to change depending on the variable interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

### 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

### (d) Derivative financial instruments

The following tables detail the Group's and the Bank's liquidity analysis for derivative financial instruments. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted net cash inflows or outflows from the derivative financial instruments that settle on a net basis and the undiscounted gross inflows or outflows from those derivatives that require gross settlement. The amount payable or receivable is not fixed; the amount disclosed has been determined with reference to the projected interest rates as illustrated by the yield curves existing as at the end of each reporting period.

			The Gro	oup		
	Up to 1 month US\$	1 to 3 months US\$	3 to 12 months US\$	1 to 5 years US\$	Over 5 years US\$	Total US\$
At 30 June 2024						
Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges - (inflow)	-	(258,908)	(3,797,231)	(1,989,890)	-	(6,046,029)
- outflow		27,667	374,786	193,239	<u> </u>	595,692
Net settlement		(231,241)	(3,422,445)	(1,796,651)		(5,450,337)
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)		(950,401)	(14,066,249)	(7,384,236)	<u> </u>	(22,400,886)
			The Gro	oup		
	Up to 1 month US\$	1 to 3 months US\$	3 to 12 months US\$	1 to 5 years US\$	Over 5 years US\$	Total US\$
At 31 December 2023						Total US\$
At 31 December 2023 Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges	1 month	months	months	years	5 years	
	1 month	months	months	years	5 years	
Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges	1 month	months US\$	months US\$	years US\$	5 years US\$	US\$ (13,049,697) 4,573,940
Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges - (inflow)	1 month	months US\$ (345,647)	months US\$ (9,118,378)	years US\$ (3,585,672)	5 years US\$	US\$ (13,049,697)
Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges - (inflow) - outflow	1 month	(345,647) 85,190	(9,118,378) 4,107,172	years US\$ (3,585,672) 381,578	5 years US\$	US\$ (13,049,697) 4,573,940

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

# (d) Derivative financial instruments (continued)

			The E	Bank		
	Up to	1 to 3	3 to 12	1 to 5	Over	
	1 month	months	months	years	5 years	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
At 30 June 2024						
Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges						
- (inflow)	-	(258,908)	(3,797,231)	(1,989,890)	-	(6,046,029)
- outflow	-	27,667	374,786	193,239	-	595,692
Net settlement	<del>-</del> -	(231,241)	(3,422,445)	(1,796,651)	-	(5,450,337)
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)		(950,401)	(14,066,249)	(7,384,236)		(22,400,886)
			The E	Bank		
	Up to	1 to 3	3 to 12	1 to 5	Over	
	Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
						Total US\$
At 31 December 2023	1 month	months	months	years	5 years	
At 31 December 2023 Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges	1 month	months	months	years	5 years	
	1 month	months	months	years	5 years	
Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges	1 month	months US\$	months US\$	years US\$	5 years	US\$
Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges - (inflow)	1 month	months US\$ (345,647)	months US\$ (9,118,378)	years US\$	5 years	US\$ (13,049,697)
Interest rate swap - cash flow hedges - (inflow) - outflow	1 month	months US\$ (345,647) 85,190	months US\$ (9,118,378) 4,107,172	years US\$ (3,585,672) 381,578	5 years	(13,049,697) 4,573,940

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

## 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

- (e) Off-balance sheet items
- (i) Loan commitments and guarantees

The dates of the contractual amounts of the Group's and the Bank's off-balance sheet financial instruments that are committed to extend as credit to customers and other facilities are summarised in tables below:

			The G	roup		
	Up to 1 month US\$	1 to 3 months US\$	3 to 12 months US\$	1 to 5 years US\$	Over 5 years US\$	Total US\$
At 30 June 2024						
Unused portion of overdrafts	255,332,373	-	-	-	-	255,332,373
Bank guarantees	9,538,617	11,811,587	41,920,266	11,810,977	1,721	75,083,168
Letters of credit	1,470,895	1,585,578	7,076,971	-	-	10,133,444
Gross settled (Foreign exchange spot transactions - cash flow hedges)						
- (inflow)	(631,521)	-	-	-	-	(631,521)
- outflow	625,911	-	-	-	-	625,911
Net	(5,610)	_		-		(5,610)
Total	266,336,275	13,397,165	48,997,237	11,810,977	1,721	340,543,375
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	1,094,642,090	55,062,348	201,378,644	48,543,115	7,073	1,399,633,270

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

- (e) Off-balance sheet items (continued)
- (i) Loan commitments and guarantees (continued)

	The Group						
	Up to 1 month US\$	1 to 3 months US\$	3 to 12 months US\$	1 to 5 years US\$	Over 5 years US\$	Total US\$	
At 31 December 2023							
Unused portion of overdrafts	209,854,669	-	-	-	-	209,854,669	
Bank guarantees	10,430,022	10,361,292	30,864,065	15,358,626	-	67,014,005	
Letters of credit	359,681	1,340,203	603,178	-	-	2,303,062	
Gross settled (Foreign exchange spot transactions - cash flow hedges)							
- (inflow)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- outflow	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-	
Net	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-	
Total	220,644,372	11,701,495	31,467,243	15,358,626	-	279,171,736	
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	901,332,260	47,800,607	128,543,688	62,739,987	-	1,140,416,542	

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

- (e) Off-balance sheet items (continued)
- (i) Loan commitments and guarantees (continued)

			The Ba	ank		
	Up to 1 month US\$	1 to 3 months US\$	3 to 12 months US\$	1 to 5 years US\$	Over 5 years US\$	Total US\$
At 30 June 2024						
Unused portion of overdrafts	254,604,208	-	-	-	-	254,604,208
Bank guarantees	9,538,617	11,811,587	41,724,661	11,810,977	1,721	74,887,563
Letters of credit	1,470,895	1,585,578	7,076,971	-	-	10,133,444
Gross settled (Foreign exchange spot transactions - cash flow hedges)					_	_
- (inflow)	(631,521)	-	-	-	-	(631,521)
- outflow	625,911	-	-	-	-	625,911
Net	(5,610)	-		-	-	(5,610)
Total	265,608,110	13,397,165	48,801,632	11,810,977	1,721	339,619,605
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	1,091,649,332	55,062,348	200,574,708	48,543,115	7,073	1,395,836,576

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

## **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

## 39.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

- (e) Off-balance sheet items (continued)
- (i) Loan commitments and guarantees (continued)

	The Bank					
	Up to 1 month US\$	1 to 3 months US\$	3 to 12 months US\$	1 to 5 years US\$	Over 5 years US\$	Total US\$
At 31 December 2023						
Unused portion of overdrafts	209,405,052	-	-	-	-	209,405,052
Bank guarantees	10,430,022	10,361,292	30,730,983	15,358,626	-	66,880,923
Letters of credit	359,681	1,340,203	603,178	<u>-</u>	-	2,303,062
Gross settled (Foreign exchange spot transactions - cash flow hedges)						
- (inflow)	-	-	-	-	-	-
- outflow	<u> </u>	-		<u>-</u>	-	
Net		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
Total	220,194,755	11,701,495	31,334,161	15,358,626	<u>-</u>	278,589,037
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)	899,495,574	47,800,607	128,000,048	62,739,987	_	1,138,036,216

## (ii) Other financial facilities

Other financial facilities are also included above based on the earliest contractual date as disclosed in Note 36(d).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 40. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments comprise of financial assets and financial liabilities as disclosed in Note 39. The Group and the Bank have an established framework and policies which provide guidance concerning the practical considerations, principles, and analytical approaches for the establishment of prudent valuation for financial instruments measured at fair value.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The valuation of financial instruments is determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets or by using valuation techniques based on observable inputs or unobservable inputs. The Management's judgment is exercised in the selection and application of appropriate parameters, assumptions, and modelling techniques where some or all of the parameter inputs are not observable in deriving fair value.

Valuation adjustment is also an integral part of the valuation process. Valuation adjustment is to reflect the uncertainty in valuations generally for products that are less standardised, less frequently traded, and more complex in nature. In making a valuation adjustment, the Group and the Bank follow methodologies that consider factors, such as liquidity, bid-offer spread, and unobservable prices and inputs in the market and uncertainties in the assumptions and parameters.

The Group and the Bank continuously enhance the design, validation methodologies, and processes to ensure reasonable determination of the fair values.

#### **Determination of fair value**

The Group and the Bank classify its financial instruments measured at fair value according to the following hierarchy, reflecting the significance of the inputs in making the fair value measurements:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
  - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; or
  - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in non-active markets; or
  - Inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 One or more inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as Level 1 when the valuation is based on quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are regarded as being quoted in an active market if the prices are readily available from a published and reliable source and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

When fair value is determined using quoted prices of similar assets and liabilities in active markets or quoted prices of identical or similar assets and liabilities in non-active markets, such assets and liabilities are classified as Level 2. In cases where quoted prices are generally not available, the Group and the Bank determine the fair value based on valuation techniques that use market parameters as inputs. Most valuation techniques employ observable market data, including but not limited to, yield curves, equity prices, volatilities, and foreign exchange rates.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as Level 3 if their valuation incorporates significant inputs that are not based on observable market data. Such inputs are determined based on observable inputs of a similar nature, historical observations, or other analytical techniques.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 40. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### **Determination of fair value** (continued)

If prices or quotes are not available for an instrument or a similar instrument, fair value will be established by using valuation techniques or Mark-to-Model. Judgment may be required to assess the need for valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect unobservable parameters. The valuation models shall also consider relevant transaction data, such as maturity. The inputs are then benchmarked and extrapolated to derive the fair value.

The following table shows the fair value of financial assets and liabilities analysed by various levels within the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023:

#### (a) Financial instruments measured at fair value

		The Gro	oup			The Ban	k	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
30 June 2024								
Financial assets								
Financial investments	-	-	189,670	189,670	-	-	189,670	189,670
Derivative financial instruments	-	4,134,655	-	4,134,655	-	4,134,655	-	4,134,655
Total financial assets	-	4,134,655	189,670	4,324,325		4,134,655	189,670	4,324,325
In KHR'000 equivalent (Note 5)		16,993,433	779,544	17,772,977	-	16,993,433	779,544	17,772,977
		The Gr	oup			The Ban	k	
	Level 1	The Gr	oup Level 3	Total	Level 1	The Ban Level 2	k Level 3	Total
	Level 1 US\$			Total US\$	Level 1 US\$			Total US\$
31 December 2023		Level 2	Level 3			Level 2	Level 3	
31 December 2023 Financial assets		Level 2	Level 3			Level 2	Level 3	
		Level 2	Level 3			Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets		Level 2	Level 3 US\$	US\$		Level 2	Level 3 US\$	US\$
Financial assets Financial investments		Level 2 US\$	Level 3 US\$	US\$ 189,670		Level 2 US\$	Level 3 US\$	US\$ 189,670

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers in and out of Level 3 fair value measurement during the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 (31 December 2023: Nil).

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 40. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### **Determination of fair value** (continued)

(a) Financial instruments measured at fair value (continued)

### (i) Derivative financial instruments

As at the reporting date, the Group's and the Bank's derivative financial instruments are valued using the discounted cash flow method and are verified with the interest rate swap providers. Under the discounted cash flow method, future cash flows are estimated based on forward interest rates (from observable yield curves at the end of the reporting period) and contract interest rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.

#### (ii) Financial investments

Financial investments at FVOCI consist of the Bank's investment in CBC with 5% as equity cash investment and 1% through the Association of Banks in Cambodia amounting to US\$153,529 and in SWIFT required by the SWIFT SCRL from all its members amounting to US\$36,141 as at 30 June 2024 (31 December 2023: US\$153,529 and US\$36,141, respectively). There is no gain/loss recognised in other comprehensive income due to fair value approximate the carrying amount. These investments are neither redeemable nor transferable and there is no market for them. The Group and the Bank do not intend to dispose these investments.

#### (b) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

As at the reporting date, the fair values of the financial instruments of the Group and the Bank approximate their carrying amounts.

The estimated fair values are based on the following methodologies and assumptions:

#### (i) Deposits and placements with other banks

Deposits and placements with other banks include current accounts which are non-interest bearing, savings deposits, and short-term deposits. The fair value of deposits and placements with other banks approximates their carrying values as at the reporting date due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments.

### (ii) Financial investments

Financial investments at amortised cost include NCD with the NBC with maturities of less than one year. The fair value of financial investments approximates their carrying values at the reporting date due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments. Debt securities include corporate and government bonds which were valued at amortised cost, and were purchased for the purpose of holding them until maturity and for earning interest.

## (iii) Loans and advances

The fair value of loans and advances is based on observable market transactions. Where observable market transactions are not available, fair value is estimated using valuation models, such as discounted cash flow techniques. Inputs into the valuation techniques include expected lifetime credit losses, interest rates, prepayment rates, and primary origination or secondary market spreads. For collateral-dependent impaired loans, the fair value is measured based on the value of the underlying collateral.

Inputs into the models may include data from third party and information obtained from other market participants, which include observed primary and secondary transactions. Its carrying value approximates fair value as at the reporting date.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 40. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

**Determination of fair value (continued)** 

- (b) Financial instruments not measured at fair value (continued)
- (iv) Deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions and deposits from customers

The fair value of deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions and deposits from customers with maturities of less than one year approximates their carrying amount due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments. While the fair value of deposits and placements of other banks and financial institutions and deposits from customers with remaining maturities of more than one year are expected to approximate their carrying amount since the Group and the Bank offer similar interest rate on the instrument with similar maturities and terms.

The estimated fair value of the deposits and placements with no stated maturities, which includes non-interest bearing deposits, and deposits payable on demand is the amount payable as at the reporting date.

(v) Other financial assets and other financial liabilities

The carrying amounts of other financial assets and other financial liabilities are assumed to approximate their fair values as these items are not materially sensitive to the shift in market interest rates.

(vi) Borrowings, subordinated debts, and lease liabilities

The fair value of borrowings, subordinated debts, and lease liabilities are estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the applicable prevailing market interest rates for borrowings with similar risk profiles. However, only the contractual interest rates, which are confirmed and provided by all lenders, are available as at the reporting date instead of the applicable prevailing market interest rates. The Group and the Bank believe that the effective interest rates were not significantly different with the prevailing market interest rates on the ground that there was no change in interest rates following the lenders' consideration of the Group's and the Bank's credit risk profile as at the reporting date. On this basis, the fair value of borrowings, subordinated debts, and lease liabilities approximates their carrying values as at the reporting date.

#### 41. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's and the Bank's objectives when managing capital, which is a broader concept than the 'equity' on the face of the interim statement of financial position, are:

- To comply with the capital requirement set by the NBC;
- To safeguard the Group's and the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and,
- To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of business.

The NBC requires all commercial banks to i) hold minimum capital requirement, ii) maintain the Bank's net worth of at least equal to the minimum capital, and iii) comply with solvency ratios, LCRs and other prudential ratios.

The tables in the succeeding page summarise the composition of regulatory capital which follows the requirements of the NBC. These amounts are based on the consolidated and separate interim financial statements as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023. The Group in the table below consists of three entities such as ABC ABL and AMM as per the requirement of NBC.

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS AT AND FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

# 41. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

	The Group					
	30 June 2024 US\$	31 December 2023 US\$	30 June 2024 KHR'000 (Note 5)	31 December 2023 KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Tier 1 capital						
Share capital Share premium Retained earnings General reserves based on the NBC Prakas Less: Intangible assets Less: Loans to related parties	433,163,019 11,706,215 226,460,301 524,576,552 (10,522,380) (13,961,009)	433,163,019 11,706,215 210,670,372 524,576,552 (10,761,308) (13,539,928)	1,780,300,008 48,112,544 930,751,837 2,156,009,629 (43,246,982) (57,379,747)	1,769,470,933 47,819,888 860,588,470 2,142,895,215 (43,959,943) (55,310,606) (243,667,105)		
Less: Other losses	(62,825,871) 1,108,596,827	(59,649,230) 1,096,165,692	<u>(258,214,330)</u> 4,556,332,959	4,477,836,852		
Tier 2 complementary capital General provision based on the NBC Prakas Subordinated debts (*) Less: Equity participation in banking or	65,025,627 116,646,542	62,841,294 116,749,256	267,255,327 479,417,288	256,706,686 476,920,711		
financial institutions	(2,010,000)	(2,010,000)	(8,261,100)	(8,210,850)		
	179,662,169	177,580,550	738,411,515	725,416,547		
	1,288,258,996	1,273,746,242	5,294,744,474	5,203,253,399		
			Bank			
	30 June 2024	31 December 2023	30 June 2024	31 December 2023		
	US\$	US\$	KHR'000 (Note 5)	KHR'000 (Note 5)		
Tier 1 capital						
Share capital Share premium Retained earnings General reserves based on the NBC Prakas Less: Intangible assets Less: Loans to related parties	433,163,019 11,706,215 194,396,496 510,741,556 (9,409,183)	433,163,019 11,706,215 182,661,825 510,741,556 (9,829,455)	1,780,300,008 48,112,544 798,969,599 2,099,147,795 (38,671,742)	1,769,470,933 47,819,888 746,173,555 2,086,379,256 (40,153,324)		
	(13,475,305) 1,127,122,798	<u>(13,074,333)</u> 1,115,368,827	(55,383,504) 4,632,474,700	(53,408,650) 4,556,281,658		
Tier 2 complementary capital General provision based on the NBC Prakas Subordinated debts (*) Less: Equity participation in banking or financial institutions	1,127,122,798 63,632,806 116,646,542 (71,312,716)	(13,074,333) 1,115,368,827 61,416,504 116,749,256 (71,312,716)	4,632,474,700 261,530,833 479,417,288 (293,095,263)	4,556,281,658 250,886,419 476,920,711 (291,312,445)		
General provision based on the NBC Prakas Subordinated debts (*) Less: Equity participation in banking or	1,127,122,798 63,632,806 116,646,542	(13,074,333) 1,115,368,827 61,416,504 116,749,256	261,530,833 479,417,288	4,556,281,658 250,886,419 476,920,711		

<sup>(\*)</sup> This represents subordinated debts approved by the NBC to be treated as part of complementary capital and only represent the outstanding principal amount.